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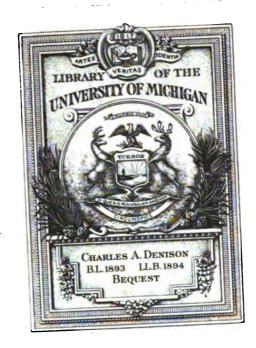
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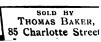
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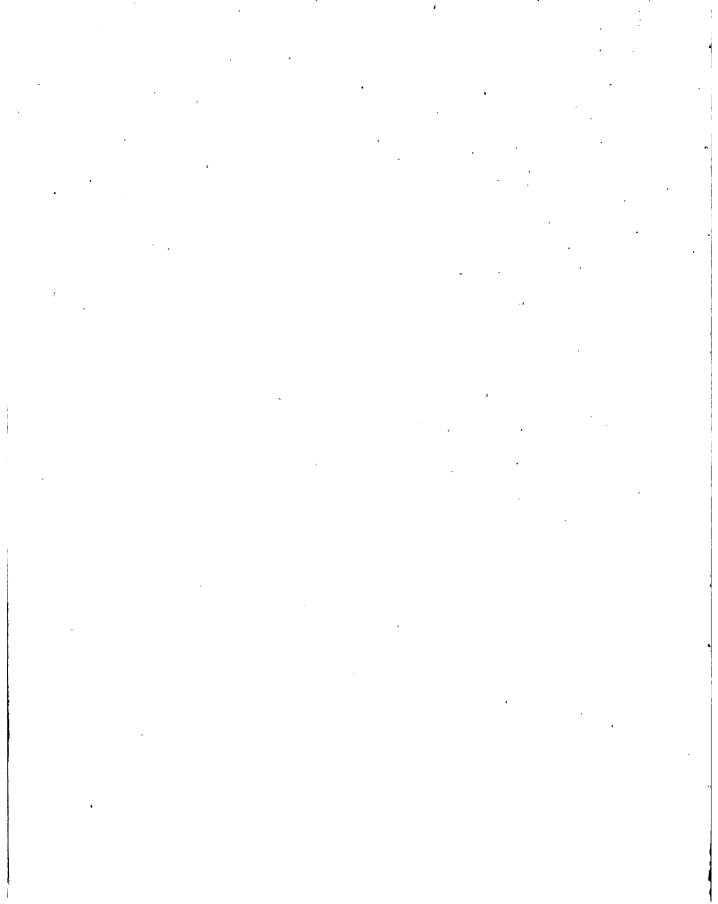




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# ANCIENT LITURGY

OF THE

# Church of Jerusalem,

BEING THE

## LITURGY of St. JAMES,

Freed from all latter Additions and Interpolations of whatever kind, and so restored to it's Original Purity:

By comparing it with the Account given of that LITURGY by

St. Cyril in his fifth Mystagogical Catechism, And with the Clementine Liturgy, &c.

Containing in fo many different Columns,

- I. The Liturgy of St. James as we have it at present, the Interpolations being only printed in a smaller Character.
- II. The same Liturgy without these Interpolations, or the ancient Liturgy of the Church of ferusalem.
- III. St. Cyril's Account of that Liturgy in his Vth Mystagogical Catechism.
- IV. The Clementine Liturgy.
- V. So much of the corresponding Parts of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrysoftons and St. Basil as may serve for illustrating and confirming it.

WITH AN

### English TRANSLATION and NOTES,

AS ALSO

An APPENDIX, containing some other Ancient Prayers,

Of all which an Account is given in the Preface.

Δόταμιν λαθώσα πυςιακήν ή ψυχή μιλίζε είναι θεός,— ἀιὶ — εὐχαρις εσα ἐκὶ κασοι τῷ Θεῷ,— δια Προσφοςῶς. ἀγίας, δια εὐχῆς μακακίας, αἰνεσα, ὑμιεσα, εὐλογώσα, ψάλλυσα, εἰ διοςΚίλαί κολε τε Θεε κατ' ἐδεια καικὸι ἀ τοιάδε ψυχή. Clem. Alex. Strom. vi. p. 797.

LONDON:

Printed by JAMES BETTENHAM. M.DCC.XLIV.

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THE

# PREFACE.

HE Liturgy of St. James is unquestionably one of the most ancient and valuable now any where extant in the Christian Church. That it is the same that was used in the Church of Jerusalem about the Time of the first Council of Nice, will appear to any who will candidly compare it with St. Cyril's Vth Mystagogical Catechism; and we have no reason to doubt that it was so much earlier. It is indeed, as we now have it, very much corrupted (as all the other ancient Liturgies are, the Clementine only excepted) by the Additions that were introduced into the Worship of the Church in After-times: Concerning which see Dr. Hickes's Christian Priesthood, from p. 141, to p. 146. Ed. 3d.

But then upon examining it more attentively, it appeared to me that all these Additions and Interpolations, of whatever kind, might easily be distinguished, and separated from it, and this excellent Liturgy of the Church of *ferusalem* thereby restored to it's original Purity. And this induced me to bestow some Pains in attempting it; presuming that it would not be unacceptable to such as have a

just Regard for Antiquity; and might prove useful.

That all that Part, both of this and the other ancient Liturgies, which precedes the Anaphora, is a latter Addition to the Service of the Church, appears from the Account given thereof by Justin Martyr in his first Apology, from the Clementine Liturgy, and from the 19th Canon of the Council of Landicea: By comparing of which, with other ancient Authorities, we plainly find that the Service of the Church began with reading of the Scriptures, intermixed with Psalmody: After which followed the Sermon. Then the \*See Can. 17.

dispossipation and dispose, the Hearers and Unbelievers being Con. Land.
Bingb. Orig. dismissed, there followed in Order, the Bidding-Prayer of Ecclestast. 1.

xiv. cap. 1, the Deacon, and the Collect of the Bishop, first for the 2, 3.

Cate.

Catechumens: Then after they were dismissed, for the Energumens: And after they were dismissed, for the Competentes, or Candidates for Baptism: And lastly after dismissing them likewise, The 19Can. b for the Penitents. Then all these being dismissed, the Con. Land. makes no Missa Fidelium, or Service of the Faithful, began with the mention of the Energu-Εὐχὴ διὰ σιωπῆς, the filent or mental Prayer, which is the mens, or of the Competences, but of first of the three Prayers mentioned in the Laodicean the Compe-Canon, the fecond and third are said to be δια προσφωνήthe Catechumens and Peσεως; of these two, the first is certainly the προσφώνησις nitents only. υπέρ τῶν πιςῶν, 'the Bidding-Prayer for the Faithful; the · Ap. Conft. 1. viii. c. x. other (according to Mr. Bingham) is the following ἐπίκλησις d or Collect of the Bishop \*: And these are the Edgal xol-4 Ib. c. xi. ναὶ ὑπὲς ἐαυὶῶν—κὰ ἄλλων πανὶαχε πάνὶων, the common Prayers for our felves—and for all others every where, in St. Justin. Then after the Priests washing their Hands, and the Kiss of Peace, and the Μήτις καλά τινος, Let none bave ought against any one; the Deacons brought the  $\Delta \tilde{\omega}_{\xi} \alpha$  the Gifts of the People to the Bishop, to be by him placed on the Altar; and he having prayed secretly by himself, and likewise the Priests, and making the Sign of the Cross, with his Hand, upon his Forehead, fays the Apostolical Constitutions, began the Anaphora, as p. 1, 2.

We have indeed most of the Petitions, at least, of the first of the two above mentioned Prayers διὰ προσφωνήσεως scattered up and down in this preceding Part of the Liturgy of St. James, which I have collected and put in Order in the App. N. i. We have likewise there, what answers to that Bidding-Prayer in l. viii. c. 37. of the Apostolical Constitutions, which I have conjectured to be the second of them, and which I have therefore inserted in the App. N. ii. And three Forms of the Εὐχὴ διὰ σιωπῆς, or silent Prayer; the last of which, being the same with that in St. Basil's Liturgy,

<sup>\*</sup> But fince \*\*mpos φρίστησες properly fignifies calling upon the People to pray, or Bidding-Prayer by the Deacon, and is always so used in the Apostolical Constitutions, and that in Contradistinction to the ἐπίκλησες or Collect of the Bishop; may not this second of the two Prayers δια σερσφατάσεως be understood of such a Bidding-Prayer as we have in Const. Apost. 1 viii c. 37. a Collect by the Bishop being supposed to follow after each of these two Bidding-Prayers, as in the Constitutions, though they be not expressly mentioned in the Canon? So Const. Apost. 1. viii. c. 35. the σερσφατάσεις or Bidding-Prayers of the Deacon for the Catechumens, Energumens, Competentes, and Penitents are mentioned, without taking any Notice of the Collects by the Bishop, which yet, as we are sure from the very Places there referred to, sollowed after every one of them. But I submit this Conjecture to the Judgment of the Reader.

some few Variations excepted, I have also inserted in the App. N. iii. with these Variations below it. And as I am very much inclin'd to fuspect that that Prayer which is entitled Εὐχὴ τῆς ἐνάρξεως has been taken from the Priest's Prayer for the Competentes, to whom, as you will perceive, it very well agrees, only changing προσιβσάν σοι δια τε Χριςε σε την έκκλησίαν σε, into τες δέλες σε τέτες τες προσιόντας τῶ ἀγίω σε Φωτίσματι, and the Pronoun of the first Person into that of the third; fo I have given it a Place in the App. N. iv. And because the very last Prayer in this Liturgy, after the Anaphora, is plainly the Priest's Prayer for the Penitents , I have put ' See it as in it likewise in the App. N. v. p. 673. and as

But what I am concerned with at present is only the from the Peproper Anaphora, or Eucharistical Service, viz. from the nitential of Jo. Jejunator in the App. to Marshall's Sursum Corda, Lift up your Hearts, to the Ite in Pace, Depart in Peace. And the Method I have taken to free Penit. Difc. it from all latter Interpolations of what kind soever, and of fo to restore it to it's primitive Purity, is by comparing it with the Clementine Liturgy, which never having been used in any Church fince it was inferted into the Apostolical Constitutions, has none of those Additions which were afterwards introduced into the other Liturgies, and therefore, as Dr. Hickes justly says, " is the Standard " and Test by which all the others are to be tried: and by com-" paring those with this the Innovations and Additions in After-"times, be they good or bad, will appear." I have also compared it with that Account of the Liturgy of Jerusalem, which St. Cyril gives in his Catech. Myst. Vth. And that you may see all in one View, I have placed, in so many different Columns, 1st, the Liturgy of St. James as we have it at present, the latter Additions being only put in a smaller Character. 2dly, The same Liturgy without these Additions, and so restored to its ancient Purity. 3dly, St. Cyril's Account of it. 4thly, The Clementine Liturgy. 5th, So much of the corresponding Parts of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrysoftom, and St. Bafil, as I thought might serve for illustrating and confirming it. And fince the Syriac Liturgy of St. James, published by Renaudotius, has plainly been taken from the Greek one,

and from the Sursum Corda to the Beginning of the Prayer of Intercession keeps pretty close to it; I have likewise compared them together, and fet down the Differences betwixt them in this Part, fo far at least as I reckon'd it could be of any Use to my Design, in the Notes below the first Column. As for what I have left out or altered in the fecond Col. I have either given my Reasons for so doing in the Notes, or reckoned that they would appear plain enough by comparing it with the third and fourth Columns, and with what. Dr. Hickes has suggested in the Place above referred to. You will likewife observe that in this fecond Col. I have inclosed some Words or Sentences in Hooks, where though I had some Suspicion, more or less, of their not having been originally in it, yet not such as I judged fufficient for leaving them wholly out: I have sometimes taken particular Notice of these in the Notes; and where I have not, it was because I either thought it of too little Moment, or that my Reafon might eafily be conjectured.

I have faid above that the Clementine Liturgy, as never having been any where used, at least fince it was inserted into the Apostolical Constitutions, is in consequence free from all those Additions of whatever kind that were afterwards introduced into the Worship of the Church: And it is so plain and simple, and withal so very decent, in it's Frame and Order, and so exactly agrees with the best and earliest Accounts we have of the holy Eucharist, and of the Manner in which it was then celebrated (as has been fully shewn by the learned Mr. Johnson, Mr. Bingham, and others) that we may well say of it with the excellent Dr. Just. M. Ap. Grabes, Apostolica omnino videtur, certe Antiquissima est, I. p. 127. Note 1. It seems to be really Apostolical, to be sure it is of very great Antiquity. Yet notwithstanding of all this, as learned Men have observed how great Freedoms the Compiler of these Constitutions hath taken in other Instances, with those more ancient Materials out of which

make it the more confistent with the Arian Scheme.

Greek Ch. App. p. 2)2-298.

<sup>\*</sup> We have in my Opinion one very remarkable Instance of this in the "Turos Ewsirds, the Morning Hymn, which he has inserted l. vii. c. 47. under the Title of Ilportux i wsum, Morning Prayer. For besides that the See Dr. Grabe's Proleg. to LXX.

T.i. & I., 4. &c. and Dr. Lee's to T. ii.
Prop. 15, 16, 17. as to the one: And as to the other Grabe's Spicil. Patr.
Sec. 1. p. 283, &c.

Sec. 11. p. 283, &c.
Sec. also Smyth's Account of the fectoric interval and strained to serve an Hypothesis, I mean to

he hath collected them; fo I must acknowledge that I think there is just Ground to suspect that he hath used Freedom even with this Liturgy also, and hath he foisted in some Words and Phrases, Grab. de Forma Consec. and altered others in it. This Liberty he seems chiefly to Euch. p. 79. have taken in that \* long Hymn of Thanksgiving which is introductory to the History of Institution: For (to pass by what may be fuspected as altered in favour of that Scheme which made him, as I have observed, tamper with the Morning Hymn) some of the Compellations he there gives to God feem to be too affected, and to have no Relish of true primitive Simplicity (not to mention the accumulating so many of them together) such as & & acarlagutor no de de otrotor, — n άναεχος γνώσις, ή αίδιος δεασις, ή αγέννητος ακοή, ή αδίδακτος σοφία, όπρώτος τή Φύσει, κὸ νόμος τῷ εἶναι, κὸ κρείτ]ων παντὸς ἀριθμε, without King and without Lord,—Knowledge without Beginning, eternal Sight, unbegotten Hearing, untaught Wisdom, the first by Nature, and the Law of Being, and beyond all Number. Of this Kind also are these in the final Blesting, δ τόποις μη περιξραφόμενος, δ χρόνοις μη παλαιέμενος, δ αιώσι μή περατέμενος, ο γενέσει μή ύποκείμενος, ο Φυλακής μή δεόμενος, ο Φθοράς ανώτερος, δ τροπης ανεπίδεκτος, δ Φύσει αναλλοίωτος, who art circumscribed by no Place, who dost not grow old with Time, who art not terminated by Ages, who art not subject to Generation, who standest in need of no Guard, who art above Corruption, who art uncapable of Change, who by Nature art invariable. There are also some other Particulars in this long Thansgiving which seem not a little suspicious, such as, & —προ πάντων ποιήσας τὰ χερεδίμ—κ) Αγίελες·κ) με α ταῦτα πάντα ποιήσας - του φαινόμενον τέτον κόσμον, συ γαι εί ό τον έρανον ςήσας δ πήξας σερέωμα ό εξαίαιων Φως ό τον χορον των ας έρων εν ερανώ καθαιράψας, who -before all Things dids make the Cherubim-and Angels; and after all thefe didft make-this visible World, - for Thou art He who didst establish the Heaven-who didst fix the Firmament-who didst bring forth the Light—who—didst inscribe the Choir of Stars in the Heaven. For however that Opinion of the Angels being created before any Part of this visible and material World might have been embraced by some

<sup>\*</sup> To judge of the Justness of the Author's Observations, the Learned will have recourse to the Original; the Publisher would only suggest, that the English Reader will find a very good Translation of this Hymn in Dr. Brett's Collection of Lit. p. 2, &c.

of the Fathers in, and after the fourth Century; yet as the Scriptures are altogether filent concerning it, fo neither has it any fufficient Evidence of truly primitive Tradition. On the contrary, as the earlier Fathers believed that they are not pure Spirits, but have something Material in their Constitution, or in other Words have material Vehicles to which they are vitally united, and without which they could not have been τρεπίης Φύσεως, of a convertible Nature, nor confequently capable of falling; and as this must plainly be design'd to fit them for inhabiting a material World, so it must in consequence suppose some Part at least of that material World fitted up before hand for their Inhabitation. They likewise expresly afferted that the Hoff of Angels were created by God to be the subordinate Ministers of his Providence, and that they were accordingly placed from the highest Part τε Φαινομένε of the visible Heavens down even to us, in a gradual Subordination; that they were distributed among, and appointed to have the Charge of the souxeia, the heavenly Bodies (so I understand it here) and the Heavens, of this World, and the Things that are therein, for the good and orderly Administration of Providence. So 1 Clem. Alex. Strom. vii. p. 833. Vid. & that from the Office for which they were created, and in Str. iv. p. 571.
Athenag. Leg. which they were placed, as well as from their Nature (according to the Sense of these excellent Persons) we may conp. 41,96,98, 99. Just. M. Apol. ii. p.11. clude that they were not created before the visible and ma-\* Tert. adv. terial World\*. Nor could any of these Fathers who made Prax. c. 5, 6, 7, 12. Hippol. the perfecta Nativitas of the Logos as προφορικός to be when cont. Noet. C. 10, 11. Iren. God spoke out την προθέραν Φωνην, bis first Word, saying, 1. iv. c. 52. Let there be Light, have believed that the Angels were Vid. 1. ii. c. 2. p. 117. and created before that first Day; for even in this respect the Grabe Not. 8. Clem. Alex. Logos as πεω]ότοκος must have the pre-eminence, and all Str.vi. p.810, Things be made by him. See also what Dr. Bull hath 812,815,866. 1. 13, 14. advanced from Scripture in his xith Sermon, p. 44, &c. to 1 Colof. i. prove that the Angels were a part of the fix Days Creation. An-

<sup>\*</sup> As for the Fall of that Angel who tempted our first Parents, the Account given of it by the early Fa
a Juft. M. Dial. p. 362. Ed. Jebb.

Iren. l. iv. c. 78. l. v. c. 24. Tert.

de Spect. c. 2. de Patient. c. 5. Cyp.

de Bon. Pat. p. 218. de Zel. & Liv.

p. 222.

As for the Fall of that Angel who tempted our first Parents, the Account given of it by the early Fa
thers is, that it was occasioned by his envying the Dignity to which he saw

them advanced: which is certainly more likely in itself than the common

Opinion, and more agreeable to the History in Genesus, chap. iii. where we

see that the Sentence of Condemnation passed against him was, Because them

kast done this thou art cursed.

other Instance is χερσίν ἀνόμων καθασχεθείς ιερέων κὶ ἀρχιερέων • ψευδωνύμων being seized by the Hands of wicked Priests and High-priests See Ap. Comfalsely so called; this seems not to be so agreeable to the 1. viii. ch. 12. Sense and Practice, I do not say of the first Christians of the Church of Jerusalem only, but even of the Apostles themselves, who still kept Communion with the Temple-Worship, as far down at least as the History of the Acts b carries us, nay even to the Martyrdom ch. xxi. 20, of St. James; which certainly they would not have done -27. if they had not believed that the Power of the Priesthood Occas. Com. was still continued (without which the Temple-Service could not, without Sacrilege, have been performed or joined in) and therefore that they were still true Priests, and not ψευδώνυμοι, falsely so called, who ministred therein, how unworthy soever of that sacred Character. Again, — η την κλίσιν— αὐτόμαλον νομισάνλων— ἐκ εἴασας πλανᾶσθαι· ἀλλα ἀναδειξας— Μωϋσην, δι' αὐτε-νόμον δέδωκας,—and had esteemed the Creation—to be the Effect of Chance—thou didst not suffer them to wander in Error; but didst raise up-Moses, and by him didst give the-Law-. Now I very much question if there be any ground to believe that this atheistical Principle had any footing in the World in the Age of Moses. I shall only take Notice of one Passage more, it is, ὁ ποιήσας—ἀέρα ζωδικον προς εἰσπνοὴν κὸ Φωνής ἀπόδοσιν, διὰ γλώτης πλητηθότης τὸν ἀέρα, κὶ ἀκοὴν συνερίθμένην ὑπ' αὐτβ ώς ἐπαίειν εἰσδεχομένην τὴν προσπίπ] εσαν αὐτῆ λαλιὰν, who didft make—the vital Air for breathing, and giving of Sound, by the Tongue striking the Air, and for the Hearing which is affifted by it so as to hear, receiving the Speech that falleth upon it. This is a Description too trivial and minute for the Gravity of a devotional Composure. Other Instances might perhaps be given, but I have mentioned these only to account for what I have faid in Note col. 4. p. 11. Indeed what Bp. Bull fays 's speaking of the Creed which we have in these Constitu- 'Judic. Eccl. Cath. c. 6. tions, l. viii. c. 41. may, I think, be as justly applied to this 5.8. Hymn of Thanksgiving, Illud quidem Libri Auctor (seu potius Interpolator) a capite ad calcem παραφρας ικώς, pro more suo reddit. Author (or rather Interpolator) of this Book hath paraphrased it, after bis ordinary Manner, from beginning to end. But he does not seem to have taken so great Freedom with the other Parts of this Liturgy, for

for from these Words in the End of this long Thanksgiving, Μεμνημένοι &ν ων δι ήμᾶς ὑπέμεινε, εὐχαρις βμέν σοι, θεὲ πανθοκράτορ, ἐχ ὅσον ὀΦείλομεν, ἀλλ' ὅσον δυνάμεθα, κὰ τὴν διάταξιν αὐτε πληρεμέν, ἐν ἡ γὰρ νυκτὶ, &c. We therefore in Commemoration of these things which he endured for us, give Thanks to Thee, O almighty God, not as we ought, but as we are able, and fullfil his Institution. For in the same Night that he was, &c.

• Ap.1.p.131. (to which Dr. Grabe thinks Justin Martyr has alluded)

Note 3. from these Words forward, I say, I can observe but very little that can reasonably be suspected. One Particular I have already mentioned in the sinal Blessing, and where I have not wholly omitted them, have inclosed, at least, most of the others in Hooks, one or two of which I have also taken Notice of in the Notes.

But to return to the Liturgy of St. James. From the Sursum Corda, Lift up your Hearts, to the End of the Prayer of Intercession, all that can be suspected in it as latter Additions were easily removed, without any the least Breach of the Coherence, or so much as Alteration of the grammatical Construction; on the contrary, they rather interrupt the Connexion, which is much more plain and natural without them. There is indeed one manifest Omission almost in the very Beginning of it, which I have supplied from the Syriac and St. Cyril, all the other Liturgies also agreeing therein; and one at least, if not two, in the Prayer of Intercession, both which I have mentioned in the Notes. I have likewise in the apostolical Salutation, immediately before the Sursum Corda, turned Oe8, God, into Yi8, Son, upon the Authority of the other Liturgies, the Sense also requiring it. p. 10. I have added & seaves vi, the Heaven and, and a little below in the same Page have inserted  $k_1$ , and, and again, p. 18. have put  $k_2$ , and, for  $\delta$ , who, all from the Syriac. And p. 50. I have inferted  $\tau \tilde{\eta}_s$ πόλεως ήμων ταύτης, this our City, from the Liturgies of St. Chryfoftom and St. Mark. These are all the Alterations I have made in this Part, to which I have only added a few Conjectures in the Notes. But after the Prayer of Intercession I have been obliged, in one or two Places, to take a little more liberty; but I hope the Reasons given in the Notes for my doing so will satisfy the candid and judicious Reader.

From what I have set down in the vth Col. from the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrysoftom, and St. Bafil (to which I might have added many other Liturgies from Renaudotius's Collection, but that I reckoned these sufficient, as being, next to this, the most ancient and of greatest Authority) may be seen the wonderful Harmony and Agreement that is among them all in the following Particulars, viz. (after the Peoples bringing their Oblations to the Priest, and his presenting them on the Altar) in the Sursum Corda, Lift up your Hearts, with the Peoples Response Habemus ad Dominum, We lift them up unto · the Lord; in the Thanksgiving introductory to the Words of Institution, and the Peoples joining with the Priest in the 'Επινίκιον (as the Greeks called it) or Seraphick Hymn, Holy, Holy, &c. which always made a part of it; in rehearing the History of the Institution; in the Prayer of Oblation, or folemn Offering the Bread and Cup as the Antitypes of the Body and Blood of Christ, in Commemoration of his Death and Passion; in the Invocation for the Descent of the holy Ghost upon them, to make them that very Body and Blood (as the instituted Representatives of which they had been just before offered up) to make them, I say, by a mysterious Change, though not in their Substance, yet at least in their Qualities, that very Body and Blood in Energy and life-giving Power, by which their Consecration is fully completed: In the Intercession in Virtue of this commemorative Sacrifice, in which there was always a Commemoration of and Prayer for the Dead: In the παράθεσις, or Commendatio. f, See Bingh. Or. Ecc. 1.xv. befeeching God to fanctify their Souls and Bodies, and make c. 3. §. 29. them worthy to communicate in these sacred Mysteries: In the  $\tau \hat{\alpha}$ άΓιωτοϊς άγίοις, Holy Things for holy Persons, with the Peoples Response Ele assoc, &c. There is One boly, &c. In the Thanksgiving after communicating: In the final Benediction: And in the Dismission by the Deacon, Ite in Pace, Depart in Peace. Concerning all which see Mr. Bingham's Orgin. Eccles. B. xv. of the Missa Fidelium, Mr. Johnson's Unbl. Sacr. and Dr. Hickes's Christian Priesthood. Now these Things wherein they thus agree with the Clementine Liturgy, and with one another, and are moreover supported by the Testimonies of the primitive Fathers (as these learned Gentlemen, and others, have shewn)

See Dr. Wake's Difcourse on the Apost Fathers translated by him, p. 102.

we may justly reckon to be of apostolical Originals, and as Dr. Hickes fays, "the confentient Doctrine and Practice of " the ancient Catholick Church."

It is true indeed the Roman Missal, as it is very short and and Dr. Bull's defective in the Hymn of Thanksgiving, in comparison of Serm. xiii. p. the other Liturgies, having no such express Mention of the 549. P. 553. Creation of the World, and of Man in particular, and of our Redemption by Christ, as they have, and ending with the Thrice Holy, whereas in them it is continued on to, and connected with the History of Institution; and likewise in the Prayer of Intercession, the one part of which, such as it is, is placed before the History of Institution, and the other after the Oblation: So it has no direct Invocation for the Descent of the Holy Ghost upon the Eucharistick Elements, which the Lunbl. Sacr. learned Mr. Johnson h thinks was first laid aside by that Part 2. P.179. Church about the latter End of the vith Century. But then this Prayer of Invocation is supported by such clear Testimonies of the Fathers, as well as by the Concurrence of all the other Liturgies, that there can be no reasonable Ground to doubt of its apostolical Original: To pass by all the other Testimonies adduced by Mr. Johnfon, Mr. Bingham, and others, that of Irenæus (who unquestionably must have received it, not only from the Practice of his Predecessor Pothinus, but also of his Master St. Polycarp, who being ordained Bishop of Smyrna by the Apostles themselves, must have been taught it directly from them) is sufficient to assure us of this: His Testimony produc'd in col. v. p. 43. from the Fragment published by Pfaffius is a clear Evidence of it; and exactly agrees with, and explains what he fays l. iv. cont. Hæres. c. 34. p. 327. where, by the by, the Reading in the Greek Ennlyou which Dr. Grabe took to be an Error for ลัสโมมาชาง, the Word ordinarily used for it by others, and even by Irenæus himself, (l. i. c. 9. p. 57.) is confirmed from the same Word enxads men being used here likewise; and their agreeing in this very Word, which I think is hardly to be met with elsewhere, as applied to this Purpose, is also a farther Confirmation of the Genuineness of this Fragment.

As for the Gallican Liturgies published by Mabillon, they Jehn fon's Unbl. Sacr. part 2. p 146. are but imperfect Fragments, and of no great Antiquity k. Dedwel on How-Incenfe.

However, fince even in some of them, imperfect as they are, we have this Prayer of Oblation and Invocation still remaining, this is fufficient to shew that as it has been originally received by them, so it was not even then quite fallen into Desuetude. To give but one Instance: In the 20th Office, viz. Missa in Cathedra S. Petri Apostoli, we have Post Mysterium [i.e. after can. the Words of Institution] this Prayer, Hec igitur precepta servantes, sacrosancta Munera nostræ salutis offerimus, obsecrantes ut immittere digneris Spiritum tuum sanctum super hæc Solemnia: ut fiat nobis legittima Eucharistia in tuo, Filique tui nomine, & Spiritus Sancti, in Transformatione Corporis ac Sanguinis Domini nostri Jesu Christi Unigeniti tui, edentibus nobis vitam æternam, regnumque perpetuum conlatura bibentibus. Per ipsum Dominum. That it has been used also in the Churches of Spain is evident from the Testimony of Isidore, cited by Mabillon - Porro fexta [Oratio] proinde fuccedit - DeLit.Gall. Confirmatio Sacramenti, ut Oblatio quæ Deo offertur, sanc- p. 10. tificata per Spiritum Sanctum, Christi Corpori & Sanguini confirmetur. Agreeably to which in the Mozarabick Missal we have, in the Office In Nativitate Domini, this Prayer, post Pridie; Hæc Domine dona tua & præcepta servantes, in Altare tuum Panis ac Vini bolocausta proponimus, rogantes profuissimam tuæ misericordiæ pietatem, ut in eodem Spiritu, quo te in carne Virginitas incorrupta concepit, bas hostias Trinitas indivisa sanctificet: ut cum a nobis fuerit non minori trepidatione quam veneratione percepta, quicquid contra animum male vivit intereat; quicquid interierat nullatenus reviviscat. R. Amen.

How I have succeeded in this Attempt on the Liturgy of St. James must be left to the Judgment of the Reader. I have taken all the Care I could, as on the one hand not to leave out or alter any thing, but what, as appeared to me, I had a reasonable Ground for; so on the other not to retain any thing that could be justly liable to Suspicion: And thus far, I presume, I may safely say, that as it is here freed from the Inventions and Additions of latter Ages, it is a most noble Liturgy; exactly agrees in all it's Parts with the Form and Order of the Clementine, and with the Accounts we have from St.

Cyril and other ancient Fathers of the primitive Manner of celebrating the Christian Sacrifice; and well deserves to be universally received, both on account of its intrinsick Excellency, and of its venerable Antiquity for which it is so greatly regarded as well in the Latin as in the Greek Church.

P. S. The Reader will observe that the same Notes serve both for the Greek and English; and are referred to in both by the same Marks.

The Publisher having defired of the Rev. Mr. B. to ask the Judgment of his Father T. B. I.L. D. about the Passage in Mr. Johnson's Book here refer'd to, the Answer is laid before the Reader (with Mr. B.'s full Consent) in that late learned and pious Doctor's own Words. As to Mr. --- 's Question, I can say but little more than I have done formerly in my Book called The necessary Use of Tradition to understand the holy Scriptures, where, from Pag. 100. to the End of that Treatise, I have given, what I think, Reasons sufficient to satisfy unprejudiced Persons, that there was no written Liturgy used in any Church before the latter End of the fourth Century or Beginning of the fifth. Le Brun has confirmed me in this Opinion, who not only urges the same Arguments I borrowed from Renaudot, but also observes that during the Dioclesian Persecution, which continued until the Beginning of the fourth Century, the Bishop Traditors when they delivered up the sacred Vessels, answered, that they were not Keepers of those Books, they were in the Custody of the Readers; and then observes that the Readers had only the boly Scriptures, the Liturgies or Forms of administring Sacraments being performed by only the Bishops and Priests. And if they had any Liturgical Books they would have delivered them up, as well as they did the facred Vessels. He also proves that the Bishops and Priests, even after the Liturgical Books were written, were obliged by Canon in some Places to have all the Forms by Heart, and not to use any Book, when they administred a Sacrament. He also proves from a Letter of Pope Innocent to Decentius Bishop of Eugubium, An. 416, that there was at that Time no written Liturgy in the Church of Rome. For that Bishop having consulted the Pope concerning the ministring of the Sacraments, and particularly at what Time the Pax was to be given, the Pope answers, " Pacem igitur asseris ante confecta mysteria quosdam populis im-" pertiri, imperare; vel sibi inter Sacerdotes tradere, cum post omnia, quæ aperire non " debeo, pax sit necessario indicenda." Wby, says le Brun, should be be afraid to discover what was in the Canon, if it was already written, and so easy to be seen? And at the Conclusion of the Letter be writes, "Reliqua vero quæ scribi fas non erat, cum adfueris, interrogati " poterimus ediscere." But sure if there had been then a written Canon, it would not have been a Crime for the Pope to bave sent a Copy of it to a Bishop. It could have been no greater Offence to have written it than to have imparted it by Word of Mouth. However, in the Time of Pope Leo, that is about the Year 440, Le Brun finds the Liturgy mentioned as a written Form. From whence he infers that it was first permitted to he written between the Years 416 and 440. But then be observes that Pope Innocent and others teach that this Prayer of Consecration, though not suffered to be written, was derived from St. Peter, and preserved by eral Tradition, and was known only to the Initiated That Justin Martyr, Irenæus, Tertullian, Cyprian, Cyril of Jerusalem, all speak of a Prayer by which God is desired to make the Bread and Wine the Body and Blood of Christ, but none of them pretend to tell you, the Form of Words used

used for that purpose. Since the Liturgies were written, we see the Form in all those that can be called ancient, to be the same in Sense, though different in Words, as whatever is banded down by oral Tradition only, will be. Le Brun observes that the only Difference between the Roman and Eastern Liturgies is, that the Eastern Liturgies have placed this Invocation after the Words Hoc est Corpus, &c. and the Roman places it before those Words. This he says was the Order they learned from St. Peter, who berein exactly followed what our Saviour did, who first blessed and brake, and then said, Take, eat, this is my Body, &c. But the other Apostles taught their Disciples first to pronounce the Institution, and then to pray for the Elements that they might be changed into the Body and Blood of Christ. In all the Liturgies the Words of Institution are pronounced, and the Invocation; this is all that appears uniform and essential. But it seems Mr. Johnson has observed, that the Roman Missal had an express Invocation for the Descent of the boly Ghost in the fifth Century, because Pope Gelasius says, In hanc, scilicet in divinam tranfeunt, Spiritu Sancto perficiente, Substantiam, and bence supposes this express Invocation of the boly Ghoft was laid afide by Pope Gregory in the fixth Century. But le Brun, though I believe be never beard of Mr. Johnson's Book, has obviated this Objection, and has produced several Authors as low as the ninth Century, who have written on the Roman Canon, and all speak of the Bread and Wine being made the Body and Blood by the Operation of the Holy Ghost. I will transcribe one Instance from Florus of Lyons, called for bis great Learning Magister, be expounds the Words Quam oblationem tu Deus, &c. Oratur Omnipotens Deus, ut oblationem suis sacris altaribus impositam, & tantum precibus commendatam, ipse per virtutem Spiritus descendentis ita legitimam & persectam Eucharistiam efficiat. From these Words of Florus there is certainly as much Reason to believe there was an express Invocation for the Descent of the Holy Ghost in the ninth Century, as we have from the Words of Gelasius to believe it was in the fifth. This Invocation is implied in the Words of the present Missal, and it does not appear any other Invocation was used in the Time of Pope Gelasius.

Springgrove, Friday, Jan. 20. 1741.

And in another Letter—that he still believed with Renaudot and le Brun, that there was no written Liturgy for the public Use of any Church, until the latter End of the ivth, or Beginning of the vth Century.—That a [very Rev. and] learned Gentleman was of Opinion written Liturgies were much older, and that of Rome as old as any. But (faid the Dr.) whether - or I are right, both are equally of Opinion, that the Church of Rome never had a more express Petition for the Descent of the Holy Ghost than she has at present. And in this, every Reader will judge for himself. But as these Sheets may probably fall into the Hands. of some, who have never seen that laborious Work of Pere le Brun, here referred to by Dr. B. so the following Passage will let such Readers see in what Esteem that learned Gentleman holds St. James's Liturgy. "S'il sufisoit qu'une Liturgie ne fût pas désectueuse pour s'abstenir d'en admettre quelque autre, on auvoit pû conclure qu'il ne devoit y avoir nulle 66 part d'autre Liturgie que celle de Saint Jâque, que n'est pas défectueuse, & qui est la plusse ancienne de toutes, puisque c'est celle de Jerusalem, où le Christianisme a pris naissance, \* & où par consequent les Apôtres ont célébré les divins Mysteres." Defense de l'ancien Sentiment sur la Forme de la Consecration de l'Eucharistie, &c. Par le R. P. Le Brun Pretre de l'Oratoire, a Paris 1727. avec Aprobations & Privilege du Roy. The Sense of these Words, which cannot well be literally translated, is, If a Liturgy's being complete and perfect without any Defett were a sufficient Reason not to admit the Use of any other, one might conclude, that no other Liturgy ought to be used in any Place but that of St. James, which is no ways defective, and which is the most ancient of all, fince it is that of Jerusalem, where Christianity was first estalished, and consequently where the Apostles celebrated the divine Mysteries.

I would now only inform the Readers, that after I had procured from the Compiler, now with God, a Copy of the following Performance, and obtain'd his Consent to make it

public, provided any competent Judge, who would submit to peruse it with care, should think it worthy; I had the Pleasure to find a Gentleman in London every way well sitted for the Talk, who very kindly undertook it. His great Modelty and Diffidence of himself made him ask my Allowance to impart the MS to two others, whom he was pleased to call fitter Judges; from which, however, I begg'd to be excused, at least till he should throughly fatisfy himself, and savour me with his own Opinion. In the mean time I acquainted my Friend with this Proposal, who, in his Answer to me (dated Annunt. of the blessed Virg. 1743.) faid — " As to the MS, I am intirely of your Mind, that the Gentleman to whom 46 you have committed it, should in the first Instance carefully peruse it himself, and give " his own Judgment of it, which after he has done I shall be glad to know. The Copy es of Lit. 7a. which I made use of, is that published by Fabricius among his Apocryphale es of the New Testament. That of Lit. Mar. is both there and in the first Vol. of Rees naudotius's Collection of Oriental Liturgies. Those of Chrysoft. and Basil in Goar's Eu-66 chology; and the Clementine in the Apost. Constit. The Syriac Lit. Ja. is both in 66 Fabric. and Renaud. I have cited but few of the Fathers, that having been sufficiently 46 done before by Mr. Jebníon, &c. The Edit, of Cyril I made use of is that published by "Tho. Milles at Oxon. 1703. Just. Mart. Ap. 1. Ed. Grabe, Dialog. Ed. Jebb. Apol. 2. "Ed. Hutchinson, Ox. 1703. Iren. Ed. Grabe. Athenagor. Ed. Dechair, Ox. 1706. Clem. 46 Alex. Ed. Potter, Ox. As for Tertullian, I refer to the Chapters which are the same in " all the Editions; and so are the §s of Ignatius's Epistles. I have also cited Mabillon de " Liturg. Gallic. in the End of the Preface, Edit. Paris 1729. The Fragment of Irenews, " published by *Pfassius*, is not only to be found there, but also in *Fabricius*, Ed. of *Hip*-" polytus, vol. 2. p. 64. Mr. Johnson has published it also in his Vol. II. of his Unbl. Sacr. Pref. p. 7, and 8. I have also once cited Origen cont. Celf. Ed. Spencer, Cantabrig. 1658. and st. Atbanas. Ed. Colon. the Pages of which, as far as I have observed, answer to that of "the Paris Edit. fo that he will find the Place refer'd to in either of them; it begins " thus — ப் வீர் அடில் அவ்சியை ச சிரி ஒர்க மி வ்சிழன்கள ஒடிடு idenfeas, &c. It is in English to this Purpole; But above all bis Creatures bere on Earth he was most abundant in bis " Mercy to Mankind; for confidering that they were not able to subsist for ever by the "Condition of their own Nature, he freely bestowed on them something greater than it, 44 and did not fimply create them as he did all the brute Animals upon Earth, but made them after his own Image, imparting to them even of the Power of his own Logos, &c. These Books he will easily come at, and they will be as easily consulted. I have taken "the Clem. Lit. for the Standard—and followed Dr. Hickes's Rule.—I am persuaded that worthy Gentleman you mention, notwithstanding his Modesty, will be a sufficient " Judge of that small Performance, if he think it worth his while to examine it."—And upon the 17th of July 1743, I received a Letter from the worthy Gentleman in whose Hands the MS then was, in which he faid, - I finished the Perusal of Lit. Jac. the Week " after I returned from Kent, and have found no room to alter the Opinion I at first con-66 ceived of it: It is in my Opinion a judicious and accurate Performance; the learned " (but, alas! much to be lamented) Author, having made use of the only best Method, as I think, to purge it of later Interpolations and Corruptions, and establish the genuine " Readings upon the best Authorities the Nature of the Thing is capable of. The Trans-Lation is indeed close, but just and expressive; I had some Doubts about a few Words. but upon further Examination was fatisfied; and as to the Orthography of the Greek "one shall rarely meet with any thing in Manuscript so accurate; in a Word, 'tis a " valuable Piece of Learning, and Christian, Primitive Antiquity." And such, 'tis hoped. it will appear to every judicious and candid Reader.—Some particular Account and Character of the excellent Author, together with some other of his Researches into primitive Christianity, may some time be offered to the Publick.

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#### ERRATA.

In the Preface, p. iv. lin. 21. lag. as p. 2, 3. Ibid. p. xiii. l. 21. /. profusifimam. P. 3. c. 1. 1. 9. 1. pusayeyand p. 4. c, ι. l. 10. L year in majoscolis, que in smaller Characters, p. 5. c. 1. l. 24. L year in different Characters. lb. l. 41. L διαλλάγηθο p. 9. c. 2. after 1. 5. add Priest. p. 29. c. 2 1. 14. 1. these p. 30. .e. 1. 1. 8. 1. Eiç p. 35. c. 3. l. 12. l. ayíois p. 38. c. 2. l. 14. after unigbas add n p. 42. c. 2. l 32. l. p. 74. p. 43. c. 1. l. 20. l. p. 47. p. 44. c. 1. l. last read World."

р. 50. с. 1. l. 13. l. а́хада́етыя Ib. l. 24. /. κατάςγησοι Ib. c. 2. 1. 5. instead of \* read 2 Ib. 1. 17. instead of a, read b, and instead of b, r. c. Ib. 1. 24. instead of c, read d.

p. 54. c. 1. l. 8. l. ανοίγεις. ib. l. 15. l. ταύτας, l. 23. l. αμεμαθον. l. 28. l. αναθειαςχών Ib. c. z. l. 15. l. ayíais Ib. 1. 20. 1. σεροσεπε κώθων p. 57. C. I. 1. 25. 1. Sugia, p. 58. c. a. l. 4. l. ayasis Ib. add in the Marg. See Clem. Alex. p. 793. р. 59. с. 2. 1. 11. 1. хатпхирия p. 62. c. 2. 1. 9. L autos Ib. l. 24. 1. 2 p. 66. c. t. 1. 4. 1. Diaconus Ib. 1. 18. 1. Zworoid Ib. 1.43. instead of p. 78. r. p. 82. p. 70. c. 1. 1. 15. l. χίλιαι. Ib. l. 28. penult. word l. wasar p. 87. c. 2. l. 29. l. oaili p. 103. C. I. l. 13. /. inavrii p. 105. c. 2. l. 9. L and good" in small Characters. Ib. marg. Note at the foot of the page 1. 1. 1. pulloquers, p. 117. marg. Note 1. Testimonies for the Mixture. p. 118. c. 1. l. 28. /. Imprisonments,

### THE

# ANCIENT LITURGY

OF THE

CHURCH of Jerusalem, &c.

The present Liturgy of St. James.

The ancient Liturgy of the Church of Jerusalem.

### Sacerdos.

Τ΄ Α Γάπη τε \* πυςίω ως " Παρος, ή χαςις τε \* πυςίω ως " \* 9εε" κ ή κοινανία \* ως ή δωρια" τε αχίε Πνεύμα Θ είη με α πάν ων \* ήμων". <sup>a</sup> Sacerdos.

† Η Α΄ Απη τε Παθρός, ή χάμις τε Υτιε, κ ή κοινωνία τε άγιε Πνεύμα] Ο είν μελα πάνλων ύμων.

Populus. Καὶ με α τε πνεύμα ος σε.

συ. . Καὶ μελα τῶ πνεύμαλός συ.

Sacerd.

"Ava र ज्यामा रक्षे ग्रे" रवेड स्ट्रिशंबद्ध

\* Deeft Lit. Syriac. Jacobi Edit. Renaudot.

De Lit. Syriac.

Sacerd.

Populus.

"Ανω τὰς καρδίας ‡.
"Εχομεν πρὸς τὰ κύριον ||.

Sacerd.

Έυχαριςήσωμεν τῷ κυρίφ.

- Lege ὑιῦ, Son, as in Lit. Syr.

  De Lit: Syr.

  L. ὑμῶν, you, as in Lit. Clem. Chryf. and Baf. though Lit. Syr. has also nobis, us, but then in it the People answer to this only Amen.

  De Lit. Syr.

  Pop. Habemus ad Dominum.
  - Lit. Syr. Pop. Habemus ad Dominum.
    Sac. Gratias agamus Domino Deo nostro.
    Peop. We lift them up unto the Lord.
    Priest. Let us give thanks unto the Lord our God.

\* We have fill in Lit. Jac. (though thrust out of it's due Place, and put into that Part of it which precedes the Anaphora, and which is but a later Addition to the Service of the Church) p. 52. Ed. Fabric. inter Apocryph. Nov. Test. Diac. Μή τις τῶν καθυχωμένων μή τις τῶν αμυήτων μή τις τῶν μη δυσαμένων ημῶν συνδιηθηναι' ἀλλήλως ἐκίρωθε τὰς θύρας, [add from Lit. Clem. + Μή τις καθά τυθ· μή τις ἐν ὑποκείστι.] Ορθοὶ κάθλως, add from p. 57. καθμω μιθὰ φόδω θιῶ κὰ καθωνόξεως, and from Lit. Clem. κεροσφέρεω. Deacon. Let none of the Catechumens; let none of the Uninitiated; let none of the Catechumens. Keep the Doors.

Know one another. Keep the Doors.

### St. Cyril in Catech. Myst. V.

\*Ευράκα]: Τὸ Διάκονοι τὸν νίψασθαι διδόν]α τῷ "Isρεῖ, κὴ τοὰς κυκλῶσι τὸ θυσιας άχιοι Πρισθυθέροις ——ὰ ἦκυσας τῷ μακαςίκ Δαθιδ αὐτὸ τῷτο μος κορῶθΦ. κὴ λέθοθΦ.

Τίψομαι εν άθώοις τὰς χειράς με, κὶ κυκλώσω τὸ θυσιας ήριόν σε Κύριε.

-- Εἶτα βοῖ ὁ ΔιάκοΦ,
 ἀλλήλες ἀπολά
Θέἶε, χὰ ἀλλήλες ἀ
σπαζώμεθα .

—Μελατέτο βος ὁ Ἱερεὺς,
Ανω τὰς καρδίας.

Είτα ἀποιείνησθο, "Εχομεν πρός τον Κύριον.

—Είτα δ Ίσους ΧίΓυ, Ευχαρισήσωμεν τῷ Κυρίῳ.

<sup>a</sup> This I suppose was faid by the Bishop and Presbyters while they washed their Hands. See Lis. Chryf. Ed. Goar. p.60.

brought the dues, Gifts, to the Bishop at the Al-

The Clementine Liturgy.

Part of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrysoftom and St. Bafil.

+ Lit. Chrys. and Basil.

Sacerdos.

Η Χάρις τῶ παντοκράτορ Θ. Θεῦ, κὰ ἡ ἀγάπη τῶ Κυρίυ ἡμῶν Ἰησῶ Χριςῶ, κὰ ἡ κοινωνία τῶ ἀγίυ Πνεύμαθός ἐςω μέθὰ πάνθων ὑμῶν.

Populus.

Και μεία τε πνεύμαίς συ.

Sacerdos.

\*Ayw 7 ywy.

Pop.

Έχομεν πρός του Κύριου.

Sacerd.

Έυχαριτήσωμεν τῷ Κυρίῳ.

In Lit. Jac. the Kiss of Peace followed after the Priests washing their Hands, as we learn from St. Cyril; but in this Lit. it preceded it, for it begins thus. Diac. Height Lat us attend. Sacrada.

Sacerdos.

Η Χάρις τε κυρίε ημών 'Ιητε Χριστε, κ η αγάπη τε θεε κ καιρός, κ η κοινωνία τε άγιε πνεύμα . είη μελά πάνλων ύμων.

Populus.

Καὶ με α τε πνεύμα ος σε.

‡ Lit. Mar. 'Aνω ήμῶν τὰς καςδίας. Lit. Chrys. and Basil. 'Ανω χῶμεν τὰς καρδίας.

So also Lit. Mar. Chrys. and Bas.
Pop.

Έχομαν προς τ Κύριον.

Sacerd.

Έυχαρισήσωμεν τῷ Κυρίφ.

† St. Cypr. de Orat. Dom. p. 152.
Sacerdos Surfum Corda.
Plebs — Habemus ad Dominum.
Priest — Lift up your Hearts.
People We lift them up unto the Lord.

The present Liturgy of St. James.

The ancient Liturgy of the Church of Jerusalem.

Priest.

THE Love of the Lord and Father, the Grace of the Lord and God", and the Communion and the Gift of the holy Ghoft be with us all.

Priest.

+ THE Love of the Father, the Grace of the Son, and the Communion of the holy Ghost be with you all.

People, And with thy Spirit.

Priest.

Let us" lift up "our mind and" Hearts.

People.

And with thy Spirit.

Priest.

Lift up your Hearts ‡.

People.

We lift them up unto the Lord [].

Priest.

Let us give thanks unto the Lord.

[— † Let none have sught against any one. Let none come in Hypocrify.] Let us all stand upright, — with Reverence and godly Fear — to offer.

+ St. Murk xi. 25. St. Ignatius Epift. ad Tral. 4. 8. Mudil; vipon rala tu annow ti exitu. Let none of you have ought against his Neighbour.

" I have inferted this Benediction and Response (though not mentioned by St. Cyril) because it is also in Lit. Clem. Chrys. and Bas. instead of which Lit. Mar. has here, Sacerd. 'O Κύρι Φε μελεί πάθων. Pop. Kal μελεί τῶ πτοθμαθές σα. Priest. The Lard be with you als. Peop. And with thy Spirit. It followed immediately after the Priest's placing the δῶρα Gifts on the Altar.

St. Cyril in Catech. Myst. V.

You saw the Deacon holding Water to the Bishop and to the Presbyters who stood about the Altar.—Did you not hear the blessed David teaching you this Mystery, and saying.

Will wash my Hands in Innocency, and so will I compass thine Altar, O Lord.

-Then the Deacon calls out,

Embrace one another, and let us kiss one another b.

-Then the Priest calls out,

Lift up your Hearts.

—Then you answer,

We lift them up unto the Lord.

-Then the Priest says,

Let us give thanks unto the Lord.

tar, for St. Gril adds —
σημείον— ές ι το φίλημα τῶ
σιαπεαθήναι τὰς ψυχὰς,
κ) πάσαν ἐξοςίζεν μυποιπαπίαν. διὰ τῶτο ὁ Χειτὸς
ἔλείν, ἐκὶ προσφέρκι τὸ δῶρόν συ ἐκὶ θυσιακτέριον, κ)
μυποθής— πεῶτον διαλλά-

The Clementine Liturgy.

Priest.

of almighty
God, and the Love
of our Lord Jesus
Christ, and the
Communion of the
holy Ghost be with
you all.

People.

And with thy Spirit.

Prieft.

Lift up your Mind.

People.

We lift it up unto the Lord.

Priest.

Let us give thanks unto the Lord.

cerd. 'H siphrn to Die psila máilus vipūr. The Peace of God he with you all. Pop. Kai psila to mriúpaló, ou. And with thy Spirit. Diac. 'Aomácaoda addidus in pidipals ayin. Salute ye one anathen

Part of the Liturgles of St. Mark, St. Chrysoftom, and St. Baff.

Lit. Chrys. and Bas.

Priest.

THE Grace of our Lord Jesus Christ, and the Leve of God and the Father, and the Communion of the holy Ghost be with you all.

People.

And with thy Spirit.

‡ Lit. Mar. Let us lift up our Hearts. Lit. Chrys. and Basil. Let us lift up our Hearts. || So also Lit. Mar. Chrys. and Bas.

People.

We lift them up unto the Lord

We lift them up unto the Lord.

Priest.

Let us give thanks unto the Lord.

The present Liturgy of St. James.

The ancient Liturgy of the Church of Jerusalem.

Pop.

"तर्भा में ठींमळाग.

Sacerd.

\*Ως αληθώς αξίον ές ι κો δίκαιον, πρέπου τε κો έφειλόμενον σε αίνειν, σε υμνείν σε ευλογείν, σε προσκυνείν , σε δοξο-

Do Lit. Syr. & σε εύλογοῦν ut—te benedicamus, to bhis Thee, is put before σε ύμειῦν, te celebremus, to fing Hymns to Thee, [or to celebrate Thee.]

Pop.

Αξιον καὶ δίκαιον.

Sacerd.

So in the Truco Endiros Morning Hymn (at the end of the Pfal. in MS. Alex.) αινθμών σι, ευλογθμών σι, αινθμών σι, ευλογθμών σι, αινθμών σι, ευλαγισμών σι. Εναγισμών σι. Με praise Thee, we bless Thee, ανα αναγθής Thee, ανα give thanks to Thee.

St. Cyril in Catech. Myst. V.

---- Είτα λίδιτι, \*Αξιον κζ δίκαιον.

\* Mild тайта репрогиория \* Врагуй хад \* УЙЅ Я Эахаас-

अनुका मने बड़ार्यकों यह में महमा meogender meógopeps to duρόι συ. υπώι το φίλημα, διαλλαγή ist. This Kifs is a Sign that our Souls must be united together in Love, and all Remembrance of Injuries banifbed; therefore Christ Said, If thou bring thy Gift to the Altar, and there remembrest - first be reconciled to thy Brother, and then come and offer thy Gift. This Kiss therefore is a Reconciliation. Vid. Just. Mart. Ap. 1. p. 125.

In that Part of Lit. Jac. which precedes the Anaphora, it is, 'Α Γαπήσωμα αλλάνες ir Φιλήμα li αγία. Let us love one another quick a helt. Είσ.

with a boly Kifi, p. 58.

This account here given by St. Cyril agrees to exactly with the Lit. of St. James, (as appears by comparing them according to the figures 1, 2, 3, &cc. wherewith I have marked the corresponding Particulars) that there can be no doubt of it's being the Liturgy used in the Church of Jerusalem in his time.

The Clementine Liturgy.

Pop.
"Ağın z dixasır.
Sacerd.

"Αξιον ως ἀληθῶς ಜွဲ δίκαιον περὸ πάντων ἀνυμνῶν σε τὸν

ether with the boly Kis. Then the Clergy faluted the Bishop, and the Men of the Laity the Men, and the Women the Women. Then the Priests washed their Hands. After which, Diac. Mi 716 Ten Kaja Kahisan. hy Lie Ter angowhiter the Tis Ter anismy un Tis Tar itieo-Sotur - Mn Tis Rale Tiτος έν υποκείσει. 'Ορθοί πρός πύξιον μεία φό-ઉદ્ય મુ τρόμα ισώτις ώμεν προσφέρευ. Ων γινομένων, δι Διάκονοι προσαγέτωσαν - τὰ δῶςα τῷ Ἐπίσκοπῳ πεδς รอ อิบอเลรท์คเอา-เซร็สนะเร er zad' iaulor à 'Agxuguig apa राज्द 'Isgepos-n' sak πεός τῷ θυσιας πρίφ, τὸ τεό-सकाल पर्ने इक्षण्ड्में स्वीबे पर्ने मार्थियम पर्ने प्रधारी स्वामन्त्रं मन- κατω, Ἡ χώρη, &c. Let none of the Catechumens; let none of the Hearers; let none of the Unbelievers; let none of the Heterodox flay :- Let none bave ought against any one; Let none come in Hypocrify. Let us stand upright before the Lord, with fear and trembling, to offer. When this is done, let the Deacens bring the Gifts to the Bishop at the Altar.—Then let the High-Priest, having prayed se-cretty by bimself (and like-wise the Priests) and standing at the Altar, make the Sign of the Cross upon his Forebead with his Hand. and say, The Grace, &c.

Part of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrysoftom and St. Bafil.

Pop.

Ağıov xal dixalov.

† Lit. Mar. 'Αληθῶς γὰρ ἄξιόν ἐςτν
κὰ δίκαιου, ὅσιόν τε κὰ πρέπου κὰ ταῖς ἡμετέραις ψυχαῖς ἐπωφελὲς, ὁ ῶν δέσπο]α,

The present Liturgy of St. James.

The ancient Liturgy of the Church of Jerusalem.

People.

It is meet and right,

Priest.

People.

It is meet and right.

Priest.

It is very meet, right, and our bounden Duty to praise Thee, to sing Hymns to Thee, to bless Thee, to worship

† It is very meet, right, and our bounden Duty to praise Thee, [to fing Hymns to Thee,] to bless Thee,

[9]

St. Cyril in Catech. Myst. V.

The Clementine Liturgy.

Part of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrysoftom and St. Bafil.

- Then you say, It is meet and right.

People. It is meet and right.

People. It is meet and right.

\* Then we make mention of 2 Heaven, and 4 the Earth

It is very meet all things to fing

+ Lit. Mar. It is very meet and and right before right, holy and becoming, and profitable to our Souls, O eternal Lord

λογείν", σοι εύχαρισείν τῷ πάσης κλίσεως ομαίης τε κ αοράτε δημιεργώ ο τω Эησαυρῷ τῶν αἰωνίων ἀγαθῶν, τῷ στηνῷ 🗣 ζωῆς κὰ δάθανασίας, τῷ πάνθων θεῷ κ δεσπότη". δυ υμυβσιν c οι Βρανοί των Βρανῶν, κὰ στᾶσα ή δύναμις αὐτῶν ήλιός τε κὰ σελήνη, κζ τα ας ο των αξειων χοιός γη d, θαλάσσα, η πάιλα τὰ εν αυτοῖς. ° Ίτευσαλήμ ή देवसहवारिक विवास प्रश्री हिम्मी मार्थिक विद्यारिक विद्यार απογεγραμμέτων έν τοῖς υρανοῖς, ε συνύμαθα δικαίων κ · कहु०क्रिमोंग, प्रथ्यक्षे ध्रवहीर्धामा में वेसक्रिका". \* Ayseλοι, 'ΑρχάγΓελοι, Θρένοι, Κυζιότη ες, 'Αρχαί τε κ Έξετίαι, κ Δυνάμεις Φοδεραί, κ τα Χερεβίμ σολυόμμα α, κ τα έξαπ ερυγα Σεραφίμ, α ταίς μεν δυσί ωθερυξι καθακαλύπ]α τὰ ωρίσαπα ἐαυίων, ταῖς δὲ δυσὶ τες σύδας, κ ταῖς δυσίν ἱπλάμενα κέκραγεν έτερον σερός έτερον άκαβαπάυςοι; ςίμασιν ή ασιγήτοις δοξολογίαις", τον έπινίκιον ύμνον & μεγαλοπρεπές σε δόξης. λαμπρά τη Φωνη άδονλα, βοώνλα, δοξολογενία" κεκραγότα κ λέγονία,

De Lit. Syr.

Lit. Syr. adds Coelum &, The Heaven and.

Lit. Syr. adds &, and.

1 De Lit. Syr.

2 De Lit. Syr. and I reckon all from (\*) to have been added fince St. Cyril's time, otherwise he, who omits no Occasion of mentioning whatever may make for the Honour of Jerusalem (as this certainly doth that the Church in Heaven should have the same Name given it) would not in all Probability have omitted it.

h Theologia non conticescente, uninterrupted Theo-

legy-Lit. Syr.

De Lit. Syr.

Angeli, Archangeli, Principatus, Potestates, Throni, Dominationes, Virtutes coelestes, & mundo superiores Exercitus coeli. Angels, Archangels, Principalities, Authorities, Thrones, Dominions, celestial Powers, and the Armies of Heaven that are above this World.

The ancient Liturgy of the Church of Jerusalem.

δοξολογών, σοι \* ευχαιιςών τῷ τ જ áσης κλίσεως ο οραλής τε κ αοράτε δημικργῷ, [τῷ θηταυρῷ τῶν αἰωνίων ἀγαθῶν, τῆ σηγῆ τ ζωῆς κὰ τ άθανασίας, τῷ ωάν]ων Θεῷ κὰ δεσπίτη·] ον ύμνᾶσιν ° \* ὁ έρανος κ," οι έρανοι τῶν έρανῶν, κ αᾶτα ή δύναμις αὐτῶν. 3 ήλιός τε κ σελήνη, κ ακος ο των αςρων χιρές + γη ακ κ θαλάοτα, κ ανάν]α τὰ έν αὐτοῖς: ‡ ° 5 "Αγ/ελοι, 6 'Αρχάγ ελοι, 7 Θρίνοι, 8 Κυριότη ες, 9 'Αρχαί τε κ 10 'Εξεσίαι, και 11 Δυνάμας Φοδεραί, κ τλ 12 Χερεδίμ σολυόμμαλα, κ τα έξαπλέρυγα 13 Σεραφίμ, α ταις μέν δυσι πλέρυξι κατακαλύπλα τά ωρόσωπα έαυτών, ταις ή δυσι τές ωόδας, κ, ταῖς δυσιν ίπτάρθρα f κέκραγεν έτερον ωρός ετερον, αναβαπαύσοις σύμασιν & aσιγήτοις δοξολογίαις" [[τὸν ἐπινίκιον ὑμνον της μεγαλοπρεπές σε δόξης λαμπρά τη φωνη άδον[α]] βοῶν[α, [[δοξολογεν]α, κεκραγότα]] κ λέγον]α,

I have inferted this from Lit. Syr.

I have added n, and, from Lit. Syr.

f. ἀσιγήτω Θευλογία uninterrupted Theology, as in Lit. Syr. or ἀσιγήτοις Θευλογίαις uninterrupted Theologies, as in Lit. Mar. Thus St. Cyril calls this Trifagion την εναφαδοθείσαν ημίν εκ των Σεραφίμ θευλογίαν, the Theology delivered to us by the Seraphim; and, De occursu Domini, if it be his, τωτο θευλογεί τὰ Σεφα-

f. λογικής τε κ) ἀλόγε, rational and irrational, is to be added from St. Cyril.

<sup>\*</sup> See Note (\*) in the other Column.

f Perhaps all from this to ω λίγοδια and faying, may have been added; and if io, instead of α νυλο, and καλακαλύπειε cover, read καλακαλύπειδια covering, without α νυλο. [And in the English, instead of they fly read flying. But by comparing this with Lit. Clem. I am rather inclin'd to think that no more is to be suspected as an Addition but that part of it which I have inclosed in double Hooks: Unless we suppose that what follows λίγοδια saying, in that Lit. has also been added.

σης, 3 ηλίε κ σελή-ทฤ ลีรยพ xal 1 สาล-סקק דאק אלוסצנטק אסץוצאק τι κ ἀλόγυ, σραίης τε κ αρράτε, 5 'Αγίελων, 6 'Αρχαγ Γέλων, 11 Δυνάμεων, 8 Κυριοίήτων, 9 'Αρχών, 10 'Εξεσιῶν, 7 Θείνων, τῶ, 12 Χερεβίμ τῶ, ο πολυπροσώπων δυτά-MIL, - MINHOSITOMIN & TES 13 Σεραφιμ â in wribpali ayin ideáralo Hoaias σαρισηκότα κύκλφ τὰ θεότυ το Θιδ, καὶ ταῖς μὲν စီပတ်၊ အားရေပဋိ၊ καζακαλύπ ον ατο πρόσωπον, ταϊς δε δυσί τες σούδας, κ ταῖς δυσι σεβομθμα, και  $\lambda \epsilon \gamma o \nu / \alpha$ 

I have here followed M. S. Rae, which gives us the true Reading, that which is in the Text of St. Cyril being plainly corrupted in this Place.

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ονως ονία θεον 2-σε mpooruveriv avatigμοι σραβιαί 'Αγ [έλων, 'Αρχαγ ελων, Θρόνων, Κυριοβήτων, 'Açxŵv, 'Ezsoiŵv, Δυνάμεων, Στραβιών αίωνίων τα Χερυδίμ, κ τα έξαπ ξευγα Σεραφιμ, ταῖς μὲν δυσὶ κα ακαλύπον α τές πόδας, ταῖς δὲ δυσί τας κεφαλάς, ταίς δε δυσι σεθέμενα κ λεγόν]α ο άμα χιλίαις χιλιάσιν c agxαγείλων" και μυρίαις μυριάσιν αγ ξελων, ακα απαύςως κι ασιγήτως βοώσαις.

a Here follows a very long Thanksgiving, which I have omitted, not only because of it's great Length, but also because the Compiler of the Appl. Confit. seems to me to have so tamper'd with it, that it is not easy to distinguish his Additions and Alterations from what has been originally in it.

Perhaps what here follows may have been added from Dan. vii. 10. and Rev.v.11. the Angels and Archangels being mentioned immediately before. De M. S. V. Part of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrystosom and St. Basil.

κύριε θεὲ, ωάτερ ωανδόκραδορ, σὲ αίνᾶν, σὲ ύμνᾶν, σοὶ εὐχαρις ᾶν, σοὶ ανθομολογᾶος — τῷ ωριίσαδι τὰ ἐρανὸν, κὰ τὰ ἐν τῷ ἐρανῷ, γὰν, κὰ τὰ ἐν τῷ γῷ, θάλαοσαν, ωηγὰς, ωδαμές, λίμνας, κὰ ωάνδα τὰ ἐν αὐτοῖς —

Lit. Chrys. 'Αξιον κ δικαιον σε ύμναν, σε ευλογείν, σε αίναν, σοι ευχαριτείν, σε αροσκυνείν εν ανίζι τόπο τ δεασοβείας σε, —

Lit. Baf.— Αξιον ώς άληθως, κ) δίκαιον, κ) ωρέπον τῆ μεγαλοπρεπέα δ άγιασμίης σε, σε αἰνᾶν, σε οὐμνᾶν, σε εὐλογᾶν, σε ωροσκυνᾶν, σοὶ εὐχαριςᾶν, σε δοξάζειν τον μόνον ονθως ονθα θεον—

‡ What answers to this in Lit. Mar. is Συ γαρ εἰ υπεράνω στάσης ἀρχῆς κὰ εξεσίας, κὰ δυνάμεως, κὰ κυριότη ⑤, κὰ στοῦς ἐνέμετο , ἐνομαζομένε, ἐ μόνον ἐν τῷ αἰῶνι τᾶτω, ἀλλὰ κὰ ἐν τῷ μέλλον ἔ. Σοὶ σταρας ήκεσι χίλιαι χιλιάδες, κὰ μύριαι μυριάδες ἀγίων ἀγ Γελων κὰ ἀρχαγ Γέλων ς ραλιαί. Σοὶ σταρας ήκεσι τὰ — στολυόμμα αλερεβίμ, κὰ τὰ ἐξαπ Γέρυγα Σεραφιμ, ὰ δυσὶ μὲν σερυξι τὰ σρόσωπα καλύπον α, κὰ δυσὶ τὰς στόδας, κὰ δυσὶν ὶπ αμίνα, κὰ κκραγεν ἔτερον σερὸς τὸ

† Irenaus L. 2.c. 54. Enarrent numerum Angelorum, & ordinem Archangelorum, demonstrent Thronorum Sacramenta, & doceant diversitates Dominationum, Principatuum, & Potestatum atque Virtutum. Let them tell the Number of the Angels, and the Order of the Archangels, let them show the Mysteries of the Thrones, and teach as the Differences of the Dominions, Principalities, Authorities and Powers. [Nota Fuard. in loc. Quibus si addas C 2 Cherubim

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worship Thee, \* to glorify Thee", to give Thanks unto Thee, the Maker of all Creatures visible and invisible; the Treasure of eternal good Things; the Fountain of Life and Immortality, the God and Governour of the Universe". To whom ' the Heaven of Heavens sing Praise, with all their Hosts: the Sun and Moon, and the whole Choir of Stars: The Earth, 4 Sea, and all things that are in them: • Jerusalem the heavenly f Assembly", the Church of the first-born that are written in Heaven, \* the Spirits of just Men and Prophets, the Souls of Martyrs and Apostles." \* The Angels, Archangels, Thrones, Dominions, Principalities, Authorities, and tremendous Powers; The many-eyed Cherubim, and the Seraphim with fix Wings, who with twain cover their Faces, and with twain their Feet, and with twain they fly, crying one to another, with never-ceasing Voices, h and uninterrupted Shouts of Praise", singing with a loud Voice the triumphal Hymn to thine exalted Glory, shouting, 'glorifying", crying aloud, and faying,

to worship Thee, to glorify Thee, to give Thanks to Thee, the Maker of all Creatures b visible and invisible; [the Treasure of eternal good Things; the Fountain of Life and Immortality, the God and Governour of the Universe; To whom c \* the Heaven and" the Heaven of Heavens fing Praise, with all their Hosts: 3 The Sun and Moon, and the whole Choir of Stars: 4 The Earth, 4 and" Sea, and all things that are in them: † 6 5 The Angels, 6 Archangels, <sup>7</sup> Thrones, <sup>8</sup> Dominions, <sup>9</sup> Principalities, 10 Authorities, and 11 tremendous Powers: The 12 many-eyed Cherubim, and the 13 Seraphim with fix Wings, who with twain cover their Faces, and with twain their Feet, and with twain they fly, f crying one to another, with never-ceasing Voices, s and uninterrupted Shouts of Praise", [[finging with a loud Voice the triumphal Hymn to thine exalted Glory, shouting, glorifying, crying aloud,]] and faying,

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and Sea, 3 the Sun and Moon, the Stars, and all Creatures rational and irrational, visible and invisible, the 5Angels, <sup>6</sup> Archangels, <sup>11</sup> Powers, 8 Dominions, 9 Principalities, 10 Authorities, <sup>7</sup> Thrones, of <sup>12</sup> the Cherubim with b \* many Eyes in power, -we make mention also of 13 the Seraphim which Isaiab faw in the holy Spirit flanding about the Throne of God, and with two Wings covering their Faces, and with two their Feet, and with two flying, and faying,

Or, many Faces.

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Liturgy.

Hymns to Thee the true God '--—The innumerable Hosts of Angels, Archangels, Thrones, Dominions, Principalities, Authorities, Powers, thine everlasting Armies worship Thee, The Cherubim, and the Seraphim with fix Wings, with twain covering their Feet, with twain their Heads, and with twain flying, and faying; b together with thousand thousands c of Archangels", and ten thoufand times ten thousand of Angels, crying inceffantly with uninterrupted Shouts of Praise,

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God, Father Almighty, to praise Thee, to sing Hymns to Thee, to give Thanks to Thee, to confess unto Thee—who madest Heaven, and all things that are in Heaven; the Earth, and all things that are in the Earth; the Sea, the Fountains, Rivers, Lakes, and all things that are in them—

Lit. Chrys. It is meet and right to fing Hymns to Thee, to bless Thee, to praise Thee, to give Thanks to Thee, to worship Thee, in all Places of thy Dominion,——

Lit. Bas. It is very meet and right, and becoming the Majesty of thy Holiness, to praise Thee, to sing Hymns to Thee, to bless Thee, to worship Thee, to give Thanks to Thee, to glorify Thee, the only true God.

‡—Lit. Mar.—For thou art above all Principality, Authority, Power, and Dominion, and every Name that is named, not only in this World, but also in that which is to come. Thou-fand thousands, and ten thousand times ten thousand holy Angels and Archangels, thy Armies, stand before Thee. Before Thee stand the—many-eyed Cherubim, and the Seraphim with six Wings, who with twain cover their Faces, and with twain their Feet, and with twain they sly, crying one to an-

Cherubim & Seraphim, novem comperies. To which if you add the Cherubim and Seraphim, you will find nine Orders.] But these different Names taken from different Places of Scripture, do not prove that there are exactly so many angelical Orders, for some of them may perhaps coincide.

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Pop.

"Αγιών, "Αγιών, "Αγιών, " Κύριε" Σα-Καώθ, πλήρης ο έρανος κὰ ἡ γῆ τῆς δόξης σε. "Ωσαννα ο ἐν τοῖς ὑψίςοις εὐλοίημένω ο ἐρχόμθωω ἐν ἀνόμαλι Κυρίκ "Ωσαννα ο ἐν τοῖς ὑψίςοις.

Sacerd.

"Αγι© - εἰ βασιλεῦ τῶν αἰώνων, χὰ πάσης ἀγιωσύνης <sup>b</sup> εύςιΦ εὰ" δωλής. "Αγι©- κὰ Pop.

† "Αγιώ, "Αγιώ, "Αγιώ, Κύριώ Σαδαώθ πλήρης ο έρανος η η γη της δέ-Έης συ.

'Ωσαννα ο όν τοῖς ὑψίσοις. εὐλοΓημένω ο ἐρχόμψω ὁ ἀνόμα]ι κυρίκ. 'Ωσαννα ο ἀν τοῖς ὑψίσοις.

Sacerd.

‡ 'Αγι Φ εἰ βασιλεῦ τῶν ἀιώνων, κὰ πάσης ἀγιωσύνης δω]ής. 'Αγι Φ κὰ ὁ μονο-

L. Kúest, as in St. Cyril and in Lit. Clem. Mar. Chrys. and Bas.
De Lit. Syr.

15 ]

St. Cyril in Catech. Myst. V. The Clementine Liturgy.

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έτερον ακαθαπάυσοις σίμασι, κ αστγήτοις. ΘεολοΓίαις, τ επινίκιου κ τρισάγιου ύμνου άδουθα, βοῶνθα, δοξολογῶνθα, κεκραγότα κ λέγουθα τῆ μεγαλοπρεπεί σε δόξη,

Lit. Chrys. καί τοι σαρες ήκασι χιλιάδες άρχαγ έλων η μυςιάδες άγ ελων, τὰ Χερκδιμ, η τὰ Σεραφιμ, έξαπ έρυγα, σολυόμμαα, με άρσια, σερωθά τὸν ἐπινίκιον ὕμνον άδονλα, βοῶνλα, κεκραγότα καὶ λέγονλα,

Lit. Baf. σε γάρ αἰνᾶσιν ἄγ ελοι, ἀρχαίς άγ ελοι, θρόνοι, κυρικτήες, ἀρχαὶ, εξασίαι, διμάμας, κὶ τὰ σολυίμμα κεραδίμ, σοὶ σαρίταν αι κύκλω τὰ Σεραφίμ, εξ σθέρυγες τῷ ενὶ, κὶ τᾶῖς μὲν δυσὶ καὶ ακαλύπθασι τὰ σερσωπα ἐαυθῶν, ταῖς δε δυσὶ τὰς σόδας, κὶ ταῖς δυσὶ σεθόμενα, κέκραγεν ἔτερον σερὸς τὸ ἔτερον ἀκαθαπαύτους τόμου ἄδονλα, βοῶνλα, κεκραγίτα, κὶ λέγονλα.

"ΑγιΦ, "ΑγιΦ, "ΑγιΦ, ΚύριΦ Σα-Gαώθ \* \* \* \*

\*Here St. Cyril, without taking any notice of the following Thankf-giving introductory to the Words of Institution, of the Words of Institution themselves, or of the Prayer of Oblation, passet immediately to the Invocation, thus, did Thir yale Thir mapade 9 since yale Thir mapade 9 since yale Thir mapade 9 since yale Thir Desaglian 9 soccession

Sacerd. "Ayı@ yaç & ws adn9ws, x wará+ So it is also in Lit. Chrys. and Bas.

But Lit. Mar. has only "Αγιος, "Αγιος,
"Αγιος, Κύρως Σαβαώθ ωλήρης ο έρανος κ
ή γη δ άγίας σε δόξης. And then the
Priest subjoins, Πλήρης [γάρ] ες εν ως άληθως ο έρανος, κ η γη δ άγίας σε δόξης
δια δ έπιφανείας—

‡ Lit. Chrys. 'Αγιος εἰκὰ πανάγι, σὺ, κὰ ὁ μονογωής σε ὑιὸς, κὰ τὸ πνεῦμά σε τὸ ἄγιον, ἄγιος εἶ—

Lit. Bas. 'Αγιος ને ως αληθώς κ πανάιος, κ κκ έςι μετρον τῆ μειαλοπρεπές τῆς αιιοσύνης σε, κ όσιος όν ατασι τοῖς

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People.

Holy, Holy, Holy, Lord of Sabaoth, Heaven and Earth are full of thy . Glory.

Hosanna in the highest: Blessed be he that cometh in the Name of the he that cometh in the Name of the Lord: Hosanna in the highest,

Priest.

Holy art thou, O eternal King, and the b Lord and" giver of all holiness: Holy is People.

+ Holy, Holy, Holy, Lord of Sabaoth, Heaven and Earth are full of thy Glory.

Hosanna in the highest: Blessed be Lord: Hosanna in the highest.

Priest.

# Holy art thou, O eternal King, and the Giver of all Holiness: Holy is thine

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other with never-ceasing Voices, and uninterrupted Theologies, singing the triumphal and thrice holy Hymn, shouting, glorifying, crying aloud and saying to thine exalted Glory,

Lit. Chrys.—although thousands of Archangels, and ten thousands of Angels stand before thee, the Cherubim, and the Seraphim, with six Wings, and many Eyes, aloft, upon the Wing singing the triumphal Hymn, shouting, crying aloud, and saying,

Lit. Bas. The Angels, Archangels, Thrones, Dominions, Principalities, Authorities, Powers, and the many-eyed Cherubim, praise Thee; before Thee stand round the Seraphim, each of them with fix Wings, who with twain cover their Faces, with twain their Feet, and with twain they sly, crying one to another with never-ceasing Voices, and uninterrupted Shouts of Praise, singing the triumphal Hymn, shouting, crying aloud, and saying,

Holy, Holy, Holy, Lord of Sabaoth, \* \* \* \*

Bedorian rautum hilojus, ömuç zosuned tüç üpundiaç raiçünsezorulos; redinatile, ina aliacustic, ina aliacustic, ina aliacustic, ina aliacustic, ina aliacustic, ina usunalizin tütun üpun maşazahipus, bec, for uve therefore fay this Theology delivered to this Theology delivered to the Seraphim, that in our Hymns uve may communicate unith the heavenly Hoft; that so sandifying aurselves

People.

Holy, Holy, Holy, Lord of Sabaoth, Heaven and Earth are full of his Glory. Bleffed be he for evermore. Amen.

Priest.

For thou art truly holy and +—Lin. 2.—Lit. Mar.—Holy, Holy, Holy, Lord of Sabaoth, Heaven and Earth are full of thy holy Glory— [for] Heaven and Earth are indeed full of thy holy Glory, by the Manifestation——

‡ Lit. Chrys. Holy, and most holy art Thou, and thy only begotten Son, and thy Holy Spirit, Holy art Thou—

Lit. Baf. Thou art truly holy and most holy, and the Majesty of thy Holiness is unlimited; Thou art holy

ο μονοβρής σε υίος, ο Κύριος ήμων Ίησες Κερός, δι & τα πάνηα εποίησας ΑΓίον δε και το Πνευμά σε το άΓιον, το ερευνών τα πάνηα, και τα βάθη σε τε Θεε. ΑΓιος ε πανησκράτορ, πανησδιώαμε, ε αΓαθε, Φο- Εερε, ευαπλαΓχνε, ο συμπαθής μάλιςα περί το πλάσμα το σύνδ ποιήσας άπο γης άνθρωπον κατ εκόνα σην κόμωσον δο χαρισάμθη αυτώ των τε παραδέσε άπολαυσιν παραδάνηα δε τω ενίολήν σε, και ελκετούνα, τέτον ε παράδες έδε ε καθέλυπες αΓαθε, άλλ επαίδευσας αυτόν διά ευαπλαΓχν συ παίηρ, εκάλεσας αυτόν διά εύμε, έπαιδαίσο ας αυτόν διά εύμε, έπαιδαίσο ας αυτόν διά ευμε, έπαιδαίσο αν Δίρ τών προ-

e In Lit. Syr. terribilis, bonus, cum unigenito filio tuo, qui passionum particeps suit, & maxime propter hominem sigmentum tuum, quem e terra formassi, & concessisti illi delicias paradis: terrible, good, together with the only begotten Son, who became passible, and that for the sake of Man the Workmanship of the Hands, whom thou didst form out of the Earth, and gauge him the Delights of Paradise.

Lit. Syr. & and, as above.

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γύης σε υίος, ο Κύριος ήμων Ίητες Χριςος, δι ε τα πάνια επείησας. "Α Γιον δε και το Πνευμά σε το άΓιον, το ερευνών τα πάνια, και τα βάθη σε τε Θεε. "Α Γιος ε παντοκράτης, πανιοδιώταμε, α Γαθε, φοβερε, ευπλασμα το σον, " || ποιήσας από γης άνθωπον κατ' είχο α σιω \* α χ' χαρισάμω το τον, το παραδείσε απόλαυσιν παραβάνια η τε ενιολήν σε, κ εκπεσόνια τε πν τε παραδείσες αίδιπες α Γαθε, αλλ' παίδευσας αυτόν ως ευπλασχνος παίης, εκάλεσας αυτόν δια νόμε, επαιδαιώτησας αυτόν δια το τος ενταιδείνησας αυτόν δια νόμε, επαιδαιώτησας αυτόν δια το προφηρών". υς ερεν

a I have omitted 3, wbs, because I think the Sense is plainer without it. Vid. Atban. de Incar. Verb. 2, 56. Ed. Colon.

p. 56. Ed. Colon.
Why I have omitted ny sposwow, and Likeness, will appear from Origen. cont. Celf. 1. 4. p. 180. si μές τοι είτώπει [ΚελσΦ-] διαφοράν το κατ' είκωα θεώ yelorirae vor ardeunor, mede vor nad' opeoinour. में ठेरह αια [[ earla: είς ηκίται ο Θεος, Ποιήσωμες ανθρωπος κατ' είπότα η δμοίωσιι ήμεδέςαι έποιήσε δὶ δ Θεός τὸι ἄιθρω-ποι πατ' εἰπότα Θεϋ, ἀλλ' ὑχὶ η καθ' δμοίωσιι ήδη. If [Celsus] had known the Difference between Man's being made after the Image of God, and being after bis Likeness; and that it is written that God said, Let us make Man after our Image and Likeness; and God made Man after the Image of God, but and after bit Likeuess is not now added. And thus also it will better answer to what comes afterwards in this Hyran. ina induir the one becaused a state, that by his coming he might rearw thy Intege in us, without any mention of aμοίωσι Likeness.

I have put u, and, instead of &, whe, from

Lil. Syr.

† St. Cyr. p. 152. By imagifur to yir imir and morning.

Mourer, did not dripife lost Mankind.

Though it be thus also not only in Lit. Syr. but in Lit. Mar. yet since the Apostle, Gal. iii. ascribes the muduluyla Pedagogy to the Law, I would rather incline to read it transayingage aution did then incline to read it transayingage aution, Heb. i.] did two populars train bits up by the Pedagogy of the Law, and recal bim [or rather, speak unto bim] by the Prophets; or yet more simply, inasayingage aution did usua y weopilar; and train bim up by the Pedagogy of

, . . . . . . .

eurselves with these spivitual Hymns, we may invocate, &c. 20 p. 26. But we are not therefore to think that any of these was then wanting in the Liturgy of the Church of Jerusalem: For as to the Words of Institution, the primitive Church always thought them necessary to the Confectation of the Eucharitick Elements, though they did not think them sufficient alone, without the Prayer of Invocation for the Defcent of the holy Spirit upon them. Thus St. Corys. De prodit. Jud. Exque adness irnais d र्विद्वार, रवे दुर्गाखीय क्रीची-श्रुर्गास्त्र, र के क्रिकेट bic, ng n Xácic rữ Giữ pic, ng n Xácic rờ cũpa, τότο τὸ ἐῆμα με αξέυθμί-ξω τὰ προκείμου. The Priest fulfilling bis Office flands pronouncing these Words, but the Power, and the Grace is of God: This is my Body, that Word changes the Gifts laid in open View. Yet in other Places he plainly attributes the Confecration to the Invocation of the holy Spirit, and his Descent upon the Elements in consequence thereof, as L. 3. de Sacerd. p. 82. Ed. Hug. Ernze yale à Tegenis, à mue κα αφέρων, αλλά το Πνευμα το αίτον κ) την ικίη-είαν ιπί σολύ σοιείται, υχ राव गोर रेक्स्सबेर वाबनेस बं Φεθείσα καθαναλώση τα πεοκιίμινα, αγγ, για η Χα-हार सामाण्डेंक्य रमें प्रणाय, की स्थानमा रखेर समसीका सेvátn tuxác. For the Priest stands, not bringing down Fire, but the

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year, volusor & una-कार्राक्षितिक केंद्र महि aicivas. Alies de ig o morostone an proces ο Κύριος ήμων και Occs Inous [6] Xes-202, og- n mebrenge சு இட்டு சன்ற வ்சிறவ்πων απολλύμθμον, αλλά — με γομικήν waggireor, phy who-שאוואצי באנו אצי ---શાં છે લાગ જ લાગ જેક, ગુમલં-בין בין ב לו בין בין בין בין בין લે પ્રીફર્બન ક, તે પ્રીફર્બન છ Jusay, -x essues-र्गाटकार्क वह क्रेम देवणार्थ Oson i walspa, -Spoulu Go ch war Jive, spointing or σαρχί ὁ Θεὸς ΛόΓος, o alannos Tios,σκ απέρμαζος Δαδίδ x A6egaμ, --- γέ/ονεν οι μήτρα σαρθέο διαπλάοσων πάνλας τες γρωμέves, n croagnaign o ασαρκος, δ αχρόνως

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εঁρ αις συ, ότι ον δικαιοσιώη κੇ κρίσει αλη. Θινή ανάνλα επή αιες ήμεν.

| What answers to this in Lit. Mar.
is τῷ જાοιήσαν]ε τον ἀνθρωπον κατ' ἰδιαν
લોκόνα, κὰ καθ' ἐμοίωσιν, ῷ κὰ ἐχαρίσω τὰιὰ
ἐν σταραδάσω τρυθήν, σταραδάθα ἢ ἀντίν
ἐχ ὑπερίδες, ἐδὲ ἐνκαβέλιπες ἀναθε, ἀλλα
πάλιν ἀνεκαλέσω διὰ νέμε, ἐπαιδαγώνησας διὰ στροφηθῶν, ἀνέπλασας κὰ ἀνεκαίνισας διὰ—τε μονοβμες σε ὑιῦ, τε Κυρίν
καὶ Θεῦ κὰ σωθῆροςς ἡμῶν Ἰησῦ Χριςῦ.

In Lit. Bas. immediately after what is above fet down follows, πλάσας γὰς τ ανθρωπον χουῦ λαδών ἀπό τ γῆς, καὶ είκονι τη ση, ο Θεός, τιμήσας, τέθεικας εί τῷ σαρμθείσμ τ τρυφής, αθακασίαν ζωής, κὶ ἀπόλαυσιν αἰωνίων αἰαθών ἐν τἢ τηρήσα τῶν ἐνθολῶν σε ἐπαγίελάμβι Θο ἀυτῷ. લેત્રેત્વે જાવલુવાર્યું જારી છે જ તરે હેત્રમુધાર્થે અદરે τἒ κλίσανλος αυτών, κὶ τἢ ἀπάτη τε ἔΦεως υπαχθέν]α, νεκρωθέν]α τε τοις οικείοις αυτο παραπθώμασι, έξώρισας αυτήν Ον τή δικαιοκριτία σε, δ Θεός, όκ τε σαραδείσυ લંદ છે κόσμον τυτον, κે απέςρεψας લંદ την γην, έξ ης έληφθη, οἰκονομών αυτώ τίω σαλιγρεσίας σωρείαν τίω όν αυτο τῷ Χειςῷ σε. દ γάς ἀπεςράφης π ωλάσμα σε els τέλος, ο εποίησας αίαθε,

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is thine only begotten Son, our Lord Jesus Christ, by whom thou madest the Worlds: Holy also is thy Holy Spirit, who fearcheth all things, even the Depths of thee, O God. Holy art thou who rulest over all, Almighty and good God, terrible, yet full of Compassion: But especially indulgent to the Workmanship of thy own Hands; who didst make Man formed out of the Earth after thy own Image and Likeness , who" graciously gavest him the Enjoyment of Paradise: And when he had lost his Happiness by transgressing thy Commandment, Thou of thy Goodness didst not despise nor abandon him, but didst discipline him as a merciful Father, recal him by the Law, and train him up by the Pedagogy of the Prophets: And last of thine only begotten Son, our Lord Jesus Christ, by whom thou madest the Worlds: Holy also is thy Holy Spirit, who fearcheth all things, ev'n the Depths of thee, O God. Holy art thou who rulest over all, Almighty and good God, terrible, yet full of Compassion: But especially indulgent to the Workmanship of thy own Hands; " || for thou didst make Man, formed out of the Earth, after thy own Image \*, b and" gracioully gavest him the Enjoyment of Paradise: And when he had lost his Happiness by transgressing thy Commandment, thou of thy Goodness didst + not despise nor abandon him; but didst discipline him as a merciful Father, 'recal him by the Law, and train him up by the Pedagogy of the Prophets." And last of

the Law and the Prophets. Thus St. Cyril, p. 64. δ διὰ τόμα κ) προφηθών—παιδαίωγήσας, who train'd ne up—by the Pedagogy of the Law and the Prophets.—Vid. Clem. Alex. Pad. 1, 1. c. 11. p. 155.

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boly Spirit, and makes an ample Supplication, not that a Torch let down from above may consume the Gifts laid in open View, but that Grace lighting on the Sacrifice may by it inflame the Hearts of all. Again, L. 6. p. 234. Or ar di to Iluiμα το αίιον καλή, κὶ την Φρικωδιςάτην ἱπίλιλη Ουdias. When he invocates the boly Spirit, and consummates the tremendous Sacrifice. And Hom. 32. in Camet. appellat. "Olar वेदमंद्रम् अहते रमेद रहकार्द्रभद् वे ໂερευς τας χείρας αναθέι-των είς τον είρανον, καλών Tò Ilreupa Tò वीरा पर सबeaymiodas n' avaodas. When the Priest stands before the Table, stretching out bis Hands to Heaven, invocating the boly Spirit to come and give the Contact. Accordingly Greg Nyssen. Orat. 37. dicitur, exprelly ascribes the Confecration to both, Ο ਕੋਰੀਕ ਕੇγιάζελαι હોલે λό-७ अ छाड़े में शिर्ध्हराड़ - मर्देड τὸ σῶμα τῦ Λόγυ μίαwordpere, andag effeffas επό το Λόγο, έτι τοτό is. τὸ σομά μο. The Bread is fanctified by the Word of God and Prayer [alluding to 1 Tim. iv. 5.] being changed into the Body of the Loges, as it was said by the Loges, that This is my Body. And Origen in Matth. xv. T. 2. p. 27. Sanctificatur per verbum Dei & per obsecrationem. It is sauctified by the Word of God and Prayer. And this may perhaps direct us to understand that difficult Passage in Just. M. Mp. 1.

most holy, the highest and most highly exalted for ever. Holy also is thine only begotten Son, our Lord and God, Jesus [the] Christ: who---did not defpise lost Mankind, but—after the Admonition of the Law, after the Reproofs of the Prophets, ——he who was Man's Creator, was pleafed himself, according to thy Will, to become Man, —and to appeare thee his God and Father; God the Logos, the beloved Son, being made of a Virgin, and made Flesh,—of the Seed of *David* and Abraham; --he who forms all that are born, was himself formed in the Womb of a Virgin; he who was without Flesh, was made Flesh; he who was bealso in all thy Works, for in Righteousness and true Judgment hast Thou done all things to us——

‡—Lit. Mar.—Who madest Man after thy own Image, and after thy Likeness, and didst graciously give him the Delights of Paradise. And when he had transgressed, thou of thy Goodness didst not despise nor abandon him, but didst again recal him by the Law, and train him up by the Pedagogy of the Prophets, thou didst reform and renew him by—thy only begotten Son, our Lord, and God, and Saviour Jesus Christ.

-Lit. Baf.-For thou didst form Man of the Dust of the Earth, and didst honour him with thy Image, O God; thou didst place him in a. Paradife of Pleasure promising him immortal Life, and the Enjoyment of eternal good things upon his Observance: of thy Commands: But when he difobeyed Thee, the true God who created him, being seduced by the Deceit of the Serpent; and became subject to-Death by his own Transgression; Thou, O God, in thy just Judgment, didst banish him out of Paradile into this World, and didft reduce him again to the Earth from which he was taken; yet so as by thy Occonomy to prepare for him a Regeneration unto that Salvation, which is in thy Christ. For thou didst not for ever east off thy Workmanship which of thy Goodness thou hadft made, nor forget what thy

တိုဂါဆိုး. ပိုင်ရေဝ။ စီရဲ ထဲပုံခဲ့မှ အေး မှုလေဝရှိမှာ တွေ ပိုးစဲန \* TOY KUPION HUMY INGEY XOLGOY" EZATÉTHλας είς τ κόσμον, ίνα έλθων, τίω σίω बंगबारबंदम् हे में बंगहर्सिंहम्" संप्रशंतक हेंद्र प्रवीदमें प्रे ΄ όκ τ΄ έρανῶν" κὸ σαρκωθείς όκ Πιεύμα-+ @ ayis n Magias The wap fire n 900τόκε συνανας εφφάς τε τοις ανθεώπως, πάνλα ώκονόμησε σερός σωληρίαν τη γίνης ήμων μέλλων δε τον έκεσιον ά κλ ζωοποιον कें दे दवपहर्डें रे वंशवता है वंशवमर्वही शिष्ठि चेत्रहें ήμῶν τῶν ἀμαρωλῶν καθαδέχεις, ἐν τῆ νυπτι ή σταρεδίδο]ο, εμάλλον δε έαυτον σα-श्रुवितिम फेक्टोर के गर्म प्रवंदाम दिलाँड प्रको विभीन gias,

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δε αύταν του μονοβρή σε ύ.ον του Κύριου ήμων Ίησεν Χειςον έξαπές κλας κίς τ κότμον, ίνα έλθων, τίω σίω ανανεώση [κ έρανών η σαρκωθείς όκ Πυεύμαζος άχίκ κ Μαρίας της σαρθένε συναναςραφάς τε τοις ανθρώποις, σαίνα φκοιόμησε σερος σιον κ ζωοποιον διά ςαυξε θάναθον ο άναμάρη Ο ύπιρ ήμων των αμαρωλών καταδέχεως, + α τη νυκτί ή σαρεδίδο]ο μαλλον δε έαυτον σταρεδίδα ύπερ ο τά κόσμε ζωης κ σωληρίας,

\* S. Cyril, p. 51. 870 à porofiris viòs ve Oeu - il uçarun nalnadir-yunduk ik ayiak maediru, a ayiu Ilverpale-sugues. This only begotten Son of God-descended from Heaven-being born of the boly Virgin by the Hely Ghoft-incarnate.

iaulde adixeller wagadis, Offering up himself a

Ranfom. St. Cyril, p. 167.

<sup>\*</sup> De Lit. Syr.

De Lit. Syr. C De Lit. Syr.

<sup>4</sup> De Lit. Syr.

<sup>•</sup> De Lit. Syr.

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p. 129. which by only adding the Copulative & and, (which might easily have been omitted in transcribing) will become very plain, thus, erws x ישוי או נויצאו [2] אסשו דע wae avri เขาละเราปะเธลา reoph. So the Food nubich is eacharistissed by Prayer [and] the Word spoken by bim. As to the Prayer of Oblation, St. Cyril plainly supposeth it, when he talk the Eucharit immediately after, The WILLmalizar Buotan, the deat--pearles dalpriage The spiritual Sacrifice, the unbloody Service; (as Arbenag. long before fays of it, Leg. pro Christ. p. 49. καί τοι προσφίρειν δεόν α-ναίμακου θυσίαν, κ) την λογικήν σεροσά[ειν λα]ειίαν. Yet we ought to offer the unbloody Sacrifice, and to present the reasonable [i. e. myftical, or spiritual ] Service;) and fays, ini rus θυσίας ἐχείνης τε ίλασμε eracaxadums to dios by this propitiatory Sacrifies we befeech God; and a little after, Xerson iopalimopinor vaig run naligar αμαξημάτων σεροσφέρομεν हैं।तेरबंधनाता चैक्कोंट्र करेंग्लेंग क्षेत्र मध्यम गरेंग क्रिकेंग्नेट्रेट्ट्रक्ता ; स्पट offer Christ Stain for our Sins, prepitiating the Lover of Men both for them and ourselves. And this also plainly shews that the Christian Sacrifice was not an Oblation only of the bare Primitize, to give Thanks to God as the Author of all the good things we enjoy, and to acknowledge his Dominion over us; but that it was an Oblation of them as fo far confecrated by the Words

भ्रीमामी केंद्र देंग प्रहर्भक restination - Epaveρωσέ σε το δνομα τοῖς वेरिक्टरार क्याने, - निध ยบอร์ 6 ผลง ล่าย (พรบ์ρωσε, το θέλημοί σε επλήρωσε, τὸ έρδοι ό έδωκας αυτώ έτελείωσε κ ταῦτα τάντα καθορθώσας, χερσιν ανέμων καλαχε-ઉલંદ - παραδοθείς Πίλα ψ τῷ ή ξεμόνι — ταυξῷ στροσηλώ-. अम o ana अमेड, में aπέθανεν ο τη φύσα αθάναζος, κὶ ἐτάφη ὁ ζωοποιός, ίνα πάθες λύση κ Javáry έξέ-भिन्न मर्थम् इ मर्थे हैं। क्षेद्र क्षव्यव्हार्भारी , में हर्न-हैंग रवे वेंड्यमवे रहे वेंब-Coas, κ ούση αι τες avθρώπες cx της a-मवामः वंगर्धः से वं-VEST ON VENÇUV TH

ย่ง รัสรมส์ปิย รัยโด มูลยุมิง ฮะ, ส่งมี รัสรธม ψω πολύξοπως δια απλάλχια έλέες σεωροφήτας έξαπές ειλας, εποίησας δυυάρους र्जिये र्रळें। येप्रांका एक रें प्रयान के इस्थान कि ह्यो ευαρεςησάνδων σοι. ελάλησας ήμεν διά ςσμαλος τ δέλων σε των σεοΦηλών, σεοκαταΓγέλλων ήμεν τω μέλλεσαν έσεως σωτηρίαν νίμον έδωκας είς βοήθειαν άγγελες επέςησας Φύλακας, ότε 🖰 ἦλθε το πλήρωμα τ καιρών, ελάλησας ήμεν οι αυτώ τῷ ὑιῷ σα, δί & κે τὰς ἀιῶνας ἐπόιησας. ος ων απαύσασμα της δόζης σε, ε χα-मुक्रमीमेष्ट रमेंद्र र्यमञ्डलिक्टर्लंड ए४, क्रिंट्सम रह रहे कर्किंगेक नकें विश्वकती। के कैप्सर्वमहत्वद विशेष्ट, अंद्र भंदूमक μον ήγουσο το είναι ίσα σοι τῷ Δεῷ κ σαθεί άλλα Θεός ων σεραιώνι . 👣 της γης όφθη, η τοις ανθρώποις συνανες ρά-Φη, κ κ παρθένε άγιας σαρκωθείς, κένασεν έαυτον μορφήν δέλε λαδών, σύμμορ-ΦΟ γενό ΦυΟ τῷ σώμα]ι δ ταπανώσεως ήμων, ίνα ήμας συμμός Φες σοιήση τ είκόr જ જે જેઇટ્રેનુદ લોગોર્સ. દેમ લાઈને જુલેફ છે! લોગીફાર્બπυ ή αμαθία લંσῆλθεν લંદ το κόσμον, κ δια της αμαρίας ο θάνα] 🕞 ευδόκησεν ο μονογφής σε ύιας, ο ών όν τοῖς κόλποις σε τέ Θεέ κ waltos γμουθυ σο κ γυναικος της ayias Geomus no ain wagders Macias, Show was roper, ralançinas the apagτίαν όν τῆ σαρκὶ αὐτθ' ἴνα οἱ όν τῷ ᾿Αδάμ αποθνήσκουζες ζωοποιηθώσιν & αὐτῷ τῷ Χειτώ σκ. κ εμπολιτευσαμβο τω κοτμω

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all thou didst send thine own only begotten Son, our Lord Jesus Christ' into the World, that by his coming he might renew b and revive" thy Image in us; who descended from Heaven," and was incarnate by the Holy Ghost of the Virgin Mary, the Mother of God, conversed with Mankind, and directed his whole Dispensation to our Salvation. And when the Hour was come that he who had no Sin was to fuffer a voluntary and life-giving" Death d upon the Cross" for us Sinners, in the same Night that he was betrayed, or rather offered up himfelf" for the Life and Salvation of the World,

all thou didst send thine own only begotten Son our Lord Jesus Christ into the World, that by his coming he might renew [and revive] thy Image in us; \* who descended from Heaven, and was incarnate by the Holy Ghost of the Virgin Mary, conversed with Mankind, and directed his whole Dispensation to our Salvation. when the Hour was come, that he who had no Sin was to fuffer a voluntary and life-giving Death upon the Cross for us Sinners, + in the same Night that he was betrayed, | or rather offered up himself for the Life and Salvation of the World,

The Clementine Liturgy.

Part of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrysoftom and St. Basil.

Words of Institution as to be made the Antitypes, or instituted Representatives of the Body and Blood of Christ. Thus also Macarius Egypt. Hom. 27. Tpoc Cicilar ap-To 2) oirs Assironer rac carric auri 2) aspars. Bread and Wine are offered, the Antitype of his Body and Blood. And Greg. Naz. Orat. 1. Apol. προσφέρεω την των μείά-λων μυς ηρίων 'Ανθίτυπου. Το offer the Antitype of the great Mysteries. This likewise plainly appears from St. Cyprian's 63d Epist. where he says, Utique id nos - facere oportet, quod Christus fecit, & quod faciendum esse mandavit—[qui] Sacrificium Patri seipsum primus obtulit, & hoc in fui Commemorationem præcepit. We ought-to do that which Christ did, and which be commanded to be done-[wbo] first offered bimself a Sacrifice to the Father, and commanded us to do this in Commemoration of him. And again in the same Ep. Qui Sacrificium Deo Patri obtulit-panem & vinum, suum scilicet Corpus & Sanguinem; Who offered a Sacrifice to God the Father - Bread and Wine, to wit, his own Body and Blood. And therefore this Oblation must then (as it still does in this, as well as in the other ancient Liturgies) have followed immediately after the Words of Institution. WhichOblation the Prieft prays that God would accept of, not by fending down Fire from Heaven,

getten before all time, was born in time:—he manifested thy Name to them that knew it not;—he revived Piety, fulfilled thy Will, and finished the Work which thou gavest him to do, and when he had done all these things, being apprehended by the Hands of wicked Men--and delivered to Pilate the Governour he who is impasfible was nailed to the Cross, and he who by Nature is immortal died, and the Giver of Life was buried, that he might deliver those from Suffering for whose Sake he came, and fet them free from Death; and that he might break the Bands of the Devil, and rescue Mankind from his He rose Deceit. again the third

own Hands had formed, but didst in divers manners visit us in the Bowels. of thy Mercy. Thou didst send Prophets, and work Miracles by thy Saints, who in every Age pleased thee. Thou spakest unto us by the Mouth of thy Servants the Prophets, foretelling us of that Salvation which was to come. Thou gavest the Law for a Help to us, and didst appoint Angels to be our Guardians. And when the Fulness of Time was come, thou spakest unto us by thy own Son, by whom thou madest Who being the Brightthe Worlds. ness of thy Glory, and the express Image of thy Person, and upholding all things by the Word of his Power, thought it no Robbery to be equal to Thee his God and Father. Nevertheless he who was God from all Eternity, appeared upon the Earth, and conversed with Men, and being incarnate of the holy Virgin, he emptied himself, taking upon him the Form of a Servant, being made conform to the Body of our low Estate, that he might make us conform to the Image of his Glory. For as by Man Sin entered into the World, and Death by Sin, it seemed good to thy only begotten Son, who is in the Bosom of Thee his God and Father, being made of a Woman, the holy and ever-virgin Mary, the Mother of God, made under the Law, to condemn Sin in his Flesh, that those who die in Adam might be made alive in him, thy Christ: He conversed in this World,

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as of old, to confume it, but his holy Spirit to transmute it, (μελαδάλλιν, as St. Cyril, μελαξόνθης as St. Cyril, μελαξόνθης as St. Chryloftom, μελαφοιεῦ, as Greg. Nyssen expressent it,) and to make it truly, really, and effectually the spiritual and life-giving Body and Blood of Christ.

The Chementine Liturgy.

पर्धामा मेम्बर्द्ध, मे पर्यσαράκον]α ήμέρας cuδιαδρίψας τοῖς μα-ઉની વાદ વાદ માં Φθη, લંદ TES हिल्लाहेड, में स्टब-Déan on dezian ou τέ Θεέ και જાલીρος αυτέ, Μεμνημένοι έν ων δι' ήμας ύπέμανεν, εύχαρις εμέν σοι, ન કારે જ તામાર ક્લાર માટે જે જે όσον έφειλομθυ, αλλ όσον δυνάμεθα, κ τω διάταξιν αὐτᾶ જાં ληρεμεν. Ο ή γαρ νυκτι အαρεδίδολο,

Part of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrysoftom and St. Bafil.

कारण, विषेठ कार्वार्वि प्रकीय क्रीन्श्रीय, बेनाव्यंत σας ήμας ο σελάνης τ είδωλων, σερσήγαίε τη επιίνωση σε τε άληθινέ Θεέ κ જાલી (છેડ, ત્રીમ o લે મિક્ક માર્ચે કે લાગ છે Aad) જ tεκέσιον, βασιλικών ἱεράτευμα, έθνος ά Γιον, κ καθαρίσας οι ύδατι, κ άδιάσας τῷ **ωνεύμα]:** τῷ ἀγίω Εδωκεν ἐαυτὸν ἀν]άλλα[μα τῷ θανάτφ ἐν ῷ καθαχόμεθα σεπραμένει ύπο τίω άμαρίαν κη καθελθών διά τε ςαυρε eis τ άδην, ίνα τληρώση έαυβε τα σαίνα, έλυσε τας όδύνας τε θανάτε મે ανας ας τη τείτη ημέρα, κ οδοποιήσας σαρκί τ όπ νεκρών ανάςασιν, καθότι έκ ที่ง διωαπος κραβείος ύπο द Φθοράς दे αίρχηγον & ζωής, εγένετο απαρχή τ κεκοιμημένων, πρωβόπα Φ έκ τ νεκρών ίνα ή αὐτος τα σάν α οι σάσι σρωθιύων, κ ανελ-रिक्षेत्र संद महेद इंडियाहरेट इंप्रवृत्ति कर देत पुरां के με αλωσιμής σε οι ύψηλοις ος κ ήξα Σοποθεναι εκάς φ τζ' τὰ ερία αὐτε· καβελιπε 🥱 ຖຸ່ມ ເປັນ ທ່າງ ທຸກ ທຸກ ທຸກ ຄົນ ຂອງ ທຸກ ຄົນ ຄົນ ເຮັ σάθες, - μίλλων γαι έξαναι έπι τ insσιον — κ) ζωοπιιον αὐτῶ θάνατον, τῆ νυκτὶ ή παρεδίδε έαυτὸν ὑπὲς το το κόσμε ζωης,

+ So Lit. Chrys. Τῆ νυκτὶ ἦ σαρεδίδόλο, μᾶλλον δὲ ἑαυτὸν σαρεδίδε ὑπὲρ το τε κόσμε ζωῆς,

Lit. Mar. Τῆ νυκτὶ ἦ જ αρεδίδε ἐαυτίν ὑπὲρ τ ἀμαριῶν ἡμῶν, κὰ τ ὑπὲρ જ άνιων ὑηίτωου [1. ὑΦίτωο] Θάναον σαρκὶ, [ 2.8 ]

The present Liturgy of St. James.

The ancient Liturgy of the Churck of Jerusalem.

St. Guilin Catech. Myst. V. The Clementine Liturgy.

Part of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrysoftom and St. Bafil.

Day from the Dead, and having conversed forty Days with his Difciples, he was taken up into Heaven, and fet at the right Hand of thee his God and Father. We therefore in Commemoration of those things which he endured forus, give Thanks to Thee, O Almighty God, not as we ought, but as we are able, and fullfil his Institution. For in the fame Night that he was betrayed

gave the Precepts of Salvation, took us off from the Error of Idolatry, and brought us to the Knowledge of Thee the true God and Father, purchasing us to himself a peculiar People, a royal Priesthood, a holy Nation, and purifying us with Water, and sanctifying us by the Holy Ghost: He gave himself a Ransom to Death, by which we were holden, being fold under Sin; and defcending through the Cross into Hades, that he might fill all things with himfelf, he loofed the Pains of Death; and rifing again the third Day, and opening a Way in the Flesh to the Resurrection of the Dead, for as much as it was not possible that the Author of Life should be holden of Corruption, he became the First-fruits of them that slept, the First-born from the Dead, that he might be the first of all in all things, and ascending into Heaven, he sat down at the right Hand of thy Majesty on high; who shall also come again to render to every one according to his Works. But he has left us these Memorials of his salutary Passion—for when he was to go out to his voluntary—and life-giving Death, in the fame Night in which he offered up himself for the Life of the World.

+—Lit. Chrys. In the same Night that he was betrayed, or rather offered up himself for the Life of the World,

Lit. Mar. In the fame Night in which he offered up himself for our Sins, and underwent Death in the Flesh for all,

Deinde Sacerdos Panem manibus accipiens, dicit,

Λαθών τον άρτον επί τ άγίων ε κα άχρων κων κα άμωμων, ε κα άθαν τον αυτά χειρών, εἰναθλεψας εἰς τον εἰρανον, κὰ ἀναθείζας σοὶ τῷ Θεῷ κὰ απαθεί, εὐχαικήσας, ἀΓιάσας, κλάσας, ἔδωκεν εἰμῶν τοῦς αὐτε μαθηλαῖς καὶ ἀποςόλοις, ἐπων εἰναθιος. ἀς ἀφισυ εἰναθιος, κὰ ις ζωὸν αἰώνων."

Sacerd

Λάβεζε, Φάζετε, τῶτό με ἐςὶ τὸ σῶμα, τὸ ὑπὲρ ὑμῶν κλώμθρον κὰ διδόμθρον εἰς ἄΦεσιν ἀμαρτιῶ: , f Pop. Αμήν." Sacerd. accipit Calicem & dicit,

Οταύτως μι το δειπτήσαι, λαδών το σολήριον, καὶ κεράσας εξ οίνε καὶ ύδατος εμ ἀιαδλίξας σοὶ τῷ Θιῷκὴ τὰ ἀιαδλίξας σοὶ τῷ Θιῷκὴ τὰ ἀιαδλίξας σοὶ τῷ Θιῷκὴ τὰ ἀλήσας τι ὑμαὶ ἀνίε, εδωκεν ὶ ἡμῦ," τοῖς αὐτε μαθηλαῖς εἰπων, πίελε εξ αὐτε πάν-τες, τετό με έςὶ τὸ αἶμα τὸ τ καινῆς διαθηκης τὸ ὑπερ ὑμῶν κὰ πολλῶν ἀκχεύμλον κὰ διαδιλό, ἀμον εἰς ἄφεσιν ἀμαρλίῶν κ Ρορ. Αμήν. Sacerd "Τετο ποιείτε εἰς τλι ἐμλιὰ κὰ τὸ τὸ πολίξιον τῶτο πίνηι, τὸν θάναλον τῦ ὑμῶ τὰ ἀνθρίπε καλαβρίλλει, κὰ τὸν ἐνάς ασιν αὐτε ὁμιλοιείτε, ἀχιες ὁ ἐλθη."

\* De Lit. Clere.

De Lit. Syr. Clem. Mar. Chr. & Baf.

. De Lit. Syr. Clem. & Mar. Chr. & Baf.

De Lit. Clem.

4 De Clem. Mar. Chr. & Baf. & Lit. Syr.

1 De Lit. Syr. & Clem.

B De Syr. Clem. & Baf.

De Lit. Syr. Clem. Chryf. & Baf.

1 Lip. Syr. iistlem thefe, Se de Chr. Mar. & Baf.

\* De Lit Clem.

1 De Lit. Chrys.

The ancient Liturgy of the Church of Jerusalem.

Λαδών τ αξίον έπὶ τ αγίων κὰ αμώμων αὐτὰ χαιρών, αὐαδλεψας κἰς τ ἐρανὸν, κὰ αναδκέψας κἰς τ ἐρανὸν, κὰ αναδκέζας σοὶ τῷ Θεῷ καὶ ανατελ, εὐχαελήσας, αἰιάσας, κλάσας, εδωκεν τοῖς αὐτὰ μαθηλαῖς, κἰπών Λάβείε, Φάίετε, τὰτό μα ἐςὶ τὰ Σῶμα, τὰ ὑπὲρ ὑμῶν κλώμιλον κὰ διδόμενον, κἰς ἄΦεσιν αμαβιῶν.

Ωσαύτως μξ το δαπνήσαι, λαδών το ποίή ερου, \* κ κεράσας εξ οίνα κ υδατως, εύχαρις ήσας, άγιασας, εύλογήσας, εδωκεν τοῖς αὐτὰ μαθήλαῖς, ἐπών, πίε εξ αὐτὰ πάνθες, τὰτό μα εςὶ το αἴμα το τῆς καινῆς διαθήκης το ὑπερ ὑμῶν κ πολλῶν ἀκχείμον καὶ διαδιδόμθρον εἰς ἄφεσιν ἀμαριῶν τὰτο ποιετε εἰς τιο εμιω ἀνάμνησιν †.

\* So it is also in Lit. Clem. Mar. and Bafil, not to mention many other latter Liturgies. And the Testimonies for the Mixture of Wine and Water in the Eucharistick Cup are so many and so early, that there can be no doubt of it's being an Apostolical Tradition, and consequently derived from the Practice of Christ himself.

† I have omitted 'Odans γας, for as oft, &c. because in 1 Cor. xi. from whence they are taken, they seem not to be the Words of our Saviour, but the Inference of St. Paul from his Command τῶτο ωοινῖτε, do this, &c. howsoever they have come to be inferted in so many Liturgies. And though they are not so exceptionable in this Lit. where they are in the third Person, as in Lit. Syr. Clem. &c. where they are put in the first, yet still the Connexion is at least more natural without them, where after repeating the Command of our Lord τῶτο ωοινῖτε είς τὴν ἰμῆν κτάμνησιν, do this in Remembrance of me, the Priest immediately subjoins μεμενημένου &ν, wherefore in Remembrance, &c.

The Clementine Liturgy.

Λαδών ἄρ]ον ταῖς ἀγίαις κὰ ἀμώμοις αὐτᾶ χεροὶ κὰ ἀναδλέψας πρὸς σὲ τὸν Θεὸν αὐτᾶ κὰ πατέρα <sup>2</sup> κὰ κλάσας, ἔδωκε τοῖς μαθηλαῖς, ἐπών [τᾶτο τὸ μυςήριον τὸ καινῆς διαθήκης] λάδεὶε [ἐξ αὐτᾶ,] Φά/ετε' τᾶτό ἐςι τὸ Σῶμά μα, τὸ περὶ πολλῶν θρυπὶόμθρον ἐἰς ἀΦεσιν ἀμαρὶιῶν.

Ωσαύτως κ τὸ જારીમંદ્રાભ, મક્ટલંક લડ્ડ કર્ટ oive में voalos, में aγιάσας, επέδωκει αὐ-TOIS, AS WY TO IE E EF ฒ่ารัช สต่ที่เร ารัช έςι το Αίμά με, το **σιελ** σολλῶν ἀκχιμόμβρον είς άφεσιν apagliar 1810 au-स्मा संद्र रिक्षे देमिक वंγάμνησιν. [Όσάκις yale tal totife mi बॅश्राम रहेराम, में कांग्न-मह में क्वरीर्म्सरण मर्डेम, ने निवाबीन ने देम्ले καζαγέλλεζε, άχεις ar inga.]

a f. add εὐλογήσας, bleffing, as in Matth. and Mark; or εὐχαςικύσας, giving thanks, as in Luke, and 1 Cor. xi. or ἀΓιάσας, fanttifying, as below. Part of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrystosom and St. Basil.

Lit. Mar. Duwwandigeis ph [add. Tais αγίων μαθηθών η αποςόλων, ελαβεν αρρον έπι] τ αίγίων κ αχράνων κ αμώμων αὐτε χαιρών, [add. xai] αναβλέψας eis [add. T zegud weck où T idior waleen, Seor J ήμων και θείν τ΄ όλων, εύχαιρητήσας, εύλογήσας, αιιάσας, κλάσας, διέδωκε τοις αγίοις κ μακαυίοις αὐτὰ μαθηαῖς καὶ αποςόλοις, είπων - Λάβεζε, Φάγεζε· τέτο γάρ ές: το Σῶμά με το ὑπὲρ ὑμῶν κλώμθρον κ διαδιδόμθρον είς άφεσιν άμι 20τιών.— Ωσαύτως κ में कि विश्व मिं में विस-मान्वा त्रविका, में प्रश्वितवह हेर्ट्ट ग्रंथ में प्रीवτ , αναδλέψας κίς में કંદુανον περές σε मे ίδιον σεαλέρα, θείν ή ήμων, κ θείν τόλων, εύχαι είλογήσας, αλήσας ανεύμα] 🕒 αγίε, μεθέδωκε τοῖς αγίσις κὶ μακαείοις αὐτέ μαθηλαίς κ Σσος όλοις, લંπων, कांदीर देह कारडे कर्वणीहर,- रहेरा प्रवृ हेटा के Αίμα με το ε καινής διαθήκη, το ύπερ ύμῶν κ πολλῶν ἀκχιμόμθρον κ διαδιδόμθρον લંદુ ἀφεσεν άμαριων — τέτο σοιάτε લંદુ τω έμω ανάμνητιν. 'Ο τάκις γαρ αν έωτή ! मैं बैक्स रहेरा, कांग्री हैं भें करीनंश्रक रहेरा, में εμιον θάναβον καθασγέλλεθε, κή τω εμιω ανάς ασιν κζ ανάληψιν όμολογιώτε, άχεις في فكرة وكم الله

Lit. Chryf. Λαδων άρτον ον ταϊς άγίαις αυτά κὰ άχράνδος κὰ ἀμωμήτοις χερούν, εὐ-χαρικήσας κὰ εὐλογήσας, ἀδιάσας, κλάσας, ἔδωκε τοῖς ἀγίοις αὐτά μαθηθαίς κὰ ἀποςόλοις, ἐπών — Λάβελε, Φάγελε, τὰτό μα εςὶ τὸ Σῶμα, τὸ ὑπερ ὑμῶν κλώμψεν εἰς

Then the Priest taking the Bread into his Hands, faith,

Taking Bread into his holy a and undefiled," and immaculate, b and immortal" Hands, looking up to Heaven, and presenting it to thee his God and Father, he gave Thanks, sanctified, and broke it, and gave it to us" his Disciples, d and Apostles," saying,

• The Deacons fay, for Remission of Sins, and for Life everlasting."

Prieft.

Take, eat, This is my Body which is broken and given for you, for the Remission of Sins. f Peop. Amen." The Priest taketh the Cup, and saith,

In like manner after Supper, He took the Cup, and having mix'd it of Wine and Water, and looking up to Heaven, and prefenting it to Thee his God and Father, he gave Thanks, fanctified and bles'd it, filling it with the holy Spirit, and gave it to us his Disciples, saying, Drink ye all of this, This is my Blood of the New Testament, which is shed and given for you and for many, for the Remission of Sins.

\* Peop. Amen. Priest."

Do this in Remembrance of me. For as oft as ye eat this Bread and drink this Cup, ye do show forth the Death of the Son of Man, and consess his Resurrection, until his Coming again.

The ancient Liturgy of the Church of Jerusalem.

Taking Bread into his holy and immaculate Hands, looking up to Heaven, and presenting it to thee his God and Father, he gave Thanks, sanctified and broke it, and gave it to his Disciples, saying, Take, eat, This is my Body, which is broken and given for you, for the Remission of Sins.

In like manner, after Supper, He took the Cup, \* and having mixed it of Wine and Water" he gave Thanks, fanctified, and bleffed it, and gave it to his Disciples, saying, Drink ye all of this, This is my Blood of the New Testament, which is shed and given for you and for many, for the Remission of Sins. Do this in Remembrance of me +.

The Clementine
Liturgy.

Part of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrysoftom and St. Basil.

Taking Bread into his holy and immaculate Hands, and looking up to thee his God and Father, and breaking it, he gave it to his Difciples, faying, This is the Mystery of the New Testament, Take [of it,] eat, This is my Body, which is broken for many, for the Remission of Sins.

In like manner also be took the Cup, having mixed it of Wine and Water, and fanctified it, and gave it to them, faying, Drink ye all of this, This is my Blood, which is shed for many for the Remission of Do this in Sins. Remembrance of me. [For as oft as ye eat this Bread, and drink this Cup, ye do shew forth my Death till my Coming again.]

Lit. Mar. Having fat down to Supper with [add, his holy Disciples and Apostles, he took Bread into] his holy and undefiled, and immaculate Hands, [add, and looking up to [add, Heaven, to Thee] his own Father, but our God, and the God of All, he gave Thanks, blessed, sanctified, and broke it, and gave it to his holy and bleffed Disciples and Apostles, saying, Take, eat, for This is my Body, which is broken and given for you, for the Remission \* of Sins. In like manner, after Supper, he took the Cup, and having mixed it of Wine and Water, and looking up to Heaven, to Thee his own Father, but our God, and the God of All, he gave Thanks, bleffed, and filled it with the holy Spirit, and gave it to his holy and bleffed Disciples and Apostles, saying, Drink ye all of this, for This is my Blood of the New Teftament, which is shed and given for you and for many, for the Remission Do this in Remembrance of of Sins. For as oft as ye eat this Bread, and drink this Cup, ye do shew forth my Death, and confess my Resurrection and Assumption, till my Coming again.

Lit. Chrys. Taking Bread into his holy and undefiled, and immaculate Hands, he gave Thanks, and bleffed, fanctified and broke it, and gave it to his holy Disciples and Apostles, saying, Take, eat, This is my Body, which is broken for you, for the Remission of

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The present Liturgy of St. James.

The ancient Liturgy of the Church of Jerusalem.

• Diac. Πιστύομεν η διμολογώμεν"

Sacerd.

Μεμνημένοι ἐν χὶ ἡμᾶς ς οἱ ἀμαρὶωλοὶ τ Μεμνημένοι ἐν τὰ ἡμᾶς [οἱ ἀμαρὶωλοὶ ζωοποιῶν αὐτἕ παθημάτων, τε σωὶηρίε τ ζωοποιῶν αὐτἕ παθημάτων, τε σωὶης καιρε, χὶ τε θανάτε, τὰ ταφῆς χὶ εκεταιρε, χὶ τε θανάτε, [τὰ ταφῆς] κὰ τε θε καιρες κὰ] τε θανάτες [τὰ ταφῆς] κὰ τε θε καιρες κὰ] τε θανάτες [τὰ ταφῆς] κὰ τε θε καιρες κὰ θε καιρες καιρε

Pop. Το Θάναβόν συ Κύρι καθαΓγίλλομαν, η νών ανάς ασίν συ δμολογύμεν."

De Lit. Syr. Clem. Mar. Chrys. & Baf.

De Lit. Clem. Mar. Chrys. & Bas.

De Lit. Syr. De Lit. Syr.

The Clementine Liturgy.

Part of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrysostom and St. Basil.

άφεσιν άμαριων.— Ομοίως κ το ποίής κον με το δειπνήσαι λέγων.— πίε εξ αὐτε πάνες, τετό έςι το Αίμά με το τ καινής διαθήκης, το ὑπερ ὑμῶν κ πολλῶν ἀκχεόμον κς ἄφεσιν ἀμαριῶν. — [add, τετο ποιετε κς τω εμω ἀνάμνησιν.]

Lit. Baf. Λαθών άρλον επί τ άγίων αύτε κ αχεφίθων χαρών, αναδάξας σοι τῷ ૭૬૦૦ મે જ્યીરો, લાંત્રવદાદમંσας, લાંતογήσας, αγιάσας, κλάσας, — εδωκε τοῖς αγίος αὐτε μαθηλαίς κὰ ἀποςόλοις, ἐπών Λά-Gele, Φάιετε, τεπό με έςὶ πο Σώμα, πο ύπερ ύμῶν κλώμθρον εἰς ἄΦεσιν άμαριῶν. - Όμοίως κ το πολήριον όκ τε γριήμα] . τ αμπέλε λαδών, κεράσας, εύχαριτήσας, εύλογήσας,, άγιάσας, - εδωκε τοις άγίοις αυτε μαθηλαίς κ αποςίλοις, લπών πίθε है दें को गर्ड कर्का हिंद, गर्डि में हिंदा में Αιμά με τό दें καινής διαθήκης, τὸ ύπερ ύμῶν κὰ σολλῶν cκχιμομθρον είς αφεσιν αμαρδιών. - Τετο જાગલેં માં લેંડ મીટા રેમિટા તેમ તેમ મુજા છે. Όσάχις yae av salins में बहुम्ला महिम्ला, में के कार्निन ερον τέπο σύνηλε, τ έμον θάναλον καλαγέλλέζε, [add και] των έμων ανάς ασιν έμελογείτε.

Μεμνημένοι τοίνων τε τάθες αυτες κ τε θανάτες κς τ όκ Lit. Mar. Τον θάναθον, δέσσοθα κύρμε πανθόκορθορ, έπεράνιε βασιλεῦ, τε μονογρες σε ὑιε, κυρίε ζ κ θες κ σωθερων ήμων Ἰησε Χριςε καθαγέλλονθες, κ τω

Iren. Frag. Edit. a Pfaff. Ταύτας τὰς πεοσφοράς τη ἀναμυνοιι τὰ Κυρία ἀγούλις, who offer these Oblations in Commemoration of our Lord.

Just. M. Dial. c. Tryph. p. 215. περί το άρθο δι παρίδωκιν ήμεν δ ήμετερο χρικός ποιεν είς αναμινστιν το τι σωμαθοποιέσασθαι αυτόν δια τος πικεύονθας είς αυτόν, δι θς και παθηθός γίγον και περί το ποθηρίω δ είς Ε 2

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Prieft.

Wherefore, in Commemoration of his" blife-giving Passion, salutary Cross," Death, Burial," and Re-

Wherefore, in Commemoration of his" [life-giving Passion, salutary Cross] Death, [Burial] and Resurrec-

a Deac. We believe and confess"

Peop. We do show forth thy Death, O Lord, and confess thy Refurrection."

The Clementine Liturgy.

Part of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrysoftom and St. Bafil.

Sins. In like manner, after Supper, be took the Cup, saying, Drink ye all of this, This is my Blood of the New Testament, which is shed for you and for many for the Remission of Sins. [add, Do this in Remembrance of me.]

Lit. Bas. Taking Bread into his holy and undefiled Hands, and prefenting it to Thee his God and Father, he gave Thanks, bleffed, fanctified, and broke it, and gave it to his holy Disciples and Apostles, saying, Take, eat. This is my Body, which is broken for you, for the Remission of Sins. In like manner he took the Cup of the Fruit of the Vine, and having mixed it, he gave Thanks, bleffed, and fanctified it, and gave it to his holy Disciples and Apostles, saying, Drink ve all of this, This is my Blood of the New Testament, which is shed for you and for many, for the Remission of Sins. Do this in Remembrance of me. For as oft as ye eat this Bread, and drink this Cup, ye do shew forth my Death [add and] confess my Resurrection.

Wherefore in Commemoration of his Passion, Death, and ReLit. Mar. Shewing forth therefore, O almighty Lord and heavenly King, the Death of thy only begotten Son, our Lord, and God, and Saviour Jesus Christ, and confessing his blessed Re-

andungen vi alpalle auvi maeldunes sux aessissas rossis, concerning that Bread which our Christ commanded us to do, [i.e. to offer] in Commemoration of his being made Flesh, for those who believe in him, for whose Sake he became subject to Suffering; and concerning

The ancient Liturgy of the Church of Jerusalem.

ச τιμμέρε όκ νεκρών αιας άτεως, ° κ τ संद संट्याप्टेंद बार्विष्ठ, में के ट्रेस विद्वार्थिंग प्रथ TE Өट्ड में Пबीहें प्रकी हिन्द्र, में के वैश्मीहिन्द्र င်းဝိဝ်ဥ်မ ညှဲ တုဝင်းစုဆိုင် ထပ်နာမီ အရာမင်းရန်, စီးထ हिर्रा कि मही विद्वाद प्रदेशका द्विंगीवड के vençue," όταν μέλλη αποδιδόναι έκας εξ τα έργα αὐτε, σερσφέρομέν σα δέσποζα τίω φοδεεκν ταύτω κ αναίμακδον θυσίαν, δεόμθροι ίνα μη καθά τας αμαβίας ήμων σοιήσης μεθ' ήμων, μηδε κζ' τὰς ἀνομίας ήμων αν αποδώσης ήμεν. αλλα κζ την σην έπικκαιν η άφατόν συ Φιλανθρωπίαν, ε ύπες-Ga's में इंद्रिक्स मिक्ड के मक्षी निम्बंग प्रसम्बेष्टिय-Φον" των σων ίκετων, λ χαρίση ήμιν τα επ κράνια κ αιώνιά σε δωρήμαλα, α οφθαλ-मारेद शंप रहिन, में मेंद शंप मॅप्सन, में देनो प्रवाहित्या की प्रदर्शका शंप ανίδη, α ητρίμασας ο θεός τοις αγαπώσι σε, κ) μη δι है में है के के रवेड है में वेड विमवहाँ कि वीडी मंगाड़ रहें। ਮੈਕਰੇ Φιλάνθρωπι πύρι»," ο γαρ λαός σε κ ή ή εκκλησία" σε iκε∫εύεσε σε,

· Lit. Syr. add tuze thy; the Oblation being in it all along directed to the Son, which certainly is an unwarrantable Innovation.

1 Judicaturus orbem in justitia, to judge the World

in Righteousness. Lit. Syr.

B Dele peccata nostra, blot out the Sins of us, Lit. Syr.
De Lit. Syr.

Hæreditas, Inberitance, Lit. Syr.

τεπμέρε όκ νεκρών ανασάσεως \* κ τ નંડ કંટલાકેડ લેમ્બેરિક, મે જે દેમ હિદ્દાલિંગ નક મર્કે ઉદ્દે रे Παθρός καθέδρας, κે τ δευθέρας + cubózu સે Φοδερά; αὐτέ σαικσίας, όταν έλθη μ δόξης κερναι ζώνλας κὰ νεκεκς, όταν μέλλη αποδιδόναι έκας ω εξ' τα έργα αὐτε τοροσ-Φέρομέν σοι δέσσολα ‡ των Φοδιεσίν ταύτω κ αναίμακ]ον θυσίαν, δεόμθροι ίνα μή τζ τας αμαρίας ήμων σοιήσης μεθ' ήμων, μηδε κζ τως ανομίας ήμων ανλαποδώσης ήμῶν, ἀλλα κζ' των σην ἐπιάκααν και ἄΦατών σε Φιλανθεωπίαν, υπεςδας | εξαλάψας τὸ καθ' ήμῶν χαιρό [εμΦον τῶν σῶν ἰκείῶν, χαιίση ήμεν τα επεράνια και αιώνια σε \* δωρήμαλα, ο γαρ λαός συ και ή <sup>b</sup> έκκλη-סומ" סצ וגולנטצסו סנ,

 If what is here inclosed in Hooks be omitted, as supposing it to be an after Addition, then auti bis must be added here agreeably to Lit. Syr. which instead thereof has put tuze thy, See note e in the other Column.

† S. Cyr. p. 293. irδόξυ διυτίρας αὐτῶ παρυσίας,

bis second glorious Advent.

1 S. Cyr. p. 297. The areupaliane Guoiae, The araiμακίον λαίρειαν, the spiritual Sacrifice, the unbloody Service. And again, της αγίας και Φρικυδις ατης προκειμίνης θυσίας, the boly and tremendous Sacrifice lying in open View. Atbenag. Legat. p. 49. was Tol προσφέριυ δίοι αναίμακλοι Δυσίαν, yet we ought to offer the unbloody Sacrifice.

| S. Cyr. p. 13. ἰξαλεῖψαι τὸ καθ' ἡμῶν χειεόγεαφον, to blot out the Hand-writing that is against us. Vid. Iren. p. 426. & Conft. Apoft. L. viii. c. 8. p. 395.

\* f. πράγμαλα, good things. S. Cyr. θρανίων δε πραγμάτων καυής, διαθήκης πληρώσειι, replexish you with the beavenly Things of the new Covenant, p. 13. And, wai internar Silar nearguatur, and the Energy of divine Things, p. 11. I have omitted à δρθαλμός en side, &c. which Eye hath not feen, &c. because I take it to have been added by such as supposed the έπυράνια δωρήματα, the beavenly Gifts, Or πράγμαλα, Things, to refer to the heavenly Bleffings of the future State, whereas they feem to fignify here more immediatly the spiritual and heavenly Food of the Body and Blood of Christ; for the Eucharist (as S. Irez.

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γεκρών ἀναςάσεως, મે જે લંદ કેલ્લાકેદ દેમન-१०विष्ठ, भ्रे के महत्रवेषणाइ વારા કે જામ જ જામ cias in & spxslan mil δόξης κ, δυνάμεως nezivai (wilas nai vexes's, xai aποδέναι έκας ων κζ' τα έργα ἀυτέ πεοσ-Φέρομέν σοι τῷ βασιλεί κે Θεά, κζ τω αυτε διάταξιν, πν वेंही ०४ रहें राज के का τήριον τέπ, εύχαerzenles का हा, क़τε \* [εΦ' οις κα]ηξίωσας ήμας εξάναι ειώπιον ση, κ ίερα-TEURY OU!

\* What I have here inclosed in Hooks, I take to be an Interpolation, though it be also in the Ethiopick Lit. Not but that the Office of the Priesthood [if we will judge according to Reafon and the Nature of Things] is the most honourable and beneficial of any, and therefore well deferving the utmost Thanks both of the Priest himself, and also of the People, who by his Ministry receive such ineRimable Bleffings: But because wageswillis ou Si autë giving Thanks to Thee through bim, feems rather to have Respect to the whole foregoing Thankfgiving, and still more

Part of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrysoftom and St. Basil.

τελήμερον κ μακαείαν ἀυτε όκ νεκρων ἀνάςασιν ίμολογενίες, κ τω εἰς ἐρανες ἀνάληψιν [ὁμολογεμίκ], κ τω όκ δεξιων σε τε θεε κ παθρός καθέδραν, κ τω δευίεραν κ Φεμκτω κ Φιβεράν ἀυτε παρεσίαν ἀπεκδεχόμθροι, όν ξ μέλλει ἔρχεως κερναι ζώνίας κ νεκρες όν δικαιοσιών, καὶ ἀποδεναι [add, ἐκάς ω κ τὰ τὰ ἔργα ἀυτε ] Σοι κύριε ὁ Θεὸς ἡμῶν τὰ σὰ όκ τῶν σῶν δώρων προεθήκαμθι ἐνώπιόν σε.

Lit. Chrys. Μεμνημένοι τοίνωυ τ σωθηείκ ταύτης όντολης, κ πάντων τ ύπερ
ημών γεθμημένων, τε ςαυρε, τε τάθκ,
της τελημέρε ἀναςάσεως, τ εἰς κερικς
ἀναδάσεως, τ όκ δεξιῶν καθέδερες, τῆς
δευθέρες κ ἀνδόζε πάλιν παρκσίας, τὰ σὰ
ἀκ τ σῶν σοι προσφέρομθμ [f. προσφέρον]ες
vid. Lit. Βεί] κζ πάνθα κ δικ πάνθα σὲ
υμνεμθμ, σὲ εὐλογεμθμ, σοὶ εὐχαρις εμθρε
κύρε.

Lit. Baf. Μεμνημένοι ἐν, δέασολα, χ ήμεῖς τ σωληρώων αὐτε παθημάτων, τε ζωοποιε ςαυρε, τ τριημέρε ταθης, τ κα νεκρών ανας άσεως, της εἰς ερανες αὐοδε, της κλ δεξιών σε τε Θεε κ παλρός καθ εδρας κ το κόζε κ φοδερας αὐτε παρεσίας, τὰ σὰ κ τῶν σῶν σοι προσφέρονλες, κ παίλα κ διὰ πάνλα σὲ ὑμνεμμ, σὲ εὐλοχεμμ, σὸι εὐχαρις εμμ κύρις,

that Cup, which he commanded us to do, [i.e. again, to offer] with Thanksgiving, in Commemoration of his Blood,—vid. et. p. 119.

The ancient Liturgy of the Church of Jerusalem.

furrection from the Dead on the third Day, his Ascension into Heaven, and fitting at the right Hand of Thee his God and Father, and his second glorious and terrible Advent, when he shall come again f with glory to judge the Quick and the Dead," and shall render to every one according to his Works, we 'Sinners' offer to Thee, O Lord, this tremendous and unbloody Sacrifice: Beseeching Thee, that thou wouldst not deal with us after our Sins, nor reward us after our Iniquities, but according to thy Clemency and ineffable Love to Mankind, over-looking and blotting out the Hand-writing that is against us" thy Servants, h wouldst grant us thy heavenly and eternal Gifts, which Eye hath not feen, nor Ear heard, nor have entred into the Heart of Man, which thou hast prepared for them that love Thee, O God, and reject not the People for me and my Sins, O Lord, thou lover of Men" for thy People, and thy 'Church" make their Supplications unto Thee.

tion from the Dead on the third Day, a his" Ascension into Heaven, and fitting at the right Hand of Thee his God and Father, and his fecond + glorious and terrible Advent, when he shall come again with glory to judge the Quick and the Dead, and shall render to every one according to his Works, we [Sinners] offer to Thee, O Lord, ‡ this tremendous and unbloody Sacrifice: Befeeching Thee, that thou wouldst not deal with us after our Sins, nor reward us after our Iniquities; but according to thy Clemency and ineffable Love to Mankind, over-looking and || blotting out the Hand-writing that is against us thy Servants, wouldst grant us thy heavenly and eternal \* Gifts, for thy People, and thy b Church" make their Supplications unto thee.

Iren. expresseth it, l. 4. c. 34) consists in δύο πραγμάτων, έπιγείω τε παὶ άραείω, of two Things, the earthly and the heavenly; and as all the áραεια heavenly Things, or έπυραεια supercelestial, are in the Language of the N. Test. διώτια eternal, so the Eucharist in particular may very sitly be so called because it is φάρμακου άθμεσασίας, ἀιδιδοίος τῦ μιὰ ἀποθανεῖν ἀλλὰ ζῶν ἐν Ἰποῦ Κριτῷ διὰ παιδός, the Medicine of Immortality, our Antidote that we should not die, but live for ever in Christ Jesus. S. Ignat. Ep. ad Ephes. c. 20.

Δl. πληφουρμία Inheritance; vid. Lit. Syr.

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furrection from the Dead, his Ascenfion into Heaven, and his fecond Advent, when he shall come again with Glory and Power to judge the Quick and the Dead, and to render to every Man according to his Works, we offer to Thee, our King and our God, according to his Institution, this Bread and this Cup, giving Thanks to thee through him, \* [for that thou hast vouchsafed us to stand before Thee, and to sacrifice unto Thee.]

furrection from the Dead on the third Day, and his Assumption into Heaven [we consess,] and his sitting at the right Hand of Thee his God and Father, and looking for his second dreadful and terrible Advent, when he shall come again to judge the Quick and the Dead in Righteousness, and to render [add, to every one according to his Works,] we have set before Thee, O Lord our God, thy own out of thy own Gifts.

Lit. Chrys. Wherefore in Com-

Lit. Chrys. Wherefore in Commemoration of this his falutary Command, and of all those things which he did for us, his Cross, his Burial, his Resurrection on the third Day, his Ascension into Heaven, his sitting at thy right Hand, and his second and glorious Advent, we offer [s. offering, see Lit. Bas.] to Thee thy own out of thy own, in all and for all we sing Hymns to Thee, we bless Thee, we give Thanks to Thee, O Lord.

Lit. Bas. Wherefore, O Lord, in Commemoration of his salutary Passions, his life-giving Cross, his being three Days in the Grave, his Resurrection from the Dead, his Ascension into Heaven, his sitting at the right Hand of Thee his God and Father, and his glorious and terrible Advent, offering to Thee thy own out of thy own, in all and for all we sing Hymns to Thee, we bless Thee, we give Thanks to Thee, O Lord.

more especially to the Passion and Death, Resurrection, Ascension and second Advent of our blessed Savious immediately before commemorated; In a Word, paper, in Commemoration, members, in Commemoration, members, we offer to thee, -- wix accrising giving Thanks, imports we offer to thee this Sacrisce of Thansgiving, in Commemoration of, &s.

· [Pop.] · Elénou nuãs Kúch à Otos, à Παίηρο σαντοκράτωρ, [Sacerd.] Ελίησον ήμες ο θεὸς ο σωνοκράτως, ελέησον ήμας ο θεὸς ο σωθής ήμων έλέησον ήμᾶς à θιός κζ' το μέτα έλεος συ, છે έξαπός αλον εφ' ήμᾶς κὰ επί τὰ ωροκαμβια δώρα ταυτα το συνευμέ σε το σαιαίου [Deinde inclinata cervice dicit] τὸ κύριον κή ζωοποιόν, के वर्णनिवारण वर्श कर्ज निर्मे में कवीर्रि, में क्ले मार्गिनार वस रार्मे, τὸ συμβασιλεύοι, τὸ ὁμωνσιοι τε κὴ συιαίδιοι, τὸ λαλῆ-उका के म्हिन में कारक्षांत्रमा, में नमें क्रवामें उस दीकी मंत्रम नहे Ralabar ir eider wegeregag int vor Kugen num Inour Xeisor ir to lopdary wolamo, no meirar in autor to καλαθαίν έπε τες 'Αποςόλες σε έν είδει συρίνεν γλεισσών έν τῷ ὑπερώμ τῆς ἀγίας κ) ἐνδόξυ Σιών, ἐν τῷ ἡμέρα τῆς मधीनमार्जिंद सर्गेर के कार्यमां द्वा रहे स्वार्वीका मधीवसामिक δίσποીα ίφ ήμας, η ίπι τα σιςοκιίμενα αίτα δώςα ταυτα & erigens se exclamat] iva emiDolficav ti ayia, भो केविभिन, भो is do to a dru a a a pería, a y la o n भे का o l f o n τον μεν άρτον τέτον σώμα άδιον τέ Χρισε συ, [Pop.] 'Αμή. και το σοθήριον τύτο αίμα τίμιον τε Χιις ε σε [Pop.] 'Αμή. ίνα χρη]αι **જારે** τοις έξ αύτων με αλαμβάνεσιν κίς άφεσιν άμαρτιών η είς ζωήν αίωνιον, είς αΓιατμον ψυχών κ σωμάτων, είς καρποφοείαν τρίων αίαθων b sic σηςιμών της αγίας συ καθολικής εκκλησίας, η εθεμελίωσας επό την σείτραν της σίςτως, δια σύλαι άδυ μη καθισχύσωση αυτής, ξυόμει 👁 αυτήν από σασης αιρίσεως κή σκαιδάλων κή έρ αζομένων την απομίαν, διαφυλάτων αυτήν μίχει της συθιλείας ' Từ ailing."

Lit. Syr. Miserere nobis Deus Pater omnipotens, & mitte Spiritum tuum fanchum—ut adveniens efficiat panem istum Corpus-Have mercy upon us, O God, Almighty Father, and fend down thy boly Spirit-that by his Descent upon them, he may make this Bread the Body-

This is undoubtedly an Interpolation, and does not feem to make good Sense, that the meaniner dupa, the Gifts set before God, as made the Body and Blood of Christ by the Descent of the holy Spirit upon them, should be rois if avron uslanausaus, to all who partake of them, for the Confirmation of the holy Catholick Church, &c.

The ancient Liturgy of the Church of Jerusalem.

\* Ελέησον ήμας Κύρμε ὁ Θεὸς, ὁ Παθήρ ο အာανδοκεφτωε, ελέησον ήμας κζ το μέδα έλεος ση, κα εξαπόσαλον έφ ήμας, κα έπι τα πεςκάμθρα δώρα ταυτα το πνευμά σε το άδιον, 🕂 ίνα επιφοιτήσαν σοιήση τον μεν άρτον τέτον Σώμα άδιον τέ Χρισέ σε, κ τὸ σοβήρμον τέτο Αίμα τίμιον τέ Χρμε σε ίνα γένη α α ασι τοις έξ αυτων μεταλαμδάνεσιν είς άφεσιν άμαριών, κ είς ζωήν αιώνιον \* [εἰς αίιασμον ψυχῶν κζ σωμάτων ‡ είς καρτοφορίαν ερίων αίαθων,]

\* Ephræm Syrus Orat. de Sacerd. T. 1. p. 20. Misericordiam & indulgentiam a Rege misericorde postulans, ut Spiritus Sah Aus pariter descendat sanctificetque dona in terris proposita. Asking Mercy and Indulgence from the merciful King, that the boly Spirit may descend upon, and sanctify the Gifts set before God on Earth.

Optat. Milev. L. vi. cont. Parmen. Quo Deus omnipotens invocatus fit, quo postulatus descendit Spiritus Sanctus. Where God Almighty is invoked, and

the holy Spirit being called for descends.

† S. Cyr. p. 300. dyna τὰ προκόμινα, ἐπιφοίτησιο διξάμινα αγίυ πτι μαίθ, boly are the Gifts which are fet before God [or lye in open view] beving received the Descent of the holy Spirit upon them.

\* What I have here inclosed in Hooks, if it be not to be lest out altogether, as in Frag. Iren. and as may feem probable also from the Prayer immediately before the Communion, p. 57. where the Priest prayeth in αξιοι γενώμεθα ποινωνοί και μέτοχοι प्रशांकिया पर्णे वंप्रांका क्य मण्डमहांका, होद वैक्टा वेमबहीरका प्रवा sis Cuns aidres, that we may be made worthy to be Communicants and Partakers of thy holy Mysteries, for the Remission of Sins, and for Life everlasting; and likewise from what I take to have been the Bidding of the Deacon to the Thanksgiving after communicating, ότι τέίωσας [1. ηξίωσιι] ημας μιλασχιῖι το σώμαίο n' αίμαίο συ [l. Χριςῦ] είς άφεσιν αμαβιών n' είς ζωήν αίωνιον, that thou baft wouthsafed [l. be bath vouchsafed to make us Partakers of thy Body and Blood [1. the Body and Blood of Christ] for the Remission of Sins and for Life everlasting. If it be not, I say, to be left out altogether, should, I think, be placed rather immediately after uslanausair, partake of them, and before sig apeau, &c. for Remission, &c. Thus S. Cyr. p. 274. according to the Reading of M. S. Bod. μεθαλαδείν μυσηςίων είς αγιασμόν ψυχων η σωμάτων, είς άφεσιν αμαβίων, η είς βασι-

—παρσκαλῶμθυ

Τ΄ Φιλάνθρωπον Θεόν

πὶ ἀΓιον πνεῦμα ἐξαποςθλαι ἐπὶ τὰ προκόμθρα, ἴνα ποιήση

Τ΄ μὲν ἄρπν Σῶμα
Χειςῦ, τὸν ζὸ οἶνον
Αἴμα Χειςῦ\*.

S. Cyr. adds, wártus, yde e ide ipádanto to dlies wnijna röro syrusani, pulledidaslas ; for that to which the holy spirit gives the Contact is familified and changed. Then immediately follows, stra, then, as p. 30.

## The Clementine Liturgy.

Και αξιθμέν σε ังสพร ยบุญมณัฐ รัสเ-**Ελέψης έπ**ι τὰ σεροκήμθρα δώεα ταῦτα crώπιον σε, ο ανεν-อัลทิร Θεος, หู ลบอิจหท์-**जाद है के वि**धरांद सेंद्र रा− μην τέ Χεμς ε σε, κα απέμψης το ά Γιόν σε συνεθμα έπλ τω θυσίαν ταύτην, જે મહારીપલુ જે જાલા મμάτων τῶ Κυρίε Ἰησε, όπως αποφήνη τ άρον τέπν Σωμα रहें Xess है की में क्किशिष्ट्र पर्वे Το Αξιμα मर्डे Xees है ज्यू शिक की μεταλαβόντες ἀυτέ σίδααν, άφίσιως άμαθημάτων τύχωσι, τη διαδόλη και δ ατλάνης αυτε ρυαδασι, συνύμα Θυ άγίε πληρωθώσιν, άξιοι TË Xeasë ou yivar-Tal, Cuis aiwris Túχωσι, σε καζαλλαPart of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrysostom and St. Basil.

Lit. Mar. Καὶ δεόμεθα κὰ παρακαλῶμέν σε Φιλάνθρωπε, ἀΓαθε, ἐξαπόςκλον
ἐξ ὑψες τῶ ἀγίε σε ἐξ ἐτοίμε κατοικηηρίε σε — ἐφ΄ ἡμᾶς, \* κὰ ἐπὶ τὰς ἄρτες
τέτες, κὰ ἐπὶ τὰ ποθήρια ταῦτα΄ τὸ πνεῦμά σε τὸ ἀΓιον, ἵνα ἀυτὰ ἀΓιάση—κὰ ποιήση τὸν μὲν ἄρτον Σῶμα, τὸ ἢ ποθήριον
Αἷμα—τῷ Κυρίε—ἡμῶν Ἰησῷ Χριςῷ —
ἴνα γμωνθαι πᾶσιν ἡμῖν τοῖς ἐξ αὐτῶν μεθαλαμδάνεσιν κἰς πίςιν, κἰς νῆψιν, κἰς ἴασιν,
κἰς σωφροσιών, κἰς ἀΓιασμὸν, κἰς [1. καὶ]
ἐπανανέωσιν ψυχῆς [add κὰ] σώμα Φ [b κὰ
πνεύμα Φ], κἰς κοινωνίαν μακαριότη Φ
ζωῆς αἰωνίε κὰ ἀΦθαρσίας —

\* I would incline to think this should be rather in the singular Number, κ iκ τὸ ἄρτοι τῶτοι κ, iκ τὸ ανθιέριοι τῶτοι, and προπ this Bread and this Cup, as it is immediately after. See I Cor. x. 17. S. Ignat. Ep. ad Eph. c. xx. ἔνα ἄρτοι πλῶντις, breaking one Bread. And Bp. ad. Philad. c. 4. ἔν ανθιέριοι εἰς ἔνωσιν τῶ αμμείος αὐτῶ, one Cap in the Unity of his Blood.
\* I have inclos'd κ αντώμαθ. and Spirit, in Hooks,

Lit. Chrys. Καὶ δεόμεθα σε ὁ Θεὸς ἡμῶν—καβάπεμψον τὸ πνεῦμα σε τὸ ακον εφ' ἡμᾶς κὰ ἐπὶ τὰ προκέμθρα δῶρα ταῦτα —ποίησον— [as I take all that is inserted in this Lit. betwixt δῶρα ταῦτα, thefe Gifts, and ποίησον, make, to be interpolated, so in consequence instead of ποίησον, make, it must be read ενα ποιήση, that be may make] τ μὲν ἄρτον τῶνν τίμιον Σῶμα τῶ Χριςῦ σε,—τὸ ἢ ἐν ποίηριος τέτω τίμιον

The ancient Liturgy of the Church of Jerusalem.

[Peop.] h. Have mercy upon us, O Lord God, Almighty Father, [Priest.] Have mercy upon us, O God Almighty, have mercy upon us, O God our Saviour, have mercy upon us, O God, according to thy great Mercy, and send down thy most holy Spirit upon us, and upon these Gifts which are here fet before thee. bowing his neck he saith, who is the Lord, and Giver of Life, who sitteth on the same Throne with thee, O God the Father, and with thy only begotten Son, and reigneth with thee, being confubstantial and coeternal, who spake by the Law, and the Prophets, and by thy New Testament, who descended in the Likeness of a Dove upon our Lord Jesus Christ in the River Jordan, and rested upon him, who descended upon the Apostles in the Likeness of stery Tongues, in the upper Room of holy and glorious Sion, on the Day of Pentecost; send down, O Lord, this thy most holy Spirit upon us, and upon these holy Gifts which are here set before thee. And raising himself up he fays with a loud Voice, that by his Descent upon them, with his holy, and good, and glorious Presence, he may sanctify and make this Bread the holy Body of thy Christ, [Peop.] Amen. and this Cup the precious Blood of thy Christ; [Peop.] Amen. that they may be to all who partake of them, for Remission of Sins, and for Life everlasting, for the Sanctification of Soul and Body, for bringing forth the Fruit of good Works, b for the Confirmation of thy holy Catholick Church, which thou hast founded upon the Rock of Faith, that the Gates of Hades may not prevail against it; delivering it from all Herefy and Scandals, and from the Workers of Iniquity, and preserving it to the Confummation of the Word."

\* Have mercy upon us, O Lord God, Almighty Father, have mercy upon us according to thy great Mercy; and fend down thy holy Spirit upon us, and upon these Gifts which are here set before thee, + that by his Descent upon them, he may make this Bread the holy Body of thy Christ, and this Cup the precious Blood of thy Christ; that they may be to all who partake of them, for Remission of Sins, and for Life everlasting, \* [for the Sanctification of Soul and Body, † for bringing forth the Fruit of good Works.]

hisac upanin ningeropian, to partake of the Mysteries for the Sanctification of Soul and Body, for Remission of Sins, and for an Inheritance in the Kingdom of Heaven

1 S. Gr. p. 44. Kagwopoguilis is islois aladois, bringing forth the Fruit of good Works.

The Clementine Liturgy.

Part of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Ebryfostom and St. Bafil.

—We may invocate God the Lover of Men, to fend down the holy Spirit upon the Gifts fet before him, that he may make the Bread the Body of Christ, and the Wine the Blood of Christ \*.

And we befeech Thee look to favourably upon these Gifts which are here set before thee, O God, who standest in need of nothing; and to accept them to the Honour of thy Christ's and to fend down thy holy Spirit upon this Sacrifice, the Witness of the Sufferings of the Lord Jesus, that he may make this Bread the Body of thy Christ, and this Cup the Blood of thy Christ; that they who partake thereof may be confirmed in Godliness, may obtain Remission of Sins, may be delivered from the Devil and his Deceit, may be filled with the holy Ghost, may be made worthy of thy Christ, and may obtain everlasting Life. Thou being recon-

Lit. Mar. And we pray and befeech thee, O good God, the Lover of Men, fend down from thy high and holy Place, from thy prepared Habitation,—thy holy Spirit upon us, and upon these Loaves, and these Cups," that he may fanctify them—and make the Bread the Body, and the Cup the Blood—of our Lord—Jesus Christ that they may be to all of us who partake of them for Faith, for Sobriety, for Health, for Temperance, for the Sanctification, for [1. and] renewing of our Soul [add and] Body [b and Spirit] for the Communion of the Blessedness of eternal Life and Immortality-

because the most ancient Fathers make Man, considered in his pure Naturals, to consist only of two Parts, Soul and Body. See Just. M. de Resur. ap. Grab. Spic. Pat. Sec. 2<sup>1</sup>. p. 188-9. Tatian. p. 58. Alben. de Mort. Res. p. 170. Es p. 200. Clem. Al. Str. IV. p. 639. l. 17. Tertul. de Resur. c. 40. Iren. l. 11. c. 52. Cyril. p. 56. 'Tis only the spiritual or persect Man to whom they ascribe these three Parts, Soul, Body, and Spirit, by Spirit understanding not any created Principle, but the divine Spirit. See Iren. l. V. c. 6, &c. 9. Clem. Al. Pad. 1. c. 6. init. Es Str. IV. p. 638. And in this Sense, Iren. p. 407. interprets 1 Thess. v. 23. as does Just. M. ap. Grab. Spic. Pat. Sec. 2<sup>1</sup>. p. 192. Sec. N. Grab. p. 250.

Lit. Chrys. And we beleech thee, O our God,—send down thy holy Spirit upon us, and upon these Gists which are here set before thee,—make this Bread the precious Body of thy Christ,—and what is in this Cup the precious Blood of thy Christ;—that

[ 46 ]

The present Liturgy of St. James.

The ancient Liturgy of the Church of Jerusalem.

Προσφέρομέν σοι δέασδα ε υπίς τω αγίων σε τόπων, ες ιδόξασας τη θιοφανία τε Χριτε σε, κ) τη επιφοιδήσει τω ακαγίε σε σειύμεθω σεοιθεμίνες υπές Μηθές σασών των Έπκλησιων κ) υπές της κζ αποσολικής Έκκλησίας, αλυτοίας κ) καθολικής κ) αποσολικής Έκκλησίας, πλευτας κ) νω τὰς δωρεας τε σειαγίε σε συνεύμε Θω επιχορή ησον αυτή δίστολα. Μνήσ-θηλι Κύριε κ) τ εν αυτή αγίων σελίου καλ

Προσφέρομέν σοι δέσσολα υπέρ τ κ. τα σαν τιω οἰκυμένω αγίας συ [καθολικής κ] Ἐκκλησίας, πλυσίας κ] νωῦ τας δωρεάς τῦ αγίυ συ συνύμα] Θεκιχορηγήσου αυτή. Μυή δηλι Κύριε κ τ τ ε

<sup>a</sup> I take this to be an Interpolation, otherwife (for the Reason above given, p. 10.) St. Cyril would not have omitted to take Notice of it. It may probably have been added even by himself, after his coming to be Bishop of Jerusalem; or by some of his Successors, when that Church began to aim at, or had obtained it's Patriarchal Dignity.

De Lit. Syr. & Clem.

The Clementine Liturgy.

Part of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrysofton and St. Bafil.

બુંધી ઊન્ લેંગી ગેંદ, ઈંદલા ૦τα સ્વયી ભારતું τος.

Αίμα τε Χρις σε — ώς ε γενέας τοις μεταλαμβάνεσιν εἰς νηψιν ψυχής, εἰς ἄφεσιν αμαρτιών, εἰς κοινωνίαν τε ἀγίε πνεύμα] Θ, εἰς βατιλέας ἐρανών πλήρωμα, εἰς παρρησίαν τίω πρός σε, μη εἰς κρίμα, ἡ εἰς καλάκριμα.

Lit. Bas. Καὶ δεόμεθά [add σχ] ὁ Θεὸς ἡμῶν—χὸ σὲ παρακαλεμμ—εὐδοκία τὸ σῆς αίαθότη , ἐλθῶν τὸ πνεῦμά σχ τὸ ἀιον ἐφ' ἡμᾶς, χὸ ἐπὶ τὰ προκέμμα δῶρα ταῦτα, χὰ εὐλογῆσαι αὐτὰ, χὰ ἀιάσαι, καὶ ἀναδᾶξαι—τὸ μὲν ἄρτον τἔτον—αὐτὸ τὸ τίμιον Σῶμα τᾶ Κυρίχ—ἡμῶν Ἰησᾶ Χρρςᾶ—τὸ ἢ ποθήρρον τᾶτο αὐτὸ τὸ τίμιον Αῖμα τᾶ Κυρίχ—ἡμῶν Ἰησᾶ Χρρςᾶ, ἡμᾶς δὲ πάν]ας, τὰς ἀκ τᾶ ἐνὸς ἄρικ χὰ τᾶ ποίηρείκ με ξεχονίας \* ἐνώσαις ἀλλήλοις ἐς ἐνὸς πνεύμα Θ ἀγίχ κοινωνίαν, καὶ μηδένα ἡμῶν ἐς κρίμα ἡ ἐς καιάκριμα \* ποιήσαις μετάχειν τᾶ ἀγίχ σώμα Θ καὶ αῖμα Θ τᾶ Χρρςᾶ σχ.

† Lit. Mar. Μυήθη ή και τῶν ἀπανταχε ὀρθοβάζων Ἐπισκέπων, Πρισζύκρων, Διακόνων—

Lit. Chrys.— μνή θηλ, Κύριε, φάσης έπισκοπης όρθοδόξε, πόρθομένων τ λίγου ν σης άληθείας, παντός τε πρεσωθεείε, τ εν Χειτώ διακονίας,—

Lit. Bas. Μνήθηλι, Κύριε, φείσης έπισ σκοπης δρθοδόξων, των δρθοδομώντων τ λόγον το σης αληθείας—τε πρεσδύλερες, το το Χριτώ διακονίας—

‡ Lit. Mar. Τον Βασιλία, τὰ τραμωτικά, τὰς ἄρχονλας, βαλάς, δήμας, — ἐν πάση εἰρήνη καλακόσμησον. This may

Είτα μξ το άπαρτιοδήναι τ΄ πνευματικώυ θυσίαν, τ΄ άναίμακον λάρρειαν,
ἐπὶ τ΄ θυσίας ἐκείνης τὰ ἱλασμὰ παεσκαλᾶμλυ τ΄ θεὸν τ΄
υπέρ κοινής τ΄ Εκκλησιῶν εἰρήνης, ὑπέρ
τ τὰ κόσμα εὐςαθείας, ὑπέρ Βασιλέων, ὑπέρ ς ερβιω-

\* See the bidding Prayer following the Priest's Intercession. Έτι δεόμεθά σε Κύρμε, κὰ ὑπὲρ τῆς ἀγίας σε Ἐκκλησίμας τὰ ἐκκλησίμας τὰ ἀπὸ ἀπεράτων ἐως ἀπεράτων τῷ τίμιο αἰμαίι τε Χρετε σε, ὁπως ἀὐλιὸ διαφυλάξης ἄσαςον κὰ ἀκλυδώνιςον ἄχρι τὸ ἀπλυδώνιςον ἄχρι τὸ ἀπωρελάςς τε ἀιῶ-

[ 48 ]

The present Liturgy of St. James.

The ancient Liturgy of the Church of Jerusalem.

Ne offer to thee, O Lord, a for thy holy Places, which thou hast glorified with the Divine Presence of thy Christ, and the Descent of thy most holy Spirit, chiefly for glorious Sion the Mother of all Churches; and" for thy holy Catholick and Apostolick" Church throughout the whole World; do thou now also plentifully furnish her with the rich Gifts of thy most holy Spirit, O Lord.

Remember, O Lord, our holy Fathers and Brethren, and Bishops in the same, who

We offer to thee, O Lord, for thy holy [Catholick and Apostolick] Church throughout the whole World; do thou now also plentifully furnish her with the rich Gifts of thy holy Spirit.

Remember, O Lord, the holy

The Clementine Liturgy.

Part of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrystosom and St. Basil.

ciled to them, O Lord Almighty.

Then after the spiritual Sacrifice the unbloody Service is finished, we pray to God over this Sacrifice of Propitiation, \* for the common Peace of the Churches, for the Tranquillity of the World, for Kings, for their Armies and Auxili-

We farther pray unto thee, O Lord, for thy holy Church, from one End of the Earth to the other, which thou hast purchased with the precious Blood of thy Christ, that thou wouldst keep her unshaken and undisturbed with Storms and Tempests to the End

they may be to those who partake of them for Sobriety of Soul, for Remisfion of Sins, for the Communion of the holy Spirit, for the Fulness of the Kingdom of Heaven, for Confidence in thee, and not for Judgment or Condemnation.

Lit. Baf. And we beseech [add thee], O our God,—and pray unto thee,—that by the favour of thy Goodness, thy holy Spirit may descend upon us, and upon these Gifts which are here set before thee, and bless them, and fanctify, and make—this Bread —the precious Body of our Lord—Jefus Christ,—and this Cup the precious Blood of our Lord—Jefus Christ,—and unite us all who partake of this one Bread and Cup to one another in the Communion of one holy Spirit, and let none of us partake of the holy Body and Blood of thy Christ to Judgment or Condemnation.

+ Lit. Mar. Remember all orthodox Bishops, Presbyters, Deacons,—in every Place.

Lit. Chrys.—Remember, O Lord, all orthodox Bishops, who rightly divide the Word of thy Truth; all the Presbyters, and Deacons in Christ-

Lit. Bas. Remember, O Lord, all orthodox Bishops, who rightly divide the Word of thy Truth, -- the Presbyters and Deacons in Christ,—

‡ Lit. Mar. Guide the King, the Armies, the Magistrates, the Councils, the People,—in all Peace.—King

The ancient Liturgy of the Church of Jerusalem.

άδιλφῶι ήμῶι, κὰ Επιτκόπων τῶν is κάση τη οἰκυμείνη οξοδοξως όρθολομάνων τον λόδον क σης άληθείας †. Μνήθητι Κύριε \* κζ σκάσης कार्विहळाइ के प्रकृतिकार के नि विद्वार किया है। των οι αυταίς, εἰρήνης κὰ ἀσφαλείας αυτών. Μυή Δηλι Κύζε ωλείντων, έδοιπορέντων, ξενίζευόνων χελειανών, τ όν δεσμοίς, τ όν Φυλακαίς, τ οι αίχμαλωσίαις κ εξογίαις, τ ငံ με αλλοις κ βασάνοις, κ σικεαίς δελάαις ὄνθων παθέρων κὰ ἀδελΦῶν ἡμῶν. Μνήσ-ડેની, Κύερε, τ νοσέντων સે καμνόνων, સે τ ύπο ωνευμάτων ακαθάρζαν ένοχλεμένων, र् क्रिके रहे रहे प्रहार स्वर्शितर ιάστως αὐτῶν κ σωληρίας. Μυήθηλι, Κύριε, πάσης ψυxãs xeisiains Driboutins i xatamoveutins, हैर्रहार में Βοηθάας συ गर्छ पहरू हेमाठीहर्णाहरणहर ત્રે દેત્રાન્ટ છ ભેંદ જે જાદત્ર λανημένων. Μνή છે મી, Κύριε, τ κοπιών]ων κ διακονέν]ων ήμεν, σατίρων κ αδελφων ήμων, δια το διομά σε το άδιον Μνή θηλι, Κύρκε, σαννων είς άδαθόν πάνλας ελέησον δέαπολα πάσιν ήμεν διαλλά Γηθι εἰρήνευσον τὰ ωλήθη τε λαε σε διασκέ ατον τὰ σκάνδαλα λαζάς του τες πολέμες παῦσον τὰς τ αἰρέσεων έπανας άσεις των σην είρωνην, κ των σην άγάπίω χάρισαι ήμεν, ὁ Θεὸς ὁ σωθηρ ήμων, αυτή αγίων Επισκόπων τ δεθοδομέντων που λό Γον જ σης άληθάας + 1. Μνή ω η ι Κύειε \* δ σόλεως ήμων ταύτης", κ σάσης જાόλεως મેુ χώρας, મેુ τ જાલ્લ οἰκένθων Ον αὐταῖς, εἰρήνης κὰ ἀσΦαλείας αὐτῶν. Μνῆσθηι Κύριε σελεόνων, οδοιπορένων, ξενίζευόντων χριτιανών, τ & δεσμοίς, τ & Φυλακαῖς, τ οι αίχμαλωσίαις κὰ έξορίαις, τ οι μεβάλλοις η βασάνοις, η σικραίς δελώαις ονίων [σαθέρων κ] αδελφων ήμων. Μνήθηι Κύριε, τ νοτένων κ καμνόνων, κ τ ύπο πνευμάτων ακαθάρων ένοχλεμένων, δ ωρά σε τέ θες ταχκας ιάσεως αὐτῶν καὶ σωθηρίας. Μνή Δη Ι, Κύριε, πάσης ψυχης χρισιανης Αλι-Coμένης κ παταπονυμένης, ελέυς κ βοηθείας πλανημένων. Μνή Φηλι, Κύριε, τ κοπιών ων સે διακονένων ήμεν [ σαίξρων κ αδελφων ήμῶν] δια το ὄνομά σε το άΓιον. Μνή ΔηΙ, Κύριε, σπάνων εἰς ἀιαθόν σπάνιας ελέησον δέσποία πασιν ήμεν διαλλά ηθι εἰριω ευσον ς τὰ ሜλήθη τε λαέ σε διασκέδασον τὰ σκάν-

† Lit. Syr. add, Canitiem ipsis venerandam concede Domine: multis annis ipsis conserva pascentes Populum tuum cum omni pietate & sanctitate. Memento, Domine, Presbyterii hujusce & cujuscumque alterius loci; Diaconatus in Christo, omnisque Ministerii, & omnis Ordinis Ecclesiastici. Grant them a venerable old Age, O Lord, preserve them for many Years that they may feed thy People in all Piety and Holiness. Remember, O Lord, the Presbyters of this and every other Place; the Deacons in Christ; all the Ministers, and every Ecclesiastical Order.

+ Here seems to be a Defect in this Lit. that no mention is made of the Presbyters and Deacons of the Catholick Church; if we may have any regard here to Lit. Syr. there should be added in this Place, ripios αὐτοῖς τὸ γῆρας σαράσχυ Κυρίε, συθήρησοι αὐτὸς ἔτισι στολλοίς στοιμαίνον ας τον λαόν σε έν ευσεδεία, κ) οσιότη .. Μιήσθηλι Κύριι απαίλος το αρισθυλιχίο, απάσης της is Χρις ώ อิเฉพองเฉร, มู่ [บรายุเฮเฉร] \* ซลงโอ๊ร ซซิ สภายูมนลใ จากรั ixxhnoins; grant them a venerable old Age, O Lord, preserve them for many Years that they may feed thy People in Piety and Holiness. Remember, O Lord, all the Presbyters and Deacons in Christ, and [Ministers]

the whole Fulness of thy Church; (see Const. Apost.

l. viii. c. 10. Lit. Mar. Lit. Alex. Basil and Lit. Clem.
in the bidding Prayer, c. 13.)

I have here followed bit Clem. lowed Lit. Clem. (and have accordingly inclos'd inc perias, Ministers, in Hooks, as being wanting in M.S. V.) rather than Lit. Syr. according to which it would be wailds innhnotasing τά[μα]., every ecclefiaftical Order. See Note † in the other Col. But perhaps no more may be wanting, but only, immediately after

\* Lit. Mar. Μιήσθηι Κύριι—τες σόλιως ήμων ταύτης [add μ] σάσης σόλιως μ) χώρας, μ) των εν δρθοδόξω σίτιι Χριτώ οικώθων εν αὐταῖς, εἰρήνης μ) ἀσφαλείας αὐτων Remember.

τῶν, κὰ συμμάχων, ὑπὲρ τὰ ἀδενείαις, ὑπὲρ τὰ καζαπουμένων, κὰ ἀπαξαπλῶς ὑπὲρ πάνων βοηθείας δεομένων δείμεθα

I have followed here the MSS. Roe and Causab. St. Cyril in this Account takes in-both the Priest's Intercession and the biddingPrayer which followed it, the one being but a Recapitulation of the other, in which the Deacon directs the People to pray themselves for all that the Priest had before interceded for, in virtue of this commemorative Sacrifice: And probably this may be intimated in these Words διόμεθα πάν-Tes nuis, we all pray, that not only the Priest in his Intercession, but the People also in the bidding Prayer put up these Petitions. That the Prayer of Intercession in the present Lit. Ja. is, in the main at least, the same that it was in St. Cyril's Time, and is here defcribed by him, I fee no Reason to doubt. It follows in the same Order immediately after the Invocation (wherein it agrees with the other ancient Liturgies, excepting that of St. Mark.) It contains such a Commemoration of, and Prayers for, the Dead, as very well answers to what he has described, and stands in the End of the Prayer of Intercession, exactly as he has placed it: And as for that Expression in him, ömus & Deds suxais מעדשו אן שונים לוומא שניסם-

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νος Και ύπερ σα-סקה בחודאסהקה הל ספθορομέσης τ λόγον જ αληθώας, [ ετι παρακαλιμέν σε κ] טאפף ל בְּעחְק דצ אפסס-Φέρονδός σοι έδενίας, κ ύπερ πανίος τε πρεσουβερία, ύπερ [f. xai] T diaxovwr [x] πανδός τε κλήρε] ίνα πάνλας σοφίσας πνεύμα 🚱 άγίε πληρώons. Eri maegikaλεμέν σε Κύριε, ύπερ το Βασιλέως, κή τ ον ύπεροχη, κ παν-मोद मह दल्ली वर्म हिर्देश, ίνα είρωεύων αι τα προς ήμας, όπως Ο ήσυχία κ ομονοία διά over 🔭 အာ aver χρόνον & ζωης ήμων, δοξάζωμεν σε δια Ίηση Χριςή της έλπίδος ήμων. προσφέρομέν σοι κ บ็สริยุ สล์ที่ผท 🕆 ล่ส

Part of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrysoftom and St. Bahl.

very well fit the Times when the civil Powers were Heathen. But in the same Prayer of Intercession in this Lit. these following Petitions come in afterwards, which have been added after the Emperors became Christian, Βασιλεῦ τῶν βασιλευόν ων, κ Κύριε τ κυριευόν ων, τίω βασιλάαν τε δέλυ συ τε δεθοδόξυ κ φιλοχείτε ήμων βασιλέως, εν εδικαίωσας βασιλεύων επί & γης, Ο είρηνη κ ανδρία κ δικαιοσιώη [add, διαΦύλαξον, καθυπόταξον αὐτῷ] ὁ θεὸς πάντα έχθρὸν κζ πολέμιον έμ-Φύλιόν τε κ άλλο Φυλον επιλαδε ίπλε κ ઉપદ્રષ્ટ, મે ανάςηθι લંદ τίω βοήθααν αὐτέ, κ έκχεον ρομΦαίαν κ σύγκλασον έξενανδίας τ καταδιωκόν]ων αὐτὸν, ἐπισκίασον ἐπὶ τίω κεφαλίω αὐτε το ήμερα σολέμε κάθισον όκ τ οσφύ Φ αὐτε [add, έπὶ τε θρόνε αὐτῶ, λάλητον τῆ καιδία αὐτ϶] ἀΓαθα ύπερ τ άγίας σε καθολικής κ άποςολικής έκκλησίας κι σαντός τε Φιλοχείς ε λαές ίνα સે મેમલેંડ દંગ τનું γαληνότη ι αὐτο ήρεμον સે મેσύχιον βίον διά Γωμβρ Ον σεάση ευσεβεία κλ σεμνότη ..

Lit. Chrys. Υπερ τ ωι σο ατων κ φιλοχείς ων ήμων βασιλέων, ω ανδος τε ω αλατίε κ ς ερωθοπέδε αὐτων δος αὐτοῖς, Κύριε, εἰρωικον το βατίλειον, ἵια κ ήμες ἐν τῆ γαλήνη αὐτων ής εμον κ ήσύχιον βίου διάδωμθυ ω άση ἐν εὐσεβεία κ σεμνότηλι.

Lit. Baf. Μνή Δη η, Κύριε, τ εὐσε ες άτων κ) ωι ερβάτων ήμων βασιλέων, ες έδικαίωσας βασιλεύαν έπι τ γης όπλω αληθάας, όπλω εὐδοκίας ς εφάνωσον αὐτες, ἐπισκίασον ἐπὶ τω κεφαλω αὐτων ἐν ήμέρα ωρλέμε ἐπίχυσον αὐτων τ βραχίονα, ὑψωσον αὐτων τ δεξιαν, κράτωνον αὐτων

H 2

The ancient Liturgy of the Church of Jerusalem.

throughout the whole World rightly divide the World of thy Truth +.

Remember, O Lord, \* also every City and Country, with all the orthodoxly Faithful that dwell in them; preserve them in Peace and Safety.

Remember, O Lord, our Christian Fathers and Brethren that travel by Sea, or by Land, or are in foreign Countries, that are in Chains or Imprisonments, that are in Captivity or Banishment, in the Mines, under Torture, or in hard Slavery.

Remember, O Lord, those that are fick or diseased, and such as are infested with unclean Spirits; and make haste to heal and deliver them.

Remember, O Lord, every Christian Soul under Affliction or Calamity, and who stand in need of thy divine Mercy and Help. *Remember* also the Conversion of those that are in Error.

Remember, O Lord, our Fathers and Brethren who labour and minister to us for thy holy Name's Sake.

Remember all, O Lord, for good; have Mercy upon all, O Lord; be reconciled to us all: fettle the Flocks of thy People in Peace: remove all Scandals: make Wars to cease: put a Stop to the Violence of Heresies: and grant us thy Peace and Love, O God, our Sa-

Remember, O Lord,—this our City [add, and] every City and Country, and all that in the orthodox Faith of Christ dwell in them, preserve them in Peace and Safety.

Lit. Chrys. Mrhodil, Kupu, The wolses in if wagonneper, n) waone wolses ni Xugas, ni The wister clubillor in wirais: Remember, O Lord, this City in which we dwell, and every City and Country, with all the Faithful that dwell in them. Bishops in the same, who rightly divide the Word of thy Truth + 1.

Remember, O Lord, this our City," and every City and Country, with all the Faithful that dwell in them; preserve them in Peace and Safety.

Remember, O Lord, our Christian [Fathers and] Brethren that travel by Sea, or by Land, or are in foreign Countries, that are in Chains or Imprisonments, that are in Captivity or Banishment, in the Mines, under Torture, or in hard Slavery.

Remember, O Lord, those that are fick or diseased, and such as are infested with unclean Spirits; and make haste to heal and deliver them.

Remember, O Lord, every Christian Soul under Affliction b or Calamity, and who stand in need of thy divine Mercy and c Help. Remember also the Conversion of those that are in Error.

Remember, O Lord, those [our Fathers and Brethren] who labour and minister to us for thy holy Name's Sake.

Remember all, O Lord, for good; have mercy upon all, O Lord; be reconciled to us all: fettle the d Flocks of

ann sias, Truth, washe, τῦ πρισθυλιρίω, κỳ κασης τῆς in Κρικώ διακονίας, and all the Preflyters and Deacons in Christ, which might have been more easily omitted.

‡ Here should follow the Petitions wife Basilius, &c. for Kings, &c. which may be supplied from the other Liturgies.

<sup>a</sup> I have added this from *Lit. Mar.* It has probably been left out when the Petition υπίρ τῶι αγίων συ τόπων, &cc. for thy boly Places, &c. has been inferted.

Υπὶς τῶν καλαπονυμένων, for the afflicted, Cyr.
Υπὶς πάνλων βοηθιίας δεομένων, for all who fland in need of Help, Cyr.

To in Θιφ πλήθο, the Flock of God, Ignat. Ep. ad Tral. §. 8.

The Clementine Liturgy.

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aries, for the Sick, and for the afflicted; and in a Word, b we all pray for all who stand in

रेदिनीका मूंखेंग क्रोंग ठेरंन्या, that God through their Prayers and Supplications avould receive our Petitions, he does not feem to have taken it from the Liturgy, but has added it only to shew one great Defign of this Commemoration, viz. that we may reap the Benefit of their Prayers and Supplications for us; as he immediately after fays that the Dead are also greatly benefited by our Prayers at the Altar for them: And these two, viz. their Prayers for us, and ours for them, are undoubtedly two great Branches of the Communion of Saints. It may indeed be alledged against what I have faid, that there is in that Part of the prefent Lit. Ja. which precedes the Anaphora a like Expression to this of St. Cyril, viz. wállur tür áγίων κή δικαίων μυημονιύouper, owns in xais x were-Geiais aurun oi mailes iden-Duno. Let us remember all the Saints and just Men; that we may all obtain Mercy,through their Prayers and Supplications. But as all that Part of the Office is of a latter Date than the Time of St. Cyril (these Prayers, at least which I have mentioned in Pref. p. 2. excepted) fo this in particular undoubtedly is fo, as appears by what immediately goes before and connects with

of the World. And for the whole Episcopate, rightly dividing the Word of Truth; [we farther befeech Thee also for my Unworthiness, who am now offering unto Thee, and for all the Presbyters, for [f. and] Deacons, [and for the wholeClergy, ] that thou wouldst endue us all with Wisdom, and fill us with thy holy Spirit.

We farther pray unto thee, O Lord, for the King, and all that are in Authority, and for the whole Army, that our Affairs may be in Peace; that paffing all the Time of our Life in Quietness and Concord, we may glorify Thee thro' Jesus Christ our Hope. We farther offer unto Thee for all thy Saints who have of Kings, and Lord of Lords, preserve the Kingdom of thy Servant our King, who is orthodox and a Lover of Christ, and whom thou hast appointed to reign upon Earth, in Peace, Power, and Justice; subdue unto him all his Enemies and Adversaries both at home and abroad; take thy Arms and Buckler, and stand up to help him; draw out thy Sword, and stop the way against them that persecute him; cover his Head in the Day of Battle; and make the Fruit of his Loins to fit upon his Throne. Incline his Heart to be favourable to thy holy Catholick and Apostolick Church, and to all the People who love Christ, that in his Tranquillity we may lead a quiet and peaceable Life in all Godliness and Honesty.

Lit. Chrys. For our Emperors who live in the Faith and Love of Christ, for their Court and Camp; give them, O Lord, a peaceable Reign, that in their Tranquillity we may lead a quiet and peaceable Life in all Godliness and Honesty.

Lit. Bas. Remember, O Lord, our most religious and faithful Emperors, whom thou hast appointed to reign upon Earth; encompass them with the Armour of Truth, and of thy Favour, cover their Head in the Day of Battle; strengthen their Arm and exalt their right Hand; establish their Kingdom;

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κ έλπις σάνλαν τ σεράτων τ γης. Μυήσθηλι, Κύριε, εὐκρασίας ἀξρων, ὁμδρων εἰρηνικών, δρόσων άδαθών, καρπών εύφορίας, κ τε σεφάνε τε ένιαυτε τ χρησότηλός σε οί γαρ όφθαλμοι στάνων είς σε έλπίζεσι, κό συ δίδως των τροφων αυτών ον ευκαιρία. ανοίας συ τίω χαρά σε κέ έμπιπλας απάν ζώον ευδοκίας: Μνήθηλι, Κύρλε, τ καρπο-Φορένων κο καλλιεργένων ον ταις άγιαις σε εκκλησίαις, κ μεμνημένων τ σενήτων χηρών, ορφανών, ξένων, κ επιδεομένων, κ στάνων τ ένθαλαμένων ήμιν τη μνημονεύαν αύτῶν Ο ταῖς στροσευχαῖς. "Ετι μνηθηναι κζέωσον, Κύελε, κ τ τας πεοσφοεάς παύτας προσενε κάνων Ον τη σήμερουν ήμερα έπὶ τὸ άΓιόν σε θυσιαςήριον, κὴ ὑπὲρ ὧν έκας 🚱 σερσήνε Γκεν η κζ' διάνοιαν έχει, κ τ αρίως σοι ανείνωσμένων Μνή Φηλι, Κύρρε, रहें के क्रोज़ी कि महें हेर्रहाइ हार हो हैं लोही हिम्बंग σε κੇ έμε τε ταπανε κે αχράε δέλε σε, κે τ τὸ άγιόν σε θυσιαςής μον κυκλένζων \* διακόνων, κ χάρισαι αὐδοῖς βίον αμεμβον, άσσιλον αὐθῶν τίω διακονίαν Φύλαξον, κὰ βαθμές αίαθές περιποίησαι ίνα εύρωμεν έλεον મે, χάρμν μ જ ανίων τ αγίων τ απ' αιωνός σοι ευαρες ησάνων κζ γωεαν κ γωεαν \* 209παી દ્વખ, જાલી દ્વખ, " જાલી દ્રાલ દ્ર દ્વેમ, જ ૧૭ Φ મી છે મ, αποςόλων, μαρθύρων, ο όμολο επθων, διδασκάλων, οσίων," κ κανδος ωνεύμαθο

\* f. add — πεισευδείεων κ. — Presbyters and — See St. Cyr. above, p. 2. τοῖς κυκλώσι τὸ θυσιακήςιον πεισευδείεοις, the Presbyters who stood about the Astar. — And if so, then what follows is thus to be read, κ. χάςισαι τοῖς μὶν βίον [vel s. πεισευδείειον] αμιμπίον, ασπιλον δὶ τῶν, &c. and grant to those an unblameable Life [—presbyterate] and preserve these, &c.

De ap. Cyr.
De ap. Cyr.

δαλα καλάρ ησον τές σολέμες σαῦσον τὰς જે તાંદુક્દરભા કંત્રતાત્વકતંત્રલુ માટે નિર્દાણ સ્ટ્રિયા, જે τω σω αγάπω χάρισαι ήμιν, έ Θεός ό σωτηρ ήμων, κὸ έλπλς στάνων τ σεράτων τ γης. Μνή Δηλ, Κύριε, ευκρασίας αίρων, ομβρων લંદીωικῶν, δρόσων αγαθῶν, καρπῶν εὐφορίας, κ τέ ςεφάνε τε ένιαυθε της χρηςότηθός σε οι γαρ οφθαλμοι σάνων είς σε έλπίζεσι, κ συ δίδως των τροφων αυθών όν ευκαιεία ἀνοίγας συ τίω χᾶρά σε, κὶ ἐμπιπλας παν ζωον εύδοκίας. Μνήθηι, Κύριε, τ καρποφορένων η καλλιερί ένων όν ταῖς άγίας σε εκκλησίαις, η μεμνημένων τ πενήτων χηρών, έρφανών, ξένων κι επιδεομένων, κ το κονιών το ένθαλαμένων ήμιν το μνημονεύου αὐδον όν ταῖς σερσευχαῖς. "Ετι μνηθηναι κζίωσον, Κύριε, τ τας προσφοράς ταύτας σερσενε κάτων όν τη σημερον ημέρα έπι το άδιόν σε θυσιασήρχου +, κ ύπερ ών ้ยนอร 🚱 🗷 ออรท์ทยโนยท ที่ นั่ วิ อิเล่ทอเลท อันแ 🗓 นั่ των αρλίως σοι ανείνωσμένων. Μνήθηλί, ભોષ્ટી દુમલે જ જ જે દેમ જ τે τα πανέ κે άχράκ δέλε σε, η τ το άδιον σε θυσιαςήελον κυκλένων \* διακόνων, και χάελσαι

† Tertul. de Exbort. Cast. c. 11. Pro qua oblationes—reddis—& offeres pro duabus? & commendabis illas duas per Sacerdotem—? for whom thou offerest— Oblations—and offer for two? and recommend these two by a Priest—?

<sup>†</sup> See Bingh. Orig. Eccl. Vol. 6. B. 15. ch. 2. §. 4.

† f. leg. ωρισθυδίρων κ) διακόνων, κ) χάρισαι τοῖς μὸν ωρισθυδίρων ἄμιματίον, ἄσκιλου δὶ τῶν — Preflyters and Deacons—and grant to those an unblameable Presbyterate, and preserve these."—Thus in the Bidding-Prayer immediately after the dismissing of the Penitents, Const. Ap. l. viii. c. 10. ὑπὶς τῶν ωρισθυδίρων ἡμῶν διηθῶμων ὅπως ὁ ΚυςιΦ—σῶιν κ) ἐνίμον τὸ ωρισθυδίρων αὐτοῖς παράσχοι. ὑπὰς πάσης πῆς ἐν Χριτφ διακονίας—διηθῶμων ὅπως ὁ Κύριος ἄμιματίον τὰν διακονίαν αὐτοῖς παράσχη.

στάνζες ήμες, τούτίω στροσΦέρονζες τ

it, viz. The marayiae, axediu, vine problem, in marayiae, sideomylise magiae, si, sec. Let us remember our most boly, undefiled, superlatively glorious and blessed Lady, the Mother of God, and ever-virgin Mary, and all the Saints, &c. as above; and therefore it seems rather to have been taken from him.

But there is one remarkable Defect in this present Lit. Ja. that it wants the Petitions virte Basinian, virte realistion, virte realistion, virte realistion, virte realistion, virte realistion, for Kings, for their Armies, and Auxiliaries, mentioned by St. Cyril. How they came to be left out I shall not at present enquire; but shall set them down in the other Column as they are in the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrysostom and St. Bafil.

Having mentioned above that the Prayer of Intercession in Lit. Mar. is plac'd differently from what it is in this and the other ancient Liturgies, I shall here give a View of the Order of that Liturgy. After the People's Response "Ağım n dizasor, It is meet and right, follows 'Axades yap, It is wery meet; as at this Mark +, p. 9. And after is autois, in them, follows oul to Thee, and then To moinoaili, who madest, as at this Mark 1, p. 21. And after anxainous dia, renew bim by, follows To क्रामीम, मी द्रेमक्राम, मी महमviu, pus मर्हाध पर्यापः सर्वाग्य हो באסנחסמק פום דחק סחק סשקנ-कर, रहें कृशीनेर रहें क्रेमिनेशहें

## The Clementine Liturgy.

ลีเฉ็ม 🕒 ยบลคราง สาτων σοι άγίων, πατριαρχών, προφηρών, δικαίων, αποςόλων, μαθύρων, έμολο τη ω, έπισκόπων, πρεσδυτέρων, διακόνων [ύποδιακότων, αναίνωsav, yarlav,] waeθένων, χηρών, λαίxων, κွဲ ထာထ်ပါယာ ယ်။ αύτὸς επίςασαι τα ονόμα]α. Έτι πε9σ-Φέρομέν σοι ύπερ τε λαβ τέτε, ïνα ἀναδείξης αυζον είς επαινον τῶ Χυςοῦ σε βασίλκον ἱεράτευμα, έθ-VG asiov unte Tice कवर् पेर्शव से विरिसंद, טאצף ד אַשְּנְמּשׁ זּ' בּּאַκλησίας, ύπερ τ οι σερενοίς γάμοις καί τεχνοδονίαις, ύπερ τ νηπίων τἒ λαἒ σε, όπως μηδένα ήμῶν από βληθον στοιήσης. Έτι άξιδμίο σε καί טאנף ז׳ שוֹאנשה דמטי-

Part of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrysoftom and St. Basil.

τω βασιλείαν, υπόταζον αὐζοῖς πάνζα τὰ βάρδαρα ἔθνη, τὰ τὰς πολέμες θέλονζα κάρκας αὐζοῖς βαθείαν, κὰ ἀναφαίρεῖον εἰρήνην, λάλητον εἰς τω καρδίαν αὐζων άζαθα ὑπὲρ τῆς ἐκκλησίας σε, κὰ πανζὸς τὰ λαβ σε, ἵνα ἐν τῆ γαλήνη αὐζων ἤρεμον κὰ ἡσύχιον βίον διάζωμος ἐν πάση ἐ εὐδοκία" κὰ σεμνότης. Μνήθης, Κύρκε, πάσης ἀρχῆς κὰ ἐξεσίας, κὰ τὰ ἐν παλατίω ἀδελφων ἡμων, κὰ πανζὸς τὰ σρατοπέδε.

† Lit. Mar. Τῶν ἐν ϖίς δ Χερς 8 τροκεκοιμημένων τα βούν τε κὰ ἀδελφῶν τα κὰ
ψυχας ἀνάπαυσον, Κύερε ὁ Θεὸς ἡμῶν,
μνηθες τὰ ἀπὰ αἰῶν ⑤ προπαθέρων, παθρῶν, παθεραρχῶν, προφηθῶν, ἀπος ὁλων,
μας τύρων, ὁμολο ἡθῶν, ἐπισκόπων, ὁσίων,
δικαίων, πανθὸς πνεύμαθ ⑤ ἐν πίς δ Χερς β
τεθελειωμένων καὶ ὧν ἐν τῆ σήμερον ἡμέρα
τω ὑπόμνησιν ποικμεθα, κὰ τὰ ἀγίκ πατρὸς ἡμῶν Μάρκκ τὰ ἀπος ὁλκ κὰ εὐαίγελις κὰ ὑποδείξαν ⑤ ἡμῖν ὁδὲν σωθηείας —

Lit. Chrys. Έτι σεροσφέρομέν σοι τ λογικων ταύτω λαθείαν ύπες τ όν σές δ
αναπαυομένων, σεροπαθόρων, σαθέρων, σατριαρχών, σεροφηθών, αποσόλων,— εὐασγελισών, μαρθύρων, εμιλοδηθών, έκραθευθών,
καὶ σαντός συνεύματ ο όν σές δ τετελειωμένε —

Lit. Baf. 'Ίτα εὐρωμθρ ἔλεον χ χάριν μ πάνων  $\tilde{\tau}$  ἀχίων  $\tilde{\tau}$  ἀπ' αἰῶνός σοι εὐαφεσησάνων προπαθόρων, παθειαρχῶν, προφηῶν, ἀποςίλαν, — εὐαγγελιςῶν, μαρθύ-

<sup>1.</sup> εὐσεθεία, Godliness. See 1 Tim. ii. and above in Lit. Mar. and Chrys.

The ancient Liturgy of the Church of Jerusalem.

κ, έλπις σάνλαν τ΄ σεράτων τ΄ γης. Μυήσθηλι, Κύριε, εὐκρασίας αίρων, ὁμδρων εἰρηνικών, δρόσων άδαθών, καρπών εὐφορίας, אל דצ קנף מיצ דצ ניומטדצ ל צפיוק סידווני סצי οί γαρ όφθαλμοι στών ων είς σε έλπίζεσι, κό συ δίδως των τροφων αυτών ον ευκαιρία. ανοίας συ τίω χᾶρά σε κ) έμπιπλας ατάν ζώον ευδοκίας: Μνήθηλι, Κύρμε, τ καρπο-Φορένλων κὸ καλλιεργένλων οι ταις άγιαις σε έχχλησίαις, κ μεμνημένων τ σενήτων χηρών, ορφανών, ξένων, κ επιδεομένων, κ στάνων τ ένθαλαμένων ήμιν το μνημονεύαν αύτῶν όν ταῖς προσευχαῖς. "Ετι μνηθηναι κζίωσον, Κύελε, κ τ τας πεοσφορας παύτας σερτενε κάνων οι τη σήμερουν ήμερα έπι το άδιόν σε θυσιαςήρρον, η ύπερ ών έκας 🚱 σερσήνε Γκεν ή κζ' διάνοιαν έχει, κ τ άργίως σοι ανείνωσμένων Μνήθηλι, Κύρρε, रमें के क्रोज़िक महें हेर्रहंडर एड में में लोगी रिम्बंग σε સે દ્રાપ્ટે τε ταπανε સે αχράε δέλε σε, સે Τ τὸ άγιόν σε θυσιαςής κον κυκλένων \* διακόνων, η χάρισαι αυδοίς βίον αμεμβον, άσσιλον αὐρῶν τίω διακονίαν Φύλαξον, κὰ βαθmas aladas meenmoinsai iva entomes eyeor મે χάρμν μ જ αίνων τ άγίων τ άπ αιωνός σοι εὐαρες ησάι ων τζ γρεαν κ, γρεαν \* σροπαીέρων, જાલીέρων," જાલી દાલ ρχών, જાલ 9 Φηθών, αποςόλων, μαρθύρων, b όμολο Γηθών, διδασκάλων, οσίων," κ κανδος ωνεύμαθο

De ap. Cyr.
De ap. Cyr.

δαλα καλάρ ησον τές σολέμες σαῦσον τὰς જે લાંદુર્રદ્વા દેમ લાલક લંગલડ જાયો હોયો લાંદુર્ધિયા, મે τω σω άγάπω χάρισαι ήμιν, ε Θεος ο σωτηρ ημών, κὶ ἐλπὶς σκάνων τ σεράτων τ γῆς. Μνή Δηλι, Κύριε, ευκρασίας αξρων, δμβρων είρωικών, δρόσων αγαθών, καςπών εύφος/ας, κ τε σεφάνε τε ένιαυθε της χρησότηθός σε οι γαρ όφθαλμοι σάνων είς σε έλπίζεσι, κζ συ δίδως τίω τορφίω αυλών όν εὐκαιεία ἀνοίγας συ τίω χᾶρά σε, κὶ ἐμπιπλας παν ζωον εύδοκίας. Μνή Δηλ, Κύρλε, τ καρποφορένων η καλλιεργένων όν τως άγίας σε εκκλησίαις, κ μεμνημένων τ πενήτων χηρών, έρφανών, ξένων η επιδεομένων, κ πάνων τ ένθαλαμένων ήμιν τε μνημονεύου αὐβῶν ἀν ταῖς τε ερστυχαῖς. Ετι μνηθηναι κζίωσον, Κύερε, τ τας πεοσΦορας ταύτας σερσενε κάτων οι τη σήμερρι ήμερα દ્રેમાં છે લેડિલ ઉપ ઉપલાલકર્મું દ્રાલ 🕇, ત્રે ઇમદેફ છેંય ้ะนอร 🕒 อายอรท์งยโนยง ที่ นั่ วิ อิเล่งอเลง รั้ ผล 🗓 น้ των αρίως σοι ανείνωσμένων. Μνήδη η, Κύερε, જ જે જ જામેને ઉજ જ દેમદંદદ જ જે જે οίκ/ιρμών σε κζ έμε τε ταπανέ κζ άχρείε δέλε σε, η τ τὸ άδιόν σε θυσιαςήεκον κυκλένων \* διακόνων, και χάερσαι

† Tertul. de Exhort. Cast. c. 11. Pro qua oblationes—reddis—& offeres pro duabus? & commendabis illas duas per Sacerdotem—? for whom theu offerest—Oblations—and offer for two? and recommend these two by a Priest—?

<sup>\*</sup> f. add - σεισθυλίεων η - Presbyters and - See St. Cyr. above, p. 2. τοῖς πυπλώσι τὸ θυσιας ής ιο σεισθυλίσιος, the Presbyters who stood about the Altar. - And if fo, then what follows is thus to be read, η χάρισαι τοῖς μὶν βίοι [vel f. σεισθυλίριοι] ἄμεμπλοι, ἄσπιλοι δὶ τῶι, &c. and grant to those an unblameable Life [-presbyterate] and preserve these, &c.

<sup>‡</sup> See Bingh. Orig. Eccl. Vol. 6. B. 15. ch. 2. §. 4.

\* f. leg. ωρισθυλίρων κ) διακόνων, κ) χάρισαι τοῖς μὸν ωρισθυλίριον ἄμιμαλον, ἄσπιλον δὶ τῶν — Prefbyters and Deacons—and grant to those an unblameable Presbyterate, and preserve these."—Thus in the Bidding-Prayer immediately after the difmissing of the Penitents, Const. Ap. l. viii. c. 10. ὑπὶς τῶν ωρισθυλίρων ἡμῶν διηθῶμων ὁπως ὁ Κύριθ—σῶν κ) ἐνὶμον τὸ ωρισθυλίριον αὐτοῖς παράσχοι. ὑπὶς πάσης τῆς ἐν Χριτφ διακούας—διηθῶμων ὁπως ὁ Κύριος ἄμιμαλον τὴν διακούαν αὐτοῖς παράσχη-

πάνζες ήμᾶς, ταύτίω περοσΦέρονζες τ

it, viz. The maraylas, axegáile, vinegerdos, evinegerdos, vinegrafos, sideograpáres decima el magias, n., sec. Let us remember our most boly, undefiled, superlatively glorious and blessed Lady, the Mother of God, and ever-virgin Mary, and all the Saints, sec. as above; and therefore it seems rather to have been taken from him.

But there is one remarkable Defect in this present Lit. Ja. that it wants the Petitions inte همعتكنس, فعدو جوهاناس, ng oupped xon, for Kings, for their Armies, and Auxiliaries, mentioned by St. Cyril. How they came to be left out I shall not at present enquire; but shall fet them down in the other Column as they are in the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrysoftom and St. Bafil.

Having mentioned above that the Prayer of Intercession in Lit. Mar. is plac'd differently from what it is in this and the other ancient Liturgies, I shall here give a View of the Order of that Liturgy. After the People's Response "Ation z' dizasor, It is meet and right, follows 'Angles yelp, It is wery meet; as at this Mark +, p. 9. And after is autois, in them, follows ool to Thee, and then To moinoaili, who madest, as at this Mark 1, p. 21. And after anzairious dia, renew bim by, follows 73 တိုင္၊ အမြဲ နဲ႔ ရွိမစ္တာေပးမ်ိဳ, အဲ့ မိုင္ေ र्गांस, मण्डमार्गंस नर्थास नर्वाग्य हो έποίησας δια της σης σωφί-कर, राष्ट्र क्वीवेर राष्ट्र क्रेमिनेशार्थे The Clementine Liturgy.

สเล็ม 🕒 รบลคราศสสาτων σοι άγίων, πατριαρχών, προφηλών, δικαίων, αποςόλων, μαρίδρων, έμολο Τηρών, έπισκόπων, πρεσθυτέρων, διακόνων [ύποδιακόνων, αναίνωsav, yallav,] waeθένων, χηρών, λαίxων, κ ထ ထ ໜ ພັν αὐτὸς ἐπίςασαι τα έντμαζα. Έτι προσ-Φέρομέν σοι ύπερ τε λαθ τέτε, ίνα αναδલ 2 મુદ્ર αυ είν લંદુ દેπαινον τῶ Χερςο σε βασίλκον ἱεράτευμα, έθ-VG asiov unee Tice कवर् पेदर्शव से वं रिसंब, טאצף ד אופשי ל באκλησίας, ύπλες τ όν σεμνοίς γάμοις καὶ τεχνο Γονίαις, ύπερ τ νηπίων τἒ λαἒ σε, όπως μηδένα ήμῶν สมอัธิภิทิดา ของเท็บทุร Ετι άξιδμθυ σε καί ύπες τ σούλεως τούPart of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrysoftom and St. Basil.

τω βασιλείαν, υπόταζον αυθοῖς πάνθα τὰ βάρβαρα ἔθνη, τὰ τὰς πολέμες θέλονθα κάρρσαι αὐθοῖς βαθείαν, κὰ ἀναφαίρεθον εἰρήνην, λάλησον εἰς τω καρδίαν ἀυθῶν ἀδαθα ὑπὲρ τῆς ἐκκλησίας σε, κὰ πανθὸς τῶ λαβ σε, ἵνα ἐν τῆ γαλήνη ἀὐθῶν ἤρεμον κὰ ἡσύχιον βίον διά ωμον ἐν πάση ἐ εὐδοκία" κὰ σεμνότηθι. Μνή οθηθι, Κύρρε, πάσης ἀρχῆς κὰ ἐξεσίας, κὰ τὰ ἐν παλατίω ἀδελφῶν μῶν, κὰ πανθὸς τὰ σρατοπέδε.

† Lit. Mar. Τῶν ἐν ϖίς ἐ Χερς κ τος κεχοιμημένων πάρουν τε κὰ ἀδελφῶν τὰς ψυχὰς ἀνάπαυσον, Κύερε ὁ Θεὸς ἡμῶν, μνηθᾶς τὰ ἀπὰ ἀἰῶν ⑤ προπαθέρων, πάροῦν, παθομαρχῶν, προφηθῶν, ἀπος όλων, μας τύρων, ὁμολο ἡμῶν, ἐπισκόπων, ὁσίων, δικαίων, πανθὸς πνεύμαθ ⑤ ἐν πίς ἱ Χερς ἔ τεθελειωμένων καὶ ὧν ἐν τῆ σήμερον ἡμέρα τω ὑπόμνησιν ποικμεθα, κὰ τὰ ἀγίκ πατρὸς ἡμῶν Μάρκκ τὰ ἀπος όλα κὰ εὐαγελις ἔ, τὰ ὑποδείξανθ ⑤ ἡμῶν ὁδὲν σωθη-είας —

Lit. Chryf. Έτι σεροσφέρομέν σοι τ λογικων ταύτω λαθρέαν υπέρ τ ον σίες 
αναπαυομένων, σεροπαθόρων, σαθέρων, σατριαρχών, σεροφηθών, αποσόλων, εναθευθών, 
καὶ σαντός συνεύματ ο ον σίες τετελειω 
μένε —

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> l. working, Godliness. See 1 Tim. ii. and above in Lit. Mar. and Chrys.

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viour, and the Hope of all the Ends of the Earth.

Remember, O Lord, to grant us temperate Weather, moderate Showers, pleasant Dews, and plenty of the Fruits of the Earth, and to bless the whole Circle of the Year with thy Goodness; for the Eyes of all hope in Thee, and thou givest them Food in due Season; thou openest thy Hand, and fillest every living Creature with thy gracious Bounty.

Remember, O Lord, all who bring forth Fruit, and do good Works in thy holy Churches, and who are mindful of the Poor: the Widows, Orphans, Strangers, and indigent Persons, and all who desire to be remembred in our Prayers.

Vouchsafe also, O Lord, to remember those who have this Day offered these Oblations at thy holy Altar, and for whom every one has offered, or has in his Thoughts, and those whose Names we have lately read before thee.

Remember, O Lord, according to the Multitude of thy Mercies and Compassions, me thy unworthy and unprofitable Servant, and all the \* Deacons who compass thy holy Altar, and grant them an unblameable Life, preserve them unspotted in their Ministry, and purchase for them good Degrees.

That we may all find Mercy and Favour, with all thy Saints who from the Beginning of the World have pleased thee in their several Generations, <sup>2</sup> our Forefathers, Fathers," Patriarchs, Prophets, Apostles, Martyrs, <sup>b</sup> Confessors,

thy People in Peace: remove all Scandals: make Wars to cease: put a Stop to the Violence of Heresies: and grant us thy Peace and Love, O God, our Saviour, and the Hope of all the Ends of the Earth.

Remember, O Lord, to grant us temperate Weather, moderate Showers, pleasant Dews, and plenty of the Fruits of the Earth, and to bless the whole Circle of the Year with thy Goodness; for the Eyes of all hope in Thee, and thou givest them Food in due Season; thou openest thy Hand, and fillest every living Creature with thy gracious Bounty.

Remember, O Lord, all who bring forth Fruit, and do good Works in thy holy Churches, and who are mindful of the Poor: The Widows, Orphans, Strangers, and indigent Persons, and all who desire to be remembered in our Prayers.

Vouchsafe also, O Lord, to remember those who have this Day offered these Oblations at thy holy Altar, + and for whom every one has offered, or has in his Thoughts, ‡ and those whose Names we have lately read before thee.

Remember, O Lord, according to the Multitude of thy Mercies and Compassions, me thy unworthy and unprofitable Servant, and all the \* Deacons' who compass thy holy Altar,

vai. Let us pray for our Presbyters, that the Lord-would grant them a safe and honourable Presbyterate. Let us pray – for all the Dacons in Christ; that the Lord would grant them an unblameable Ministry.

need of Help, offering this Sacrifice

THE MOTOYINES, &C. this tremendous, and life-giving, and beavenly Mystery: Thou didft make all Things by thy Wisdom, the true Light, thy only begotten, &c. as there; and after Xeisū, Christ, follows δι' र्डे ठ०। ठके। वर्णम् में वेर्शक erivipali icxagisurlis, σεροσφέρομεν την λυδικήν κ αναίμακδον λαθείαν ταύτην, ην σεςοσφέςει σοι, Κύ-हु।, सर्वारत रते डिम्म वंसरे בים מאשי אוצ בין ויצנו לעם mar, and aculu u pront-Ceiac ore pila rd bront-क्य के कबेटा रहीं किश्वा, मु de marti rong Jupiapa προσφέρελαι το ονόμαλι αγίω συ, κ) δυσία, κ) αιροσ-Φορά Through whom giving thanks to Thee, with Him, and the Holy Spirit, ave offer this reasonable and unbloody Service, which all Nations offer to thee, O Lord, from the rifing of the Sun unto the going down of the same, and from the North unto the South; for thy Name is great among all Nations, and in every Place Incense is offered to thy boly Name, and Sacrifice and Oblation. Then immediately follows the Prayer of Intercession, thus, Kai diópida n waξαπαλυμίν σε Φιλάνθεωπε, alagi Minogilli, Kugu, της αγίας η μόνης καθο-λικής η αποτολικής Εκadnotas, &c. And we pray unto, and befeech thee, O good God, the Lover of Men; remember, O. Lord, thy one boly, catholick and apostolick Church, &c. which ends thus, nuãs di हेंप्डदा बंग्रे रका बंग्रिया έμῶτ,

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pleased thee from the beginning of the World, Patriarchs, Prophets, just Men, Apostles, Martyrs, Confessors, Bishops, Presbyters, Deacons, Subdeacons, Readers, Singers, Virgins, Widows, Laymen, and all whoseNames thou knowest.

.We farther pray unto Thee for this People, that thou make wouldst them a royal Priesthood, a holy Nation, to the Praise of thy Christ; for those that are in Virginity and Chastity; for the Widows of the Church; for those that are in honest Marriage and Childbearing; for the Children of thy People, that thou wouldst not permit any of us to be Cast-aways.

We farther befeech thee for this Part of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chryfostom and St. Basil.

and subdue unto them all barbarous Nations who delight in War: Grant unto them a profound and lasting Peace; incline their Hearts to be favourable to thy Church, and to all thy People, that in their Tranquillity we may lead a quiet and peaceable Life in all a favour and honesty. Remember, O Lord, all in Power and Authority, and our Brethren in the Court, and all the Army.

+ Lit. Mar. Give Rest, O Lord our God, to the Souls of our Fathers and Brethren who are departed in the Faith of Christ, remembring our Forefathers from the beginning of the World, Fathers, Patriarchs, Prophets, Apostles, Martyrs, Confessors, Bishops, Saints, just Men, and every Spirit made perfect in the Faith of Christ; especially those whom we this Day commemorate, and our holy Father Mark, the Apostle and Evangelist, who shewed unto us the Way of Salvation.—

Lit. Chrys. We farther offer to Thee this reasonable Service, for those who rest in Faith, our Forefathers, Fathers, Patriarchs, Prophets, Apostles,——Evangelists, Martyrs, Confessors, Continent Persons, and every Spirit made persect in the Faith.—

Lit. Bas. That we may all find Mercy and Favour with all thy Saints who have pleased thee from the beginning of the World, our Foresathers, Patriarchs, Prophets, Apostles,——Evangelists, Martyrs, Confessors, Doc-

δικαίε & αίς τε Χρης σε τελεκωμένε. « Xuice un Xudilahitu Mucia. o Knister hila ag. enyolus μένη συ ἐν γυσαιξί, κὴ εὐλο Γημένο ο καρκός τῆς κοιλίας συς อ้าง อมให้เล อ้างหเร านัง ปุงหนัง หุ้นมัง. Deinde exclamat Sacerdos, Έξαιρίτως της σαναγίας, άχράντα, υπιρευλο Γημέτης, ενδάξυ δεσποίτης ήμων, θιοδόκυ κλ αιιπαρθένυ Μαρίας. Cantores. "Αξιόν έτι ως άληθως μακαρίζειν σε την θεθόκου, την αλειμακάριτου κή σαναμώμηθου, κή μηθέρα το છે કહે ກໍ່ແລ້າ, την τιμιωθέραν των χιρουθίμ, κ) ένδιξολέςαν ασυπείτως των σεραφίμη την αδιαφθόρως θεδο λό[ον τεκύσαι, την διτως Δεοδόκον σε με αλύνομεν. Et rurfus canunt. Έπὶ σοὶ χαίριι, κιχαρίθυμένη, φάσα ή સીં(σις, αίγέλων τὸ σύςημα, κ) αυθρώπων τὸ γέιΦ, ήίνασμύε ταὶ, σαςθετικόν καύχημα, έξ ής θεός έσαςκώθη, મું જવારોના પ્રાંચિક છે જારતે. તાંકામાં છજાતંદ્વમાં વેરતેક મુંઘલ, જારે, שמו כאי שודומי שנים ושינות בין דים בין דים בין שורים שלעם τυθέςαι τέςαιων απιιεγάσαθο. Επί σοι χαιειί, πιχαειτυμένη, σάσα η εδίσις. Δόξα σοι."

That what here follows is an Interpolation appears not only from the abrupt and unconnected Manner in which it is brought in, but likewife because there is no Notice taken of it by St. Cyril, nor any such Address in Lie. Clem.

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κὐτοῖς βίον ἄμεμπ]ον, ἄπειλον κὐτῶν τἰιὶ διακονίαν Φύλαξον, κὰ Η βαθμές ἀΓαθὸς περκποίησαι. Ίνα εὐρωμεν ελεον κὰ χάρκν μῷ πάντων τὰ ἀγίων τὰ ἀπὰ ἀιῶνίς σοι εὐαρετησάντων κῷ γρεὰν κὰ γρεὰν, παθριαρχῶν, περΦηθῶν, ἀποςίλων, μαρθύρων, κὰ παντὸς πνεύμα] ⑤ δικαίκ ἐν πίς ἡ τὰ Χρεξ σκ τεξελειωμένκ.

Duriar eta prepoveropoly is it wegetκοιμημένων, πεῶτον παθειαεχών,πεοΦητῶν, ἀπος έλων, μαςτύρων, όπως ο θεός εύχαις αυτών και merobeiais mesobi-हैं शीवा मंद्रवेष मोन वैद्यांou संदर है जिल्हे में σεροκεκοιμημένων ά-भाका मबीहरूका में स्माσχόσεων, κὶ σεάντων απλώς τ 🖒 ήμιν προκεκοιμημένων, με-אַנקלט פֿייקסוי שוקנטorles foreas tais yu-ત્રલાંદ ઇજાદેશ હિંમ મું **દેશ**σις αναφέρε αι, αγίας κ Φεικωδεςά-THE TECONOMISTS DUσίας.

ग्रमका, क्षिश्वेद ग्रमका में कंगीλήπους καια σούια γιτόμεand deliver us from our Iniquities, and be our Protector and Helper in all things. Then immediately follows où yar il, for thou art—as at this Mark ‡, p. 13. Then what is fet down at this Mark +, p. 17. and after dia the impaniae, by the Manifestation, follows τῦ Kugiu ห) อิเชี ห) ออกิกุอ σον δ Θεός η ταύτην την อิบธ์เลง รที่ เสลยล่ ธรี เป้า yias, dia The impollious τε σαιαγίε σε απεύμαθο. "Οτι αυτός δ Κύριος, κ) δ

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λώκ, ύπερ τ όν εξορίαις, ύπερ τ όν δημεύσει, ύπερ πλεόντων, κ อ์ดีอเพออุษ์ทโฉพ, อัพลเร [add, เหล่ทโฉท Ms.v.] รัพโพษอัติ ที่มีทุ เหล่ที่ผม βοηθός κὰ ἀνδιλήπως Ετι σαρακαλεμέν σε κὰ ὑσερ τ μισέντων निम्बंद भें रीक्सर्वरीका निम्बंद रीखे के व्यवस्थ एष्ट चंत्रहेन में हिंख विश्वस्थ में व्यहन πλανημένων, όπως έπιςρέψης αυτές είς αλαθόν, κ τ θυμον αυτων προσύνης Ετι αναρακαλεμέν σε κ υπες τ καθηχεμέων δ έκκλησίας, κὶ ὑπὲρ τ χαμαζομένων ὑπο τὰ άλλολρία, κὶ ὑπὲρ τ či μεθανοία άδελΦαν ήμων, έπως τές μεν τελαώσης όι τη είς d, τες ή καθαρίσης όκ & όνερίκας τε πονηρέ, τ ή τίω μείανοιαν Ετι σεροσφέρομέν σοι κζ τσε ερ το εύκομσίας τε άίρο, κζ το εύφοείας των καρπων όπως ανελληπως με αλαμβάνον το των αβορ σε αι αθών, αινώμεν σε απαύσως τ διδόντα τροφίω πάση σαςκί. Ετι παρακαλθμέν σε κι τωτις των δι ευλοίον αιτίαν απόντων έπως ἀπανίας ήμας διαίηρήσας όν τη εύσεθκα, έπισιωαγάγης Ο τῆ βασιλεία τε Χυις σε, τε Θεε σε άσης αίδ ητῆς κές νοηθής Φύσεως, τη βασιλέως ήμων, ατρέπθης, αμέμπθης, ανείκλήτες ότι σοι πάσα δόξα, σέδας η εύχαιρεία, τιμή η προσκύνησις, το Παθελ, κζ τῷ Υἰῷ, κζ τῷ ἀγίῷ Πνεύμαθι, κζ νωῦ, κζ વંસે, મું લંદુ જારે તેમ સ્ત્રામાં માર્થ જે વેરક માર્થ માર્થ જે વાર્લા માર્થ જે વાર્લા માર્થ જે વાર્લા માર્થ છે.

Pop.

Doctors, holy Persons," and every just Spirit made perfect in the Faith of thy Christ. Hail Mary full of Grace, the Lord is with thee; bleffed art thou among Women, and bleffed is the Fruit of thy Womb, for thou didst bear the Saviour of our Souls. Then the Priest says with a loud Voice. Chiefly our most holy, undefiled, superlatively bleffed and glorious Lady, the Mother of God, and ever-virgin Mary. The Singers. It is very meet to magnify thee, the ever-bleffed and most immaculate Parent and Mother of our God, who art more honourable than the Cherubim, and incomparably more glorious than the Scraphim. Thee we extol, who without being corrupted didst bring forth God the Logos, and art truly the Mother of God. And egain they fing. Thou, O full of Grace, art the Joy of the whole Creation, both of Angels and Men. O consecrated Temple, O Glory of Virginity, of whom the Deity was incarnate, and our God, who is from Eternity, was made a Child; for he made thy Womb his Throne, the Seat of him whom the Heavens cannot contain. Thon, O full of Grace, art the Joy of the whole Creation. Glory be to

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\* and grant to them an unblameable Life, preserve them" unspotted in their Ministry, and purchase for them good || Degrees.

† That we may all find Mercy and Favour, with all thy Saints, who from the Beginning of the World have pleafed thee in their feveral Generations, Patriarchs, Prophets, Apostles, Martyrs, and every just Spirit made perfect in the Faith of thy Christ.

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City, and those that

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for them. Then we also make mention of those who have fallen asleep before us, first the Patriarchs, Pro-Apostles, phets, and Martyrs, that God through their Prayers and Supplications would receive our Petitions; then for our holy Fathers and Bishops who have gone before us; and in general for all who have departed from among us, believing it to be a great Benefit to their Souls for whom Prayer is made whilst the holy and tremen-· dous Sacrifice lyes before God.

City, and those that tors, and every just Spirit made perdwell therein; for feet in the Faith.—
those that are in

Sickness; for those that are in hard Slavery; for those that are in Banishment, for those that are under Proscription; for those that travel by Sea, or by Land, that thou wouldst be to them [add, all] a Succourer, Strengthner and Supporter.

We farther pray unto thee for those that hate us, and persecute us for thy Name's Sake; for those who are without and led away with Error, that thou wouldst convert them to that which is Good, and mitigate their Wrath against us.

We farther pray unto thee for the Catechumens of the Church; for those who are tossed by adverse Spirits; and for our Brethren who are in the State of Penance, that thou wouldst perfect the first in the Faith, and cleanse the second from the Energy of the evil One, and accept the Repentance of the last, and forgive both them and us whatever Offences we have committed against thee.

We farther offer unto Thee for temperate Weather, and for Plenty of the Fruits of the Earth, that we continually partaking of those good Things which thou bestowest, may incessantly praise thee, who givest Food unto all Flesh.

We farther pray unto Thee for those who are absent on any reasonable Cause; that thou wouldst preserve us all in Godliness, and keeping us stedfast, unblameable and without Rebuke, wouldst gather us into the Kingdom of thy Christ, our King, and the God of every sensible and intellectual Being; for to thee, the Father, the Son, and the Holy Ghost, belongs all Glory, Worship and Thanks-giving, Honour and Adoration, now and for ever throughout all Ages, World without end.

People.

Oids, a wapbaoidade, apaw Inous of Kristos Tri vuril of the conformation of the confor

p. 29.

<sup>a</sup> Diaconus.

Mundan, Kueze à Geòs npage.
Sacerdos inclinatus dicit,

Μνήθηί, Κύριε ο Θεός συνυμάτων κη στάσης σαρκός, ὧν εμνήθημμμ κη ὧν έκ εμνήθημμμ κη ὧν έκ εμνήθημμμ κη ὧν έκ εμνήθημμμ κη ὧν έκ καίκ μεχρι το σήμερον ήμερας αὐτός εκᾶ αὐτκς ἀνάπαυσον ἐν χώρα ζώνων, ἀ ἐν τῆ βασιλεία σκ," ἐν τῆ τρυφῆ τὰ σαραδείσκ, ἐν κόλποις 'Αδραάμ, κη Ἰσαάκ, κη Ἰακώς, τῶν ἀγίων σαθέρων ἡμῶν, ἐθεν ἀπέδρα εδιών, λύπη, κη σενασμός, ἔνθα ἐπισκόπα τὸ ζῶς τὰ σεροσώπε σκ, κη καθαλάμπα διὰ σανθός ο

Ήμῶν δὲ τὰ τέλη τ ζωῆς χειςιανὰ κὰ εὐάρεςα, καὶ ἀναμάριῆα, ἐν ἀρήνη κατεύθωνοι Κύειε, Κύριε, ἐσσυτωάρων ἡμᾶς ὑσο τὰς σόδας τῶν ἀκλεκίῶν σα, ὅτε θέλας, μόνον χωεις αἰχωίης καὶ σαρσωθωμάτων, διὰ τὰ μονογμᾶς σα ὑιᾶ, Κυρία, καὶ Θεᾶ, καὶ σωθήρο ἡμῶν

- See Lit. Mar. Chryf. & Buf.

Here the Deacon reads the Diptychs in which were contained the Names of the Dead; after which the Priest went on as above: And thus the Connexion appears when that interpolated Address to the blessed Virgin is omitted.

Num. xvi. 22. xxvii. 16. in the LXX.

If this be not interpolated, then βασιλεία, Kingdom, is to be taken here in a large Sense, else it would be inconsistent with the plain Doctrine both of the Scriptures and primitive Fathers. But see the fol-

Iowing Note, and Lit. Mar.

• f. add, καὶ τῆς βασιλείας σε καθαξίωσον, and wouch/afe them thy Kingdom, as in Lit. Mar. Or rather, is τῆ βασιλεία σε καθάταξον αυτώς, place them in thy Kingdom, may have been here omitted by the Negligence of the Transcriber, which being afterwards added on the Margin may have occasioned the is τῆ βασιλεία σε, in thy Kingdom, to be inserted out of it's Place as above: Otherwise there is here no Petition for the sinal Consummation of their Happi-

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Diaconus.

Mrhabile, Kuene i Oede imair— Sacerdos.

'Ημῶν ή τὰ τέλη τ΄ ζωῆς χελςιανὰ καὶ εὐάρεςα, καὶ ἀναμάρηλα, ἐν εἰς μύη καθεύθωον, Κύελε, ἐπισωά ων ἡμᾶς τὰ ἀπο τεὰς
πόδας" τῶν ἐκλεκθῶν σε, [ὅτε θέλεις καὶ ὡς
θέλεις, μόνον χωελς αἰαχωής καὶ παραπτωμάτων] διὰ τε μονογωες σε ὑιε, Κυελεκ
καὶ Θεε, καὶ σωλής ὁ ἡμῶν Ἰησε Χελςες
αὐτὸς γὰρ ἐςιν ὁ μόν ὁ ἀναμάρη ἡ Φανεὶς
δπὶ τ΄ γῆς \* μεθ' ε΄ εὐλοίητὸς εἰκ δεδο-

\* See the Note b in the other Col.

\* Conft. Ap. I. viii. c. 41. In the Bidding-Prayer by the Deacon, "Οπως & Βείς παλαίδη είς χώραν εὐσιδῶν—ιἰς κόκπον 'Αδραὰμι κὰ 'Ισαὰκ, κὰ 'Ιακώδ— είν βα ἀπίδρα ἐδύνη, κὰ λύπη, κὰ τια μός; that God may place bim in the Region of the Godly—in the Bosom of Abraham, Isaac and sacob,—whence Sorrow, Grief, and Lamentation are banished away. And in the following Prayer by the Bishop, Καθάταξον—ἰν τῷν πόρολπων τῶν παθειαρχῶν, κὰ τῶν προφήδῶν, κὰ τῶν ἀποςόλην, κὰ παίτων τῶν ἀπ ἀιῶνός σοι εὐαρις πσάντων, ὅπω ἀκ ἔνι λύπη, ἀδύνη, κὰ τενικερώς place him in the Bosom of the Patriarchs, Prophets, and Apossles, and of all those that have pleased thee from the Beginning of the World, where there is no Grief, Sorrow, or Lamentation.

Dionys. Areop. 'Η εὐχὴ — δεῖται — καλατάξαι — ἐν φωτὶ κỳ χώρα ζώντων, εἰς κόλπως 'Αδραὰμ, κỳ 'Ισαὰκ, κỳ 'Ιακώδ, ἐν τόπω ὁ ἀπίδρα δδύνη, κỳ λύπη, κỳ ςεια[μός: The Prayer—besceches—to place—in Light, and the Region of the Living, in the Bosoms of Abraham, Isaac and Jacob, in the Place whence Sorrow, Grief,

ness,

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p. 29. After which is goes on in the same Order as the other Liturgies, as you will see in. the following Pages to p. 45. where after Luis ainvis ni appaerias, of eternal Life and Immortality, follows sig doconogias THE कवावश्रंष एष केर्णमधी 🕒, हाँद έφισι άμαξιών, ικα [συ] n ir very, under n ir क्कारि, वेर्ट्सवरीय, में वृत्यायyier nj uriper nj didekao-piror ou bropa ode Inou Merry w arin uniques: for the glorifying thy holy Name, and for the Remission of Sins, that [thy] in this also, as in all things, thy most boly, and precious and glorious Name, together with Jesus Christ, and the boly Ghoft, may be glerified, and praised and ballowed. And then atter a Preface to it follows the Lord's Prayer. This Order is fingular, and feems not to be foproper and natural as that of the other Liturgies: And therefore, if this Liturgy be indeed, as is most likely, the primitive Liturgy of the Church of Alexandria. (See Dr. Grabe, Num. 167. at the End of his De forma Con-Secr. Euchar. 2. 77.) I much incline to suspect that as it has fuffered the like Interpolations and. Corruptions as the other Liturgies, the Clementine only excepted, have done,. fo this Prayer of Interceffion has been fomehow misplaced afterwards, rather than that it has been in this Order from the Beginning; for I can hardly induce myfelf to believa

Lit. Mar. (Ο Διάκου 🚱 τὰ δίπ]υχα Tar xexapteren -) (6 Tepene xx. opho έπεύχεζαι.) Καὶ τέτων πάντων τὰς ψυχὰς αναπαυσοι, δέσσοτα Κύερε ο Θεος έμων, έν 🕈 τ άγίων σε σείωαις. 👣 τη βασιλεία σε χαιλίομου ουτοίς το τ έπαιγελιών συ લેજુલાગેલે, તે હેંભગિયામાં છેલ લેંહેલ, જે, છેંદ હેલ नैमधनरा, में देनों मकर्तिका कांग्रेटकारका येम कांदिन, थे नेप्रश्नियम्बद, दं प्रश्नेह, स्मेंद्र वेश्विम छिन्। स्ने वैश्वμά σε τὸ άδιον. Αὐτῶν μὲν τὰς ψυχὰς ἀνά-मवण्डण, में विकामेर्सवर संस्कारण स्वीवर्शकान Here the Prayer is first that God would give Rest to their Souls, is exlusis ? ayian, in the Tabernacles of the Saints; and then that he would bestow upon them his promised good Things which Eye hath not seen, &c. in the Basideia व्यापर, in bis Kingdom, or र इंट्याबिंग, of Heaven.

Lit. Chryf. (Διάκου Θ.—τὰ δίπ συχα τῶν — κεκοιμημένων — ο ή Ίερευς κλινόμθι Θ εὐχεται—) — μυή δη η ι πάν συν περοκεκοιμημένων ἐπ΄ ἐλπίδι ἀνας άστως ζωῆς αἰωνίκ.
(Ἐν αῦθα ο Ἱερευς μνημονεύ κ ὧν θέλει—
τεθνεώτων—) — Υπερ ἀναπαύστως κὰ ἀφεστως τὰ ψυχῆς τῦ δέλε σε, δεῖ Θ, ἐν πέστω
Φωθενῷ ἔνθα ἀπέδρα λύπη κὰ ς ενα μος, ἀνάπαυσον ἀυτίω ο θεὸς ἡμῶν,— ἐπε ἐπισκόπαί τὸ Φῶς τῦ προσώπε σε.

Lit. Mar. Ἡμῖν δὲ τὰ τέλη τῆς ζωῆς. Χελςιανὰ κὰ ἐυάριςα, κὰ ἀναμάρη Πα δώ-

<sup>a</sup> Deacon.

Remember, O Lord our God—b
The Priest bowing, says,

Remember, O Lord, 'the God of Spirits and of all Flesh, those Orthodox whom we have remembred; and those also whom we have not remembred, from righteous Abel even unto this Day: Do thou give them Rest in the Region of the Living, 'in thy Kingdom," in the Delights of Paradise, in the Bosoms of our holy Fathers, Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob, whence Sorrow, Grief, and Lamentation are banished away, where the Light of thy Countenance visits, and shines continually;

And dispose the End of our Lives, O Lord, in peace, that they may be Christian, well pleasing to thee, and free from Sin, O Lord, gathering us under the Feet of thine Elect, when thou wilt, and as thou wilt, only without Shame or Offence; through thy only begotten Son, our Lord, and God, and

ness, but for the intermediate State only. Lit. Syr. in the Commemoration of the Dead, has this Petition, Et illos pervenire faciat ad Regnum suum in Coelis, And bring them to bis Kingdom in Heaven.

The ancient Liturgy of the Church of Jerusalem.

Deacon.

Remember, O Lord our God—\*
Prieft.

Remember, O Lord, the God of Spirits and of all Flesh, those [Orthodox] whom we have remembred, and those also whom we have not remembred, from righteous Abel even unto this Day: Do thou give them Rest \* in the Region of the Living, b in the Delights of Paradise," in the Bosoms of our holy Fathers, Abraham, Isaac and Jacob, whence Sorrow, Grief, and Lamentation are banished away, where the Light of thy Countenance visits and shines continually;

And dispose the End of our Lives, O Lord, in Peace, that they may be Christian, well pleasing to thee, and free from Sin, gathering us dunder the Feet of thine Elect; [when thou wilt, and as thou wilt, only without Shame or Offence;] through thy only begotten Son, our Lord, and God, and Saviour Jesus Christ, for he alone appeared without Sin upon the Earth, with whom thou art blessed and

and Lamentation are banished away. Eccl. Hier. c. 7.

\* See this Mark in Lit. Ja. p. 66. and f. add, & & & , through whom and... So St. Cyril, p. 223. p. 258.

p. 353.
b De Conft. Ap. & Dienyf. in the Places above cited.
c f. add, x is τη βασιλεία σε καθάταξος αυτες and place them in thy Kingdom. See the Note c in the other Col.

A I would rather chuse to read μελά, with, as in Lit. Mar. for though ὑπὸ τὰς ωτόλας, under the Feet, does very well become the Humility of a single Person in his private Devotions, yet it does not seem to be so suitable to the publick Office of a whole Church.

The Clementine Liturgy.

Part of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrysostom and St. Basil.

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

believe that this Church should have been taught a Form so different in this Respect from that of other Churches, with whose Liturgies in all other respects it so exactly agrees. And it is observable that if we remove this Prayer of Intercession to the same Place in which it stands in the other Liturgies, the whole Office will connect, even without any other Alteration, fully as well as it does at preient.

Lit. Mar. (The Deacon reads the Diptychs of the Dead—)

(The Priest bowing himself, prays)

And give Rest to the Souls of all these, O Lord our God, in the Tabernacles of thy Saints; granting unto them, in thy Kingdom, those thy promised good Things which Eye hath not seen, nor Ear heard, nor have entered into the Heart of Man, which thou hast prepared, O God, for them that love thy holy Name. Do thou give Rest to their Souls, and vouchsafe them the Kingdom of Heaven.—

Lit. Chrys. (The Deacon—reads the Diptychs—of the Dead—and the Priest bowing himself, prays—)—Remember all that are departed in hope of the Resurrection to eternal Life, (Here the Priest remembers whom he pleases—of the Dead—)—For the Rest and Remission of the Soul of thy Servant N. Give it Rest, O our God, in a Place of Light, whence Grief and Lamentation are banished away,—where the Light of thy Countenance visits.

Lit. Bas.—(The Deacon—reads the Diptychs—of the Dead—&c. as in Lit. Chrys. only for give it Rest, it has, give them Rest.

Lit. Mar. And give us a Christian End of our Lives, well pleasing to thee, and free from Sin; and grant

'Inog Xereg. જામાર ત્ર્યું દ્રા છે માં છે જામ જામ મામ મામ જામ જામ જ જામ જ

Diaconos.

Pop.

'Αμίω

Sacerd.

Eighún mãon.

Pop.

Και τῷ πνείμαλί συ.

Diac.

Έτι κ. <sup>2</sup> Δίρὶ σταν ος όν εἰρίων τὰ Κυρκυ δεηθῶμίν. 'Υπερ τ στορσκομιθέντων καὶ ἀγιασθίντων, τιμίων, ἰπυρωίων, ἀξέντων, ἀχεώτων, ἐνδέων, φοθερῶν, φεμετῶν, θιίω δώρων Κυρίω τῷ Θεῷ δεηθῶμίν όπως Κύρι Φ- ὁ Θεὸς ἡμιῶκ, b.1"

\* That this is the Doxology with which the Priest's Prayer of Intercession concluded, appears by it's Connexion with what immediately follows, when compared with Lit. Clem. Chryf. and Baf. what intervenes betwixt it and in the rife yie, upon the Earth—being, the first Part of it which is marked with Fig. 2. and written in a larger Letter, plainly a Part of the following Bidding-Prayer thrust out of it's due Place, and the rest written in a smaller Character an Interpolation.

Add, iri, 13, again, and - so it is twice after-

The ancient Liturgy of the Church of Jerusalem.

Pop.

§ Αμήν.

Sacerd.

Eiglein masur.

Pop.

Καὶ τῷ συνεύμαλί συ.

Diac.

\* Έτι κὰ ἔτι [ κὰ δια παντὸς ἐν κιρίωή]
τε Κυρίε δεηθωμου. Υπέρ τ προσκομισθέντων δώρων Κυρίω τῷ Θεῷ δεηθῶμου ὁπως
Κύρι, ὁ Θεὸς ἡμῶν, προσδεξάμου, ὁ ἀυτα
κός τὸ † ὑπερεράνιον ἀυτε θυσιασήρων κἰς
ὁσμίω εὐωδίας, ἀντικαθαπέμυψη ἡμῶν τίω
θκαν χάριν κὰ τίω δωρεάν τε ἀχίε πνεύμαθ. 2. Υπέρ ‡ κἰρήνης κὰ εὐσαθκας
παντὸς κόσμε, κὰ τ ἀχίων τε θεῦ ἐκκλημοῦν " Υπέρ τ τὰς προσφοράς ταύτας
προσενεικάνων" κὰ ὑπέρ ὧν ἔκας, προσφονείκαν κὰ διάνειαν ἔχει, κὰ παντὸς τὰ περρεκτος, ἡ κῷ διάνειαν ἔχει, κὰ παντὸς τὰ περρεκτος λακ. 3. Υπέρ ἀφεσεως τ ἀμαροκες τος καντὸς τὸ περρεκτος Κάτος.

See also Lit. Mar. in Note Col. 1. p. 55. and p. 75. and p. 91. So in Martyr. S. Ignat. and in Orat. Polycarp. according to the old Latin Translation, which has here preserved the true Reading, as appears by comparing it with Euseb. H. E. I. iv. c. 15. And this Form seems fittest in this Place.

§ Just. M. Ap. 1. p. 126. Οῦ [ωροιςῶτ&] συθιλίσαιθΟ τὰς εὐχὰς κὴ τὰν εὐχαρις (αι, τῶς ὁ καρῶν λαὸς ἐπευφημοῖ λίων 'Αμήν. When he [the Bishop] hath sinished the Prayers and Thanksgiving, all the People present, with a joyful Acclamation, say Amen. See 1 Cor. xiv. 16.

This Bidding-Prayer in Lit. Ja. is broken into three Parcels, and those put at a Distance from one another; the second of them, which I have marked with Fig. 2. is brought in before it's due Place, as you will see in the other Col. of this Page: and the third, which I have marked with Fig. 3. is inserted long after, see it in p. 78. But by comparing this Lit. with Lit. Clem. I think it can hardly be doubted but

The Clementine Liturgy.

Sacerd.
'H eiglu'n Từ Θεῦ ein μετὰ ακίντων ὑμῶν.

Pop. Καὶ μῷ τῦ συνύμαθός συ.

Diac. "Ετι κρ έτι δεηθώ-भी गरें अहें ही वे गरें Xees aure, inte TË वेंक्स TË क्टर्डिंशμωθέν] @ Κυείφ τῷ Sem. ount o que-Jos Osos wegodekn-Tas avis, जीवे वर्ड µर-चगर्सवड • गर्डे Xe158 वर्ण हैं लंड को दमस्वर्धणाण wirs Guorasmerov, eis orphie wasias. Υπέρ & έκκλησίας ταύτης, κે τἒ λαἔ TTTEE αάσης έπισκοπῆς, व्यवमाद्रे ब्यूट्टियीहर्राष्ट्र, wasns & cu Xelsã Siakovias, x [ Umng:oias, de ms. v.] warτὸς τἒ જસηρώμα] ઉ of exxinoias dendatop. Ques o Knor@ कर्वभावद ठीवीम्हर्भणम् म्द्रे διαφυλάξη. TTE

βασιλέων κές τ όν

Part of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chryfosom and St. Bafil.

οησαι· χ δος ήμῖυ μερίδα χ κλῆρον έχευ μζ πάντων τῶν ἀγίων συ.

\* In Lit. Chryf. and Baf. the Prayer of Intercession is thus concluded, καὶ δὸς ἡμῖν ἐν ἐνὶ σόμαὶ, κὰ μιὰ καρδία δοτ ξάζαν, κὰ ἀνυμνεῖν τὸ παίνὶμων κὰ με αλοπρεπὶς ὅνομά σκ, τκ Παρὸς, κὰ τκ Υικ, κὰ τκ ἀγίκ Πνεύμαὶ ⑤, νωῦ κὰ ἀκὶ κὰ εἰς τκς ἀιῶνας τὰ ἀιώνων.

Pop.
'Aulu'. Then follows,
Sacerd.

Καὶ ἔςαι τὰ ἐλέη τᾶ μεγάλυ Θεᾶ καὶ Σωῆρ۞ ἡμῶν Ἰησᾶ Χοιςᾶ μῷ πάντων ὑμῶν.

Pop.
Καὶ μίζα τε πνιύμαζός σε.
Diacon.

— Eti καὶ ετι [Lit. Baf. add, & eigling]
τε Κυρίε δεηθωρου.

Pop. Kuels edenoor.

Diac. Υπέρ τ΄ σεροσκομιδέντων κ' ἀἰασδίστων τιμέων δώρων, τὰ Κυράκ δεηθώμους—
δοπως ὁ Φιλάνθρωπ Θ. Θεὸς ἡμῶν,—σεροσδεξάμθρ Θ. ἀυτὰ εἰς τὸ ἄῖοο κ' ὑπερκράνιον
κ' νοιξὸ αὐτὰ θυσιαςήρων, εἰς ὀσμίω εὐωδίας σιωμαϊκής, ἀντικαιαπέμθη ἡμῖν τίω
θείαν χάριν, κ' τίω δωρεάν τὰ σωαγίκ
σνεύμαι Θ.,—

Ρορ. Κύερε ελέησον.

'Inog Xerzg. જામાર ત્રિક કરા છે માર્ગ જ જાન

Diaconos.

Pop.

Αμίω.

Sacerd.

Eighun warm.

Pop.

Kai रक्षे कार्या मुळीर एस.

Diac.

Έτι κὰ <sup>3</sup> Δία σκιδός όν εἰριώη τὰ Κυρίυ δεηθωμίν. Ύπες τ σεοσκομιοθένταν καὶ ἀτιασθίντων, τιμίω, ἐπυρωίων, ἀξζήτων, ἀχρώτων, ἐιδόξων, φοιετῶν, φριατῶν, θιίω δώρων Κυρίω τῷ Θεῷ δεηθῶμίν ὁπως Κύρι ο Θεὸς ἡμῶν, b. 3 "

\* That this is the Doxology with which the Priest's Prayer of Intercession concluded, appears by it's Connexion with what immediately follows, when compared with Lit. Clem. Chryf. and Baf. what intervenes betwixt it and in the View, upon the Earth-being, the first Part of it which is marked with Fig. 2. and written in a larger Letter, plainly a Part of the following Bidding-Prayer thrust out of it's due Place, and the rest written in a smaller Character an Interpolation.

Add, i'r, n, again, and fo it is twice after-

The ancient Liturgy of the Church of Jerusalem.

हैबσμέν 🕒 στω τῷ ἀγίω ανεύμα । ντῶ κὸ αἰκὸ κὸ εἰς τὰς αἰῶνας.

Pop.

§ Aµny

Sacerd.

Eiglein marn.

Pop.

Καὶ τῷ πνιύμαλί σε.

Diac.

\* Έτι κὰ ἔτι [\* κὰ δια παντὸς ἐν κἰρίωή]
τε Κυρίε δεηθωμον. Υπέρ τ προσκομισθέντων δώρων Κυρίω τῷ Θεῷ δεηθῶμον ὁπως
Κύρι, ὁ Θεὸς ἡμῶν, προσδεξάμου, ὁ ἀυτα 
κός τὸ † ὑπερεράνιον ἀυτε θυσιασήρων κἰς
ὁσμίω εὐωδίας, ἀντικαθαπέμψη ἡμῶν τίω 
θκαν χάριν κὰ τίω δωρεαν τε ἀγίε πνεύμαθω. 2. Υπέρ ‡ κἰρήνης κὰ εὐςαθκας
σιῶν [ \* Υπέρ τ τὰς προσφορὸς ταύτας
προσενεικάνων κὰ ὑπέρ ὧν ἐκας, προσφονείς τὰ περεροσενεικάνων κὰ ὑπέρ τος προσφονείς τὰ περεροσενος ἡ κῷ διάνοιαν ἔχει, κὰ παντὸς τὰ περερωτώς δλακ. 3. Υπέρ ἀφεσεως τὰ ἀμαροκερώς Τὸ μαροκερώς Τὸ ἐκροσενος τὰ ἐκροσε

See also Lit. Mar. in Note Col. 1. p. 55. and p. 75. and p. 95. and p. 91. So in Martyr. S. Ignat. and in Orat. Polycarp. according to the old Latin Translation, which has here preserved the true Reading, as appears by comparing it with Euseb. H. E. l. iv. c. 15. And this Form seems fittest in this Place.

§ Just. M. Ap. 1. p. 126. Οὖ [σροιςῶτ&] συἢιλίσαι] καὶς εὐχὰς κὰ τὰν εὐχαςις καὶς τὰ σαρῶν λαὸς ἐπευφημεῖ λίων 'Αμήν. When he [the Bishop] hath sinished the Prayers and Thanksgiving, all the People present, with a joyful Acclamation, say Amen. See

1 Cor. xiv. 16.

\* This Bidding-Prayer in Lit. Ja. is broken into three Parcels, and those put at a Distance from one another; the second of them, which I have marked with Fig. 2. is brought in before it's due Place, as you will see in the other Col. of this Page: and the third, which I have marked with Fig. 3. is inserted long after, see it in p. 78. But by comparing this Lit. with Lit. Clem. I think it can hardly be doubted but

The Clementine Liturgy.

Sacerd.
'H લેફોર્ટ્યા નજે ઉલ્લે લેવ μετα જાલેગ્યાભ પ્રેમ્બેંગ.

Pop. Kai મર્ટે વર્ષે જાણાં-મુજાબિક હજા.

Diac.
"Eti kì šti den9-ãpho të Osë dia të X45-ë chtë iste

Χεις ε αυτέ, ύπες TË वेंश्री महें कार्क्ट XOμωθέν] @ Κυείφ τῷ Den onus o dla-Jos Osos megodeky-Tas aund, की के पह-चगर्सवड • गर्डे Xees ह वर्ण हैं संद को दस्य हुई शरा with Gustashelov, eis orphie wadias. Υπέρ & έκκλησίας रवर्णमाइ, में गर्डे भवडे δεηθώμεν. 'Υπὶρ σάσης επισκοπης, क्रवामें क्रिक्टियी हिंद्र, क्वरंगि रें ट्रा Xessã Sianovias, n [inneroias, de ms. v.] warτὸς τὰ જληρώμα 🚱 જ દેમκλησίας δεηθώ-

αάντας διαθηρήση κ

βασιλέων κές τ όν

'Υπὲρ

διαφυλάξη.

Part of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chryfoston and St. Bafil.

ρησαι χ δος ήμιν μερίδα χ κλήρον έχαν μξ πάντων των άγίων συ.

\* In Lit. Chryf. and Baf. the Prayer of Intercession is thus concluded, καὶ δὸς ἡμῖν ἐν ἐνὶ κόμαὶ, κὰ μιὰ καρδία δοτ ξάζαν, κὰ ἀνυμνεῖν τὸ παίνὶμον κὰ με αλοπρεπὶς ὅνομά σκ, τκ Παρὸς, κὰ τκ Ὑικ, κὰ τκ ἀνίκ Πνεύμαὶ Φ, νωῦ κὰ ἀκ κὰ ἐς τκς ἀιῶνας τὰ ἀιώνων.

Pop.
'Apla'. Then follows,
Sacerd.

Καὶ έται τα έλέη τῦ μεγάλυ Θεῦ καὶ Σωῆρ۞ ἡμῶν Ἰησε Χελτε μζ πάντων ὑμῶν.

Pop. Καὶ μίζα τε συνύμαζός σε. Diacon.

— Ετι καὶ ετι [Lit. Baf. add, & eiglwy]
τὰ Κυρία δεηθῶμθμ.

Pop. Kues edenoor.

Diac. Υπέρ τ΄ σεροτιαμιοθέντων η είποθίντων τιμίων δώρων, τε Κυρέκ δεηθώμου όπως ο Φιλάνθρωπ . Θεός ήμων, — σεροσδεξάμθυ ο αυτά είς τὸ είποι η ύπερκράνιον η νοιρό αυτε θυσιατήρων, είς όσμω εὐωδίας σπυμαίκης, αὐθικαίαπείμθη ήμεν τω θάαν χάριν, η τω δωρεάν τε σαναγίκ σνεύμαίο, —

Ρορ. Κύελε ελέησον.

Saviour Jesus Christ, for he alone appeared without Sin upon the Earth. Deacon.

2. And For the Peace and Tranquillity of the whole World, and of the holy Churches of God: And for whom every one has offered, or has in his Thoughts, and for all the People that stand about the Altar, and for all Mon and Women. Peop. And for all Men and Women. The Priest says with a loud Voice \* spare" them and us as thou art good and a Lover of Men. Peop. Remit, pardon, and forgive, O God, our Offences, voluntary and involuntary, committed by Deed or by Word, with Knowledge or through Ignorance, by Night or by Day, in Mind and Thought, forgive us all as thou art good and a Lover of Men. Prieft. Through the Grace, and Compassions, and Love of thy only begotten Son, \* with whom thou art bleffed and glorified, together with thy most holy, and good, and life-giving Spirit, now and ever, World without end.

People.

Amen.

Prieft.

Peace be with you all.

People.

And with thy Spirit.

Deacon.

Let us again and a for ever pray to the Lord in peace.

Let us pray for the precious, heavenly, ine Lible, undefiled, glorious, tremendous, terrible, divine Gifts which are offered to the Lord our God and fanclified; Let us pray that the Lord our God, b who' hath receiving wards in this Lit. and here also in the Translation in Bibl. Patr.

Dele i, who-vid. Lit. Clem. [and in the English, instead of hath received, read receiving.]

\*So it is in the Latin, in Bib Patr. Parce, &c. spare -.

The ancient Liturgy of the Church of Jerusalem.

glorified, together with thy Holy Spirit, now and ever, World without end. People.

Amen.

Priest.

Peace be with you all.

People.

And with thy Spirit.

Deacon.

\* Let us again and again, [ and for ever] pray to the Lord [\* in peace.]

Let us pray for the Gifts which are offered to the Lord God; that the Lord our God, receiving them upon his + heavenly Altar for a fweet smelling Sayour, would fend down upon us the divine Grace, and the Gift of his holy Spirit.

2. Let us pray for 1 the Peace and Tranquillity of the whole World, and of the holy Churches of God.

|| b Let us pray for those who have offered these Gifts," and for whom every one has offered, or has in his Thoughts; and for all the People that stand about the Altar; 3. for the Re-

that they have indeed been Parts of this Bidding-Prayer, and this feems plainly to be the natural Order in which they have been placed.

\* De Lit. Clem. and Chrys. and Lit. Bas. has only

ir eiphrn, in peace. + Iren. I iv. c. 34. Est ergo Altare in Cœlis (il-

luc enim Preces nostræ, & Oblationes nostræ diriguntur) & Templum, &c. There is therefore an Altar in Heaven (for thither our Prayers and Oblations are directed) and a Temple, &c.

‡ St. Cyril υπτε πουπς των εππλησιών εξείνης, υπτε της το πόσμε εθταθείας, for the common Peace of the Churches, for the Tranquillity of the World.

| Here should come in the Petitions for the Clergy,

and for the civil Powers.

I have added this (which was here plainly wanting) from the foregoing Prayer of Intercession.

The Clementine Liturgy.

Priest.
The Peace of God be with you all.

People.

And with thy
Spirit.

Deacon.

Let us again and again pray to God through his Christ, for the Gift which is offered to the Lord God; that the good God would receive it, through the Mediation of his Christ, upon his heavenly Altar, for a sweet smelling Savour.

Let us pray for this Church and People.

Let us pray for the whole Episcopate, for all the Presbyters and Deacons in Christ, and [Minister—] the whole Body of the Church; that the Lord would keep and preserve them all.

Let us pray for Kings, and those Part of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrysoftom and St. Basil.

us to have our Portion and Lot with all thy Saints.

\*—Lit. Chrys. and Bas.—And grant to us with one Mouth, and one Heart to glorify and praise thy most precious and magnificent Name, Father, Son, and Holy Ghost, now and for ever, World without end.

People.

Amen.

Pricft.

And may the Mercies of the great God and our Saviour Jesus Christ be with you all.

People.

And with thy Spirit.

Deacon.

—Let us again and again pray to the Lord [Lit. Bas.—in peace].

Peop. Lord have mercy.

Deacon. Let us pray to the Lord for the precious Gifts which are offered, and fanctified; ——that our God the Lover of Men,—receiving them upon his holy and heavenly and intellectual Altar, for a fweet smelling spiritual Savour, would send down upon us the divine Grace, and the Gift of his most holy Spirit,—

Peop. Lord have mercy.

The antient Liturgy of the Church of Jerusalem.

προσδεξάμθυ απτά ευς υδ αίσω κὸ υπερο κράνιου, τοιεότ κὸ πτιυμαϊκόν αυτε θυσταστήριου εἰς ὁσράου εὐουδίας πτιυμαϊκώς ανίβκαθωπεριψη τρίου του θείων χάρρι, κὸ του δαιρεών τὰ παταγία του νεύμαθο διαθώμιι. Τὰ ενότηα τὰς πιτίμαθο πίτησάμου, ἐπυτὸς κὸ ἀπλάμς κὸ πάσαι τὰν ζωὰν ἡμῶν Χριτῷ τῷ Θεῷ παραθώμιθα. Pop. Αμάν. τιῶν ἡμῶν, κὶ ἰλασμᾶ το ψυχῶν ἡμῶν 'Υπερ πάσης ψυχῆς θλιδομένης τε κὰ καθαπονεφείνης, ἐλάκς κὰ βεηθάας θεᾶ ἐπιδεομένης, κὰ ἐπιτεροφῆς τ΄ πεπλανημένων, ἰάσεως τ΄ ἀδενέντων, ἀναξούσεως τ΄ αἰχμαλώτων, αναπαύσεως τ΄ περακκοιμημένων πατέρων τε κὰ ἀδελφῶν ἡμῶν. Πάντες ἐκθενῶς ἄπωμομ, Κύρμε ἐλέησον'

Sacerd. 'O अारेद में कबी है नहें Kugis में अहाँ में ज्हीं में ที่นอง 'ไทธยี Χειςυ, δ μιδαλώνυμο Κύειο, ท μακαεία Φύσις, ή άφθοι αίαθότης. ο πάντων θεός 🕦 के क्रिंग ठे के कितितिमारेद कोद मधेद वाकिवद, के प्रवामिताल के की मका Xegu-Sip. & δοξαζόμει ο υπό των σιραφίμ, φ ταριτήκασι χίλαι χιλιάδες η μύριαι μυριάδες αγίων αλγίλων η αρχafrikus epultai, va pai mooren Kliefte wer dagen, depullar Raguipala, sic oopin soudiac munpaliung mooredia, को कें। वंजवा में रातेशावज्वा महीमहां कव्या केंविने, रमें प्रवंशी। रहें Χειτο συ, मे नमें देशाφοιδήσει το παιαγία συ πιεύμαθο. वंशंबरक केंग्रिकीय में नवेद नेम्बीद्रिक पेण्यवेद, में क्यंप्रिबीय, में τα πιύμαλα, η ψηλέφησου τές διάνοιας, η ανάκεινου Rag primitique, militator ap apun macar inotar morn-وها, سفاجه كالمادية مودكمي معقوما فساكولها ماوكروها, жанта λολισμον απρική, κάντα φθόνον, εξ τύφον, εξ υπόαρισι, παι ψευδω, πάντα δύκοι, πώντα περισπασμόι Bielinder, wardes Antoneffian, waren neredefian, waran gadupian, masan nanian, mura dupin, masan igyin, πάσαν μιησικακίαι, πάσαι βλασφημίαι, πάπαι κίτησιν oaguos रा में कार्यम्बी०६ वेजनीतिर्वाहरू के कार्यमें alionilis ou Exclamatio xal zulazimov nient, δίασολα Φιλάνθρωπε, μξ σαρρησίας, απατακείτως, ζι καθαρά καρδία τυχή συλίτηνgeirn, dienatonivra weocana allaupeirote nither, roften इमास्वरेलेकी वां जह, तो दे क्वाइ इंट्रुवानांड वी नि ઉદ્યો, જ્લીદંભુ, મે ત્રે ત્રે દ્વાર

Pop. Κύρμε ελέησον \*. Sacerd.

+ Καλαξίωσον ήμας, δεασολα Φιλάνθρωπε, με απαβρησίας, ακαλακείτως, όν καθαρά καρδία έπικαλάδια σε, πον όν πος ποροίς άγιον θεόν, πατέρα, κ) λέγεν

This Response was said not only here in the Bad of this Bidding-Prayer, but also after every distinct Sentence thereof.

\* f. Συνιδίστι, Confeience, as St. Cyril; perhaps also τολμάν, to be bold, should have been retained before ἐπικαλιῖο Sui, to call upon, upon the Authority of Let. Mar. Chong. and Bas. and if so it should have been put in a larger Character in the other Col. but at least the Sense is fully as good and the Sentence as complete without it.

The Clementine Liturgy.

क्षेत्रक हिमाने क्षेत्रकार ίνα εἰρηνεύων]αι τα જારૂ છેક ને મહેદ, ઉત્રાહક ને દ્રશ્μον εξ ήσύχισο βίου εχοντες διάδωμου σ कर्वना राज्यक्रिक से อยุมง่าที่เ. T ผัง ฉ่าไยง μαθίύρων μνημονεύσωμίν όπως κοινω-10 किथि के वंगे भीσεως αὐτῶν κάζαξιω-Saply. Yrie ? ce πίς αναπαυσαμί-Ding John Chie S eungarius T aisρων κ τελεσφορίας र प्रवाहमध्य विद्यानिक म्यून Trie 7 160Palisan Sendardy onas Be-1 Πάντες જાાંકલ. ὑσὶς ἀλλήλων σαεσπαλέσωμθμ."

ે 'Arásnon ກໍµαັς i Osis ir Tỹ χάελί συ. ' 'Arasárteς iaulus τῷ Θεῷ ձઢઢ τῷ Χερεῦ αὐτῦ જ્ઞાα- egdώμεθα.

\* So it is in MS. V. which I take to be the true Reading.

of. add, Escent, fave su and—as in the Bidding-Prayer, Ch. x. And probably this was the People's Response. See Bing. Orig. Eccl. B. xv. c. 1. p. 577. This again was said

by the Deacon.

Part of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrystosom and St. Basil.

† Lit. Mar. Καλαξίωσον ήμας δέασολα Φιλάνθεωνε Κύελε μελά αποξόησίας, άκατακείτως, ἐν καθαρά καρδία, ψυχῆ σε-Φωλισμάνη, ἀνεπαιοχωύτω σεροσώπω, ἡγνασμένοις χάλεση, τολμαν ἐπικαλάθδαί σε, τὸν ἐν τοῖς ἐρανοῖς ἄγιον θεὸν, σταλέρα, κὸ λίσης.

Lit. Chryf. Κωλωξίωσον ήμᾶς δεασαλα μίζ παρρησίας, απαλαπείτως τολμᾶν επικαλῶσταί σε, πὸ ἐπικεάνιον θεὸν, παλίεση κ) λέγουν

Lit. Bas. as in that of Chrys.

Eira pi Taura

The suxhe he solde

inerhie in o Soling

magidans rois eineiois auri padnlais,

pi nadagas owediores malteg inyeapiphes r deor,

n hesolog,

them upon his holy and heavenly intellectual and spiritual Altar, for a sweet smelling piritual favour, would feed down upon us the divine Grace, and the Gift of his most holy Spirit. Praying for the Unity of the Faith, and the Communion of his most holy and adorable Spirit, let us commend ourselves, and one another, and our whole Life to Christ our God. Prop. Amen. Prieft. O.God and Father of our Lord, and God, and Saviour Jesus Christ, O Lord, great in Name, happy in Nature, and bountiful in Goodness the God and Governour of the Universe, who are bleffed for ever, who fittest upon the Cherubim, and art glorified by the Scraphim, before whom stand thousand thousands, and ten thousand times ten thoufand holy Angels and Archangels, thy Armies; Thou hast received the Gifts, Oblations, and Sacrifices offered to thee, for a sweet smelling spiritual Savour, and hast vouchsafed to fanctify and confecrate them, O good God, by the Grace of thy Christ, and the Descent of thy most holy Spirit; fanctify also, O Lord, our Souls, and Bodies, and Spirits, search our Minds, and examine our Consciences, and put away from us all evil Notions, all impure Thoughts, all filthy Lufts, all indecent Thoughts, all Envy, and Pride, and Hypocrify, all Falshood, all Deceit, all worldly Solicitude, all Covetousness, all Vain-glory, all Sloth, all Malice, all Wrath, all Anger, all Remembrance of Injuries, all Evil speaking, and every Motion of Flesh and Spirit, that is contrary to the Will of thy Holi-And wouchfafe us. ness. The Exclamation. O Lord, thou Lover of Men, with Freedom, without Condemnation, and

with a pure Heart, with a contrite Soul, without Confusion of Face, and with fanctified Lips, to be bold to call upon thee, the holy God who art in the Heavens, as our Father,

and fay,

The ancient Liturgy of the Church of Jerusalem.

mission of our Sins, and the Propitiation of our Souls.

Let us pray for every Soul that is in Affliction or Calamity, and stands in need of the Mercy and Help of God; and for the Conversion of those that are in Error; for Health to the Sick; for Deliverance to the Captives; and for Rest to our Fathers and Brethren who have gone before us. Let us all earnestly say, Lord have mercy.

People.

Lord have mercy \*.

Priest.

+ Vouchsafe us, O Lord, thou Lover of Men, with Freedom, without Condemnation, and with a pure "Heart," to call upon thee, the holy God who art in the Heavens, as our Father, and say,

The Clementine Liturgy.

Part of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrysoftom and St. Bafil.

that are in Authority; that our Affairs may be in peace, and that we may lead a quiet and peaceable Life in all God-

liness and Honesty. Let us commemorate the holy Martyrs, that we may be vouchsafed the Communion

Let us pray for those who rest in Faith.

of their Conflicts.

Let us pray for temperate Weather, and for the Plenty and Maturity of the Fruits of the Earth.

Let us pray for those that newly baptized; that they may be strengthned in the Faith. Let us all pray for one another." Baise us up, O God, by thy Grace. Let us rise up and commend ourselves to God through his

Christ.

+ Lit. Mar. Vouchsafe us, O Lord, thou Lover of Men, with Freedom, without Condemnation, with a pure Heart, with an enlightened Soul, without Confusion of Face, and with sanctified Lips, to be bold to call upon thee, the holy God who art in the Heavens, as our Father, and say,

Lit. Chryf. Youchfafe us, O Lord, with Freedom and without Condemnation, to be bold to call upon thee, the God who art in Heaven, as our Father, and fay,

Then we say that Prayer which onr Saviour delivered to his own Disciples; with a pure Conscience calling God our Father, and faying,

The ancient Liturgy of the Church of Jerusalem.

Pop.

Πάτερ ήμων, में रवे हैं गैंद.

Sacerdos inclinatus dicit, Kal pur elouilane upas ele αιιρασμος Κύριι, Κύριι των δυτάμιων, ο διδώς την ασθέ-माबा बंधका, बंधेरेबे हेंप्डबा बंधका बंक्र रहे का बहु को रहा है-पूर्ण वर्णां , कर्वनार रेमार्शिक में मार्गिकीर्म वर्णां , केवे के वैण्टμά συ τὸ αιο, τὸ ἐπικληθὲι ἐπὶ τὴι ἡμεθέραι ταπείουou. Exclamatio, ori ou içir n Basilia, n' n dinapic, મું ને ઠેઇફેલ, रહें જલીફ્લેડ, મું રહે છે છે, મું રહે લેગાંક कार्णमधी 🕒, võr ag aii. Pop. Auleu.

Sacerd.

Eiplun wasın.

Καὶ τῷ συνεύμα]ί σε.

Diac.

Τας κεφαλας ήμων το Κυρίω κλίνω-

Pop. Soi Kuese."

Sacerd.

Σοι επλίναμθο οι δέλοί σε, Κύριε, τές ήμε είνες αυχένας, ο ἀκώπιον τε άγιε σε θυσιατηρίε," ἀπεκδεχόμοροι τὰ Φρά σε πλέσια ελέη. Πλεσίαι τω χάριν σε κ τω εύλογίαν σε έξαπός αλον ήμεν, δέασολα, κ αγίασον τας ψυχας ήμων κ τα σώμαθα, κ) τα σπόμαθα, ίναι άξιοι γρώμεθα κοινωνοί κ) μέτοχοι γψέως τ αγέων συ μυςηρίων, είς. Εφεσιν αμαβιών κ είς ζωλώ αιώνιον. clamatio, συ γάρ προσκαμηδος κ, δεδοξασμέν 🕒 ὑπάρχας ὁ Θεος ἡμῶν, 😘 ὁ μονο-%μής σε ύιζε, κੇ के कार्रिक σε के कार्वादा માં મે તેલં.

Pop. 'Aµlú'.

De Lit. Syr.

ે Πάτερ ήμων ο όν τοῖς έρανοῖς, ἀΓιαθήτω τὸ δνομά σε ελθέτω ή βασιλάα σε γρηθήτω το θέλημά σε ώς Ο έρανῷ છે έπὶ ริ วุทีร ซึ่ง ฉัยใจง ทุ่นผึ้ง ริ เสเซ็บเอง อิอิร ทุ่นเง σήμερον κλ άφες ήμεν τα έφαλήμαλα ήμων, એς મો મેમસુર લેφાંદાજીમ જાદેર όφαλέταις મેમસ્લેંમ મે મને લંગ્લાર્ક ત્રમુદ નેમજેડ લંદ જલાદુવળમાં લે તેમને ρυσαι ήμας από τε ποιηρε. 'Αμίω'.

Sacerd.

+ Eiglwa mãou.

Pop.

Καὶ τῷ τονεύμαλί σε.

Τας κεφαλας ήμων τω Κυρέω κλίνωpley.

Pop. Soi Kuese.

Sacerd.

\* Σοὶ ἐκλίναμθμ οἱ δέλοί σε, Κύρκ, τές ήμεζερες αυχένας, ενώπιον το άγιο σε θυσιαςηρίε, απεκδεχόμενα τα αβρά σε ωλέσια ελέη Πλεσίαν τιω χάρη σε ελ τιω εύλογίαν σε έξαπός αλον ήμεν, δέασολα, καί άγίασον τας ψυχας ήμων, κὶ τα σώμαθα. \* ίνα άξιοι βρώμεθα κοινωνοί κ μέτοχοι γωίος τ αγίων σε μυτηγίων, είς αφεσιν વંદ્રવદ્ગાલા મે લંદ (હાલા વાલા કાર કરો માટે જાર છે κιωηλός κ δεδοξασμένος ύπάρχας ο Θιός ήμων, κ ο μονογιής σε ύιος, κ το συνευμά or को बैजिल, प्राच्छे है, बेर्स.

Pop. 'Aulu'.

29.

• Why I have left out n τα σου υμαία, and Spirits

1.2 Man - see above, p. 43, in the Note on Lit. Mar.

De Lit. Syr. & Baf.

<sup>\*</sup> Though this Prayer be not mentioned by St. Cril. yet it is not to be thought that it was then wanting in this Liturgy. See Bingh. Orig. Eccles. B. xv. c. 3.

- Πάτερ ήμῶν ὁ ἀν क्तांद प्रेट्यांद — वंत्राαθήτω το δνομά σε - ελθέτω ή βασιλεία σε - γρηθήτω το θέλημά σε ώς όν प्रेट्या में हमा के भूमें इ — में बही or में µ छे र में อสเซอเอง อิอิร. ทุนเรง อท์μερον: - κ άφες ήμιν τα οΦαλήμα α ήμων, એς भे भृष्टिंद ἀΦίεμλυ τοις οΦαλέταις ήμων — મે મને લેન્કાર્દ્યમાદ મું મુદ્રે દુ લંદ જ લાભુક μον \*• — άλλα είνσαι ήμας वंग्रहे रहे कार्याहर .--'Αμίω΄.

\* Kόςω, O Lord, is added here in St. Cyril.

\* It plainly appears that the Doxology to the Lord's Prayer was not at this Time even in the Lit. of the Church of Jerusalem, for St. Cyril after this last Petition immediately adds, εἶνα μεῖα ἀλλής ωσιν τῆς εὐχῆς λέιως Αμέν Then when the Prayer is ended, then sayest Amen.

The Clementine Liturgy.

Sacerdos.

'Ο Θεος ο μέσας κ με αλώνυμ Φ, δ μέγας τῆ βελῆ, κὶ κρα-Taids Tois Felois, 6 Seòs में ककी मेर मह वंश्रंड σαιδός σε Ίησε τε σωλήρ 🕒 ήμων, επί-Gλεψον εφ' ήμας, κ έπι σε οίμνιον σε τέπ, ठे हैं। क्यों हैं हैं है है है है के हैं δόξαντε ονόμαλός σε, κ α ιάσας ήμων το σωμα κ τω ψυχή, xalažiwoov xadapis χρομένες απο σανίζς μολυσμέ σαρκός κ ανεύμα] Ο τυχείν τ Wegner Mévay aΓαθῶν, κ μηδένα ήμῶν ανάξιον κείνης, αλλα Bondos nuãs Sus aisτιλήπίως, ὑπερασmishs, dia TE Xess σε, μεθ' έ σοι δόξα, τιμή, αἶν Φ, [δοξολογία,] ευχαριςία, મે το αγίω πνεύμα]. es Tes dievas.

Pop. 'Aulu'.

\*\* Note, The Lord's
Prayer is wanting here in
this Lit. but all the
others have it.

Part of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrysoftom and St. Basil.

+ Lit. Mar. Sacerd. Eiglich wart. Diac. Τὰς κεφαλὰς ὑμῶν τῷ Ἰησε [l. Κυείω] κλίναζε. Pop. Συ [1. σοι] Κύειε. Sacerd. A wola Kuent o Otos o mavloxedτωρ, - σοὶ ἐκλίναμθρ τ αὐχένα τ ψυχῶν χ τ σωμάτων ήμῶν,—κ) δεόμεθά σε, τὰς σκοβοαδάς ο άμαρτίας έφίδες όκ ο ήμων διανοίας απέλασον, η F τε αγία σα [add, Πνεύμα] Θ] Θεοκίδεσιν αὐΓαῖς τ ημέτερον νῶν καλαφαίδρυνον, ἔπως τῆ γνώσο σε ακληθινόμενοι, άξίως μελάχοιμβ τ προκαμένων [ήμεν] αίαθων τε αχράνης σώμα]. મે મકે મામાંક લામની ઉપ્તરે માગા જામકેલ જક માંકે, મહે Κυείκ κે Θεκ κે σώβης Φ. ήμῶν Ἰητὰ Χεις Ε, συ χωρών ήμιν σαν લંδος αμαριών, δια τ σολλίω κ ανεξεχνίας όν σε αδαθότηλα, χάελι, η οίκλιεμοίς, η Φιλανθεωπία τε μονογρες σε દાંદે, δί કે, κ μεθ ε σοι ή δόξα, મું το κράτ 🕒 συν τῷ σαναγίω, κὰ ἀ αλῷ, κ ζωοποιώ πνεύμα]ι.

Lit. Chrys. Sacerd. Εἰριώη πᾶσιν. Pop. Καὶ μζ τῦ πνεύμαδος σε. Diacon. Τὰς κεφαλὰς ὑμῶν τῷ Κυρίω κλίνατε. Pop. Σοὶ Κύριε. Sacerd. Εὐχαρισῦμεν σοι, βασιλεῦ ἀόρελε, ὁ τῆ ἀμελρήτη σε διωάμει τὰ πάνλα δημιεργήσας, ὰ τῷ πλήθει τῦ ελέες σε ἐξ ἐκ ὄνλων εἰς τὸ εἶναι παρακαγών τὰ σύμπανλα, ἀὐλὸς, δέασδα, ἐρανόθεν ἔπισὸ ἐπὶ τὰς ὑποκεκλικότας σοι τὰς ἐαυτῶ, κεφαλὰς, ἐ γὰς ἔκλιναν σαρκὶ ὰ αἶματι, ἀλλὰ σοὶ τῷ Φοδερῷ θεῷ. σὰ ἐν δέασδα, τὰ

People.

Our Father, &c.

The Priest bowing bimself says, And lead us not into Temptation, O Lord, thou Lord of Hosts, who knowest our Weakness, but deliver us from the evil One, and his Works, his Insults and Contrivances, for the Sake of thy holy Name, by which we, though mean and unworthy, are called; for thine is the Kingdom, and the Power, and the Glory, Father, Son, and holy Ghost, now and for ever. Peep. Amen.

Priest.

Peace be with you all.

People.

And with thy Spirit.

Deacon.

Let us bow down our Heads unto the Lord.

\* Peop. To thee, O Lord."
Priest.

We thy Servants, O Lord, bow down our Necks to thee, before thy holy Altar," in Expectation of thy rich Mercies: Send down upon us, O Lord, thine abundant Grace and Benediction; and fanctify our Souls and Bodies, and Spirits, that we may be made worthy to be Communicants and Partakers of thy holy Mysteries, for the Remission of our Sins, and for Life everlasting. The Exclamation For to thee, our God, belongs Adoration and Glory, and to thy only begotten Son, and to thy most holy Spirit now and for ever.

Peop. Amen.

The ancient Liturgy of the Church of Jerusalem.

Our Father who art in Heaven, hallowed be thy Name. Thy Kingdom come. Thy will be done on Earth, as it is in Heaven. Give us this Day our daily Bread. And forgive us our Trespasses, as we forgive them that trespass against us. And lead us not into Temptation: But deliver us from evil. Amen.

Priest.

+ Peace be with you all.

People.

And with thy Spirit.

Deacon.

Let us bow down our Heads unto the Lord.

Peop. To thee, O Lord. Prieft.

down our Necks to thee, before thy holy Altar, in Expectation of thy rich Mercies: Send down upon us, O Lord, thine abundant Grace and Benediction; and fanctify our Souls and Bodies \*, that we may be made worthy to be Communicants and Partakers of thy holy Mysteries, for the Remission of our Sins, and for Life everlasting. For to thee, our God, belongs Adoration and Glory, and to thy only begotten Son, and holy Spirit now and for ever.

Peop. Amen.

Our Father who art in Heaven.— Hallowed be thy Name.-ThyKingdom come.—Thy will be done on Earth, as it is in Heaven.--Give us this Day our daily Bread.—And forgive us our Trespasses, as we forgive them that trespass against us. ---And lead us not into Temptation \*. -But deliver us from evil. • ---Amen.

The Chementine Liturgy.

Priest.

O God who art great, great Name, great in Counsel, and mighty in Works; the God and Father of thy holy Son Jesus our Saviour; look upon us, and upon this thy Flock, which thou hast chosen through him to the glory of thy Name; sanctify our Bodies and Souls, and vouchfafe that we being made pure from all Filthiness Flesh and Spirit, may obtain the good Things now lying on thy Altar, and judge none of us unworthy, but be thou our Helper, Supporter, and Protector, through thy Christ; with whom to Thee be Glory, Honour, Praise, [Doxology] and Thank sgiving, and to the holy Ghost, for ever. Peop. Amen.

Part of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrysoftom, and St. Bafil.

+ Lit. Mar. Priest. Peace be with you all. Deac. Bow down your Heads to Jesus [r. the Lord] Peop. Thou [r. To thee] O Lord. Priest. O Lord God Almighty,—to thee we bow down our Neck both in Soul and Body, and we beseech thee, drive away from our Thoughts all the dark Attacks of Sin, and make glad our Minds with the divine Light of thy holy [add, Spirit,] that being filled with the Knowledge of thee, we may worthily partake of the good Things lying before [us], even the spotless Body, and precious Blood of thy only begotten Son, our Lord, and God, and Saviour Jesus Christ; thou of thy manifold and unfearchable Goodness forgiving us all our Sins of whatever kind; through the Grace and Mercies, and Loving-kindness of thy only begotten Son, through whom and with whom to Thee be Glory and Power, together with the most holy, and good, and life-giving Spirit.

Lit. Chryf. Priest. Peace be with you all. Peop. And with thy Spirit. Deac. Bow down your Heads to the Lord. Peop. To thee, O Lord. Priest. We give Thanks to thee, O invisible King, who madest all Things by thy infinite Power, and of thy rich Mercies didst from nothing produce them all into Being; Do thou, O Lord, look down from Heaven upon those who have bowed down their Heads to thee, for they have not bowed down to Flesh and Blood, but to Thee, the dreadful

The ancient Liturgy of the Church of Jerusalem.

#### Sacerd, exclamat.

Καὶ ἴςαι Ἡ χάρες η τὰ ἰλίη τῆς ἀγίας, η ὁμουσία, η ἀκίςα, η προσκυνηίῆς τριάδος μῷ πάντων ημών.

Pop.

Καὶ μζ τέ συνεύμαδος συ.

Diacon.

Μελα φόδε θεν πρόσχωμον.

Sacerd. attollens donum apud se dicit,

"Alis के के लेशंबाद लेखसवार्णमान्द सिर्णाः, लेशंबर ने मैक्ट्र नम् केश्म नमेंद क्येंद्र स्मृ केश्म नमेंद क्येंद्र स्मृ केश्म नमेंद्र क्येंद्र स्मृ केश्म नमेंद्र क्येंद्र स्मृ केश्म नमेंद्र क्येंद्र स्मृ केश्म क

1. iµūr, you.

Sacerd.

🕇 Ἡ χάεις μξ στάντων ὑμῶν.

Pop.

Καὶ μζ τε σιεύμαδός σε.

Diacon.

Milà တုပ်မေ မည် အစုပ်တွယျပါး

Sacerd.

Tà assa mis ayios.

Pop.

Είς άπος, લેંદ Κύρμ. Ἰησες Χρετός, લેંદ δόξαν Θεε Πάβρος, બું ή δόξα લેંદ τες αιωνας.

† 2 Tim. iv. 22. Philem. + 25.

The Clementine Liturgy.

Part of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrysoftom and St. Bafil.

જા το κάρμα κάσιν ήμιν લેς αίαθον έξομάλισου τζ τω εκάς είδιαν χράαν, — χάρλι, κὸ οἰκλιρμοῖς, κὸ Φιλανθρωπία τε μονογυες συ υίε, μεθ ε εὐλο πλός લે, σων τῷ καναγίω, κὸ αίαθῷ κὸ ζωοποιῷ σε πνεύμαλι, νω κὸ αἰκ, κὸ લેς τὸς αἰωνας τῶν αἰωνων. Pop. 'Αμω.'

Lit. Baf. Sacerd. Εἰριώη πᾶσιν. Diacon. Τὰς κεφαλὰς ὑμῶν τῷ Κυρίω κλίναλε. Sacerd. Δέωνολα Κύριε, ὁ παλής τ οἰκλιρμῶν, κὰ θεὸς πάση; παρακλήσεως, τὰς ὑποκεκλικότας σοι τὰς ἐαυλῶν κεφαλὰς εὐλόλησον, ἀγίασον, Φρέρησον, ἀνδιωάμωσον, ὁχύρωσον, ἀπὸ πανλὸς ἔργε πονηςε ἀπόσησον, παντὶ ἢ ἔργω ἀλαθῷ σιώαψον κὰ κατακρίτως μεταχῶν τῶν ἀχράντων σε τέτων κὰ ζωοποιῶν μυςηρίων, εἰς ἄφεσιν ἀμαρλιῶν, [add, καὶ] εἰς πνεύματ Φ ἀγίε κοινωνίαν, χάρλι, κὰ, &c. 28 in Lit. Chryf.

Mile ταῦτα λίγιι δ \*Ispiće\* Τὰ ἄγια πῆς ἀγίοις.

τιος. Είτα δμιῖς λύχεις, Εἶς ἄγιος, ἔς Κύει© Ἰησες Χειςός.— Diacon. Πρόσχωμθρ. Sacerd.

Τὰ ἄγια τοῖς ἀγίοις.

Pop.

Eis áli ( , ñs Kú
e ( , ñs de Ms. v. ]

Inses Xessis, eis

ditar des walçis,

eudolipis eis tes aiaras 'Aului.

Lit. Mar. Sacerd. Eigling was w.

Diac. Melà φόθε θεῦ [add, πρόσχωμεν.]

Sacerd. Τὰ ἄΓια τοῖς ἀγίοις.

Pop. Εἶς જાલીἡૄ ઢાઁિં, નૅંદ પાંતેદ હાઁા૦૬, [દેν જાગદેપમાલ હેંગ્રા૦૧,] નંદ દેνότή α જાગદેપમાલી૦૬ લેગ્રાંસ. 'Αμιω΄.

Lit. Chrys. Diacon. Πρόχωμθμ. Sacerd. Τὰ ἄγια τῶς ἀγίας.

Pop. Εἶς ἄγιος, ὧς Κύριος Ἰησᾶς Χριτὸς, ὡς δύζαν Θεᾶ πάζεος. ᾿Αμίω.

The ancient Liturgy of the Church of Jerusalem.

The Priest says with a loud Voice,

And the Grace and Mercies of the holy and confubfiantial, and uncreated, and aderable Trinity, be with a us' all.

People.

And with thy Spirit.

Deacon.

Let us attend in the Fear of God.

The Priest lifting up the Gifts, says by himself,
O holy Lord, who restest in holy Places, sanctify
us by the Word of thy Grace, and by the Descent of
thy most holy Spirit, for thou, O Lord, hast said, ye

shall be holy, for I am holy. O Lord our God, the

Priest.
Grace be with you all.

People.

And with thy Spirit.

Deacon.

Let us attend in the Fear of God.

Priest.

Holy Things for holy Persons.

People.

There is one Holy, one Lord Jesus Christ, to the Glory of God the Father, to whom be Glory for ever.

The Clementine Liturgy.

Part of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrysoftom and St. Basil.

God. Dispense therefore, O Lord, these good Things lying before thee to all of us for good, according to the several Necessities of every one, through the Grace, and Mercies, and Loving-kindness of thy only begotten Son, with whom Thou art blessed, together with thy most holy and good, and life-giving Spirit, now and ever, World without end.

Lit. Baf. Priest. Peace be with you all. Deac. Bow down your Heads to the Lord. Priest. O Lord, the Father of Mercies, and God of all Comfort, bless those who bow down their Heads to Thee; sanctify, keep, strengthen, and fortify them; deliver them from every evil Work, and sit them for every good one, and vouchsafe them without blame, to partake of these thy immaculate and life-giving Mysteries, for the Remission of their Sins, [add, and] the Communion of the holy Spirit, through the Grace, and, &c.—

Lit. Mar. Priest. Peace be with you all.

Deac. In the Fear of God [add, let us attend].

Priest. Holy Things for holy Persons.

Peop. There is one holy Father, one holy Son, [one holy Ghost,] in the Unity of the holy Spirit. Amen.

Lit. Chryf. Deac. Let us attend.
Priest. Holy Things for holyPersons.
Peop. There is one Holy, one Lord
Jesus Christ, to the Glory of God the
Father. Amen.

After this the Priest says,
Holy Things for
holy Persons.
Then ye say,
There is one
Holy, one Lord
Jesus Christ.—

Deacon.
Let us attend.
Priest.
HolyThings for holy Persons.
People.
There is one
Holy, one Lord
[one — ] Jesus
Christ, to the Glory
of God the Father,
blessed for ever.
Amen.

The ancient Liturgy of the Church of Jerusalem.

Pop.

Eis संिक, सेंड Kues कि 'Invis Kessos, सेंड ठेंट्रंका प्रश्ने करी होंड़ में ठेंट्रंक सेंड को केंट्रंक सेंड केंट्रंक सेंट्रंक सेंड केंट्रंक सेंट्रंक सें

Diacon. + 3. Υπερ άφεσεως τ άμαριων ήμων, κ ίλασμε τ ψυχων ήμων, κ Υπερ ασόσης ψυχης θλιβορένης τε κ καλαπονεμένης, έλεες κ βοηθείας θε επιδεομένης καὶ επισερφης τ αεπλανημένων ιάσεως τ άθενέντων αναρξύσεως τ αίχμαλώτων αναπαύσεως τ αργκεκοιμημένων αναθέρων τε κ άδελφων ήμων Πάντες έκλενως έκπωμφ, Κύρμε έλέησον.

Pop.

Kueus Edinov, duodeties.

Deinde Sacerdos frangit Partem, dimidiumque dextra, finistra vero dimidium tenet, & quod tenet manu dextra immergit in Calicem, dicens,

"Erweis Të marayis σώμα 🕒 મું Të Tipis alpal 🕁 Të Kuşis, મું Θιο, મું συίνη 🖎 ທຸ່ມທີ່ ໂທດຍ Χειτο.

Et fignat quod tenet manu finistra: deinde hoc fignate alterum dimidium fignat, ac statim incipit dividere, ante omnia distribuere in singulos Calices partem unam dicens,

"Histas क्षे क्रिंबहमा क्षे क्लारेशांकरका और को किश्रक क्षेत्र मिलीहर्वेद, क्षेत्र के "रिक्ष, क्षेत्र के विश्व Histopale, क्षेत्र के बेर्श

Et cum fignat Panem dicit,

"The है क्षेणकेंद्र पर जिल्ली, है के के प्रति पर्य साबीहर्वेद्द, है केंद्रिका प्रतेष क्षेत्रकहर्याका पर्य सर्वव्यक्त, क्यूकिताल प्रति के सिव्यक्त क्षेत्रक क्

Et cum distribuit unam partem in fingules Calices dicit,

Mugle ayia Agiev, कार्यवृत्तं प्रवंद्विक मुं बेरेयानिश्वाक, काळीवित मुं बेर्गाय कार्यकृतिक, मुं वं वेदिव, मुं परे प्रदूष्टाक, शंद परेद वाक-

Deinde incipit dividere in partes & dicere, Kopocomaine me, nj udi me vregeon, els rómos nobres, & reliqua Ps. xxii. Deinde,

Εύλογήσω τον Κύρκον όν σιαντί καιρώ & reliqua (Pfal. xxxiii.)

Deinde, Thoso or & Biss mu & Basikels, & reliqua (Ffal. cxliv.)

Dande, Abere vir utgur marsa và Bre, & relique (Pfal. exvi.)

+ See this at Fig. 3. p. 66. Col. 2.

\* This Pfalm is mentioned by St. Chrysoftom as fungat this time.

#### Cantores.

. Εύλογήσω τ Κύριον όν παντί καιρῷ— \*
—Γεύσαδε κ ίδελε ότι κρης ος ε Κύριος †.

That this whole Pfalm axidii. (in the Greek) was fung appears from Lit. Clem. though St. Cyril mentions only 1.9. as being more peculiarly applicable, and on account of which chiefly this Pfalm was used. See Cl. Al. Str. 5. p. 685.

† While this Pfalm was a finging the holy Sacrament was distributed to the People, and at the giving

the Bread to every one was said,

Σώμα τῶ Χριτῶ The Body of Christ. Resp. 'Αμών... Ans. Amen. And at giving the Cup, Alpa τῶ Χριτῶ The Blood of Christ. Resp. 'Αμών. Ans. Amen. See the Note on St. Cyril, p. 83.

The Clementine Liturgy.

Δόξα ἐν ὑψίςοις Θεῷ, κὰ ἐπὶ γῆς ἄξήνη, ἐν ἀνθρώποις εὐδοκία: Ωσαννὰ τῷ ὑιῷ Δαδιδ: εὐλο ημέν Θο ὁ ἐρχόμθυ Θο ἐν ὁνόμα Ι΄ Κυρίκ, Θεὸς Κύρι Θο κὰ ἐπε-Φάνη ἡμῖν: Ωσαννὰ ἐν τοῖς ὑψίςοις. Part of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrysoftom and St. Basil.

Lit. Bas. \* Diacon." Πρόσχωμθμ.
Sacerd. Τὰ ἄγια τοῖς ἀγίοις.
\* Pop. Εῖς ἀγιΘ, ὡς ΚύενΘ Ἰησῶς
Χεικὸς, ὡς δόξαν θεῦ παθρός."

\* Vid. Var. Lett. ap. Goar. p. 178.

Μελα ταῦτα ἀπθετε τὰ ψάλλοιθο μελα μέλως θείω περθεστομίνε ὑμᾶς εἰς τὰν ποιτωτίαν τῶν ἀγίων μυς ηρίων, κὶ λίοιθο Γεύσασθε κὶ ἰδεξε, ὅτι Χρητὸς ὁ Κύρμ Φ- Προσιῶν ἔν,—δίχω τὸ Σῶμα
τῶ Χερςῦ, \* ἐπιλίγων

\* Since St. Cyril here directs them to answer 'Aμων, Amen, both at receiving the Bread and Cup, he plainly supposeth the Words Σωμα τω Χειςω.

Χειςω.

Μιλά τῶτο μιλαμβανίτω δ Ἐπίσποπο, ἔπείλα
οὶ Πρεσεύτεροι, τὰ οὶ Διάποτοι,—η τότε πᾶς ὁ λαὸς
παλα τάξιν, μιλά αἰδῦς κὰ
ενλαδείας, ἀπου Θορόδω.
Καὶ ὁ μὰ Ἐπίσποπος διδότω τὰν προσφορὰν, λίων
Σῶμα Χελτῶ. καὶ ὁ
διχόμενο λεγέτω ᾿Αμικύ. ὁ δὶ Διάπονο πατεχίτω τὸ πολήξιον, κὰ ἐπιδιδὸς λεγέτω Αἶμα Χριτῶς ποληγιον ζωῆς.
κὰ ὁ πίνων λεγέτω ᾿Αμήνο.

Lit. Mar. Et cum Communionem dat—dicit Σῶμα ἄγιον.

Et ad Calicem dicit Asua τίμιον τῶ Κυρία κὰ ઉલ્લે κὰ σωθής ⑤ ἡμῶν.

The ancient Liturgy of the Church of Jerusalem.

incomprehensible Logos of God, who art consubfiantial and co-eternal with the Father and the holy Spirit, and inseparable from them, accept the immortal Hymn, in the holy and unbloody Sacrifices.

mortal Hymn, in thy holy and unbloody Sacrifices, from me a Sinner, together with the Cherubim and Seraphim, crying aloud, and faying, The Exclamation.

Holy Things for holy Persons.

People.

There is one Holy, one Lord Jesus Christ, to the Glory of God the Father, to whom be glory for ever and ever.

Deacon. \* 3. For the Remission of our Sins, and the Propitiation of our Souls. And For every Soul that is in Affliction or Calamity, and stands in need of the Mercy and Help of God; and for the Conversion of those that are in Error; for Health to the Sick; for Deliverance to the Captives; and for Rest to our Fathers and Brethren who have gone before us. Let us all earnestly say, Lord have Mercy. People.

Lord have Mercy, twelve times.

Then the Priest breaks the Bread, and bolding one balf in his right Hand, and the other in his left, be dips that which he holds in his right Hand into the Cap, saying,

The Union of the most holy Body, and precious Blood of our Lord, and God, and Saviour Jesus Christ.

Then be figns that which be holds in his left Hand, and after figning it, he figns the other half, and immediately begins to break, and to distribute one Part into each Cup, saying,

The Union is made, and fanctified, and perfected in the Name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the holy Ghoft, now and ever.

And when he figns the Bread he fays,

Behold the Lamb of God, the Son of the Father, who taketh away the Sin of the World, flain for the Life and Salvation of the World.

And when he distributes one Part into each Cup, he says,

A holy Portion of Christ, full of Grace and Truth, of the Father, and of the holy Ghost, to whom be Glory, and Power, for ever and ever.

Then he begins to divide it into Parts, and fay, The Lord is my Shepherd, therefore can I lack nothing: He shall feed me in a green Pasture, and the rest of the Psal. (xxii. al. xxiii.) Then,

I will always give Thanks unto the Lord, and the rest (of Psal. xxxiii. al. xxxiv.)

Then, I will magnify thee, O God, my King, and the rest (of Psal. cxliv. al. cxlv +.)

Then, O praise the Lord all ye Heathen, and the rest (of Psal. cxvi. al. cxvii.)

Deacon. Sir, bless us. Prieft. The Lord shall bless us, and preserve us without Condemnation in the Participation of his immaculate Gifts, now and ever, World without end. And when it is finished the

The Singers.

I will always give Thanks unto the Lord—\*.

O taste and see how gracious the Lord is +.

The Clementine-Liturgy.

Glory be to God in the higheft, and on Earth Peace, Good-will towardsMen. Hofanna to the Son of David: Blessed be he that cometh in the Name of the Lord, the Lord is God, and hath appeared unto us. Hosanna in the highest.

Part of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrysoftom and St. Bafil.

Lit. Bas. Deac." Let us attend.

Priest. Holy Things for holyPersons.

Peop. There is one Holy, one
Lord Jesus Christ, to the Glory of God
the Father."

After this you hear the Singer exhorting you with divine Melody to the Communion of the holy Mysteries, and saying, O taste and see how gracious the Lord is — Drawing near therefore,—receive the Body of Christ, answering Amen—

Xessü, The Body of Chrift, to be faid at giving the one, and Alμα τῦ Χessῦ The

After this let the Bishop receive, then the Presbyters, and the Deacons,and then all the People in order, with Fear and Reverence, without Tumult. And let the Bishop give the Oblation, faying, the Body of Christ. And let him that receives, fay, Amen. And let the Deacon hold the Cup, and when he gives it, fay, the Blood of Christ, the Cup of Life. And let him

Lit. Mar. And when he gives the Communion——he fays, The holy Body. And at the Cup, he fays, The precious Blood of our Lord, and God, and Saviour.

The encient Liturgy of the Churck of Jerusalem.

Γεύσαδε χ ίδετε ότι χρηςος ο Κύρε...

Sacerdos orationem dicit ante Communionem, Κύρι & Θεὸς ημών ὁ ψράνιας ἄρτος, ή ζωὶ τὰ warrὸς, ημαρω εἰς τὸν ἀραιὸν, κὰ ἐνώπιόν συ, κὰ ἐκ εἰμὶ ἄξιος μεθαλαδιῖν τῶν ἀχράντων συ μυς ηρίων, ἀλλὶ ὡς εὐσπλαίχνω. Θεὸς ἀξίωσόν με τῆ χάριτι συ ἀκαθακρίτως μεθασχεῖν τὰ ἀγίω σώμαθω κὰ τὰ τιμέω αξμαθών εἰς ἄφισιν ἀμαρτιῶν κὰ εἰς ζωὴν αἰώνιον. Deinde impertit Clero. Cum autem attollunt Diaconi Discos & Calices ad impertiendum Populo, Diaconus ait, tollens primum Discum, Κύριε εὐλόιδησον. Sacerdos respondet, Δέξα τῷ θεῷ ἀἰωσανίι κὰ ἀικίων. Είνοι παίντας ἡμᾶς. Diaconus ait, 'Τψώθηθι ἐκὰ τὰς ἀραιὰς ὁ θεὸς, κὰ ἐκὰ αιάσαν τὴν γῆν ἡ δόξα συ, κὰ ἡ βασιλεία συ διαμώνει εἰς τὰς αἰῶνας τῶν αἰώνων. Εt cum Diaconus depositurus est in Monsulam, ait Sacerdos. Εὐλονητὸν τὸ ὅνομα Κυρίω τῷ Θεῷ ἡμῶν, εἰς τὰς αἰῶνας. Diacon. Μεὰς φόρμ διῷ κὰ πίσιως κὰ ἀγάπης προσίλθεθε. Ρορ. Εὐλοιημένω δ ἐρχόμενω ἐν δνόμαθι Κυρίω. Et rursum, cum attollit Discum de Mensula, αἰς, Κύριε εὐλόνησου. Sacerd. Σῶσον δ θεὸς τὸν λαόν σω, κὰ εὐλόιπου τὰν κληρονομίαν σω. Sacerd. τυτίως, Δόξα τῷ θεῷ ἡμῶν τῷ ἀἰασανίι wαντας ἡμᾶς. Εt cum deponit Calicem super sanctam Mensam, Sacerdos ait, Είν τὸ ὅνομα Κυρίω εὐλοιημένων εἰς τὰς αἰῶνας τῶν αἰώνων.

cause

Diaconi & Pop. dicunt, Πλήςωσοι τὸ τόμα ἡμῶι αἰνίσιώς συ, Κύςιι, κỳ χαςᾶς ἵμπλησοι τὰ χιίλη ἡμῶι, ὅπως ἀινμιήσωμα τὰι δόξαι συ, ὅληι τὰι ἡμίςαι τὰι μεγαλοπεέπικά συ. Et rurfus,

Εὐχαρις εμέν σοι Χρις ε ο Θεός ἡμῶν, ὅτι ἡξίωσας ἡμᾶς μείαχε εν τε σώμα ος κὰ αἴματός σε, લંડ ἀΦεσιν ἀμαριῶν, κὰ εἰς ζωὴν αἰώνιον ἀκαίακρίτες ἡμᾶς Φύλαξον, δεόμε θα,
ως ἀίαθὸς κὰ Φιλάνθρωπος.

† That Incense was not in use in the primitive Church is clearly proved by the learned Mr. Dodwell. But this Prayer, leaving out that Clause which respects the Incense, and which I have inclosed in Hooks, is a very proper Thansgiving after the Communion: Though I have rather chosen to insert the other, be-

#### ‡ Diacon.

Εὐχαεις ήσωμεν τῷ Θεῷ ἡμῶν, ὅτι ἡξίωσεν ἡμᾶς μεία χεῖν τὰ σώμαί ⑤ κὰ αἴμαίος τὰ Χεις ὰ ἐξ ἀΦεσιν αμαρίιῶν, κὰ εἰς ζωίω αἰώνιον κὰ ὅπως ἀκαίακε ἐτας ἡμᾶς Φυλάξη δεη θῶμθρ, ὡς ἀἶαθὸς κὰ Φιλάνθεωπ ⑤.

‡ Confidering the Affinity betwirt this and what is appointed to be faid here by the Deacon in Lie. Clem. it is most probable that this has been originally in the Lit. of the Church of Jerusalem; but not as at present in Lie. Ja. by way of direct Thansgiving, but as it is in Lie. Clem. by way of Bidding (which is more suitable to the Office of a Deacon) to call upon the People to join mentally with the Bishop in the Thanksgiving immediately to be said by him: I have presumed therefore to alter it into this Form. See also Lie. Obrys. and Bas.

में 'Apeleu'. - होनव भ्रावि में बरणक्षित्वर्ध का गर्छ वर्धमक में बर्ध प्रहार्य, बहुक्तांशूश में गर्ने क्लीमहांकृ गर्छ वांस्वीक — अंकि में 'Apeleu'.

The Blood of Christ, at giving the other, to which they were thus to answer 'Auin, Amen, i. e. I believe and receive it as such. See Lit. Clem.

The Glementine Liturgy.

paged N heytodo recent to the hole to the

Note, Though the Bishop is here directed to give the Bread, and the Deacon the Cup only; yet Just. M. Apol. 1. fays the Deacon distributed both the Bread and Cup to them that were present, and carried them also to such as were absent.

Eita તેંગ્રામ**ાંગ્લ** પ્રતિ રહેપ્રતિ), રહેપ્રલ-શુંડર્ન પ્ર્લે ઉદ્ધે પ્ર્લે પ્રલ-પ્રતિહિત્યાપાં ઉદ્દ પ્રદેશ પ્રમાણકાર્યા ક્લાડ્યુર્લ-આ.

Diacon.

Meladacorres Tã Tipis σώμαθω, μη Τᾶ τιμία αἰμαθω, μη Τᾶ τιμία αἰμαθω Τὰ Χεικά, εὐχαεική σαθι ἡμᾶς μεθαλαcon Τ αγίαν ἀστᾶ μυτηείων κὰ παρακαλίσωμου, μη κὶς κείμα, ἀλλ κὶς σωτηείαν ἡμὶν γμέως, κὶς ωψέλκαν ψυχῆς
εἰς ωψέλκαν ψυχῆς
εἰς σώμαθω, κὶς Φυ-

† Lit. Chrys. Diacon.—Μέναλαβόνθες τ θώων, αγίων, αχεάντων, αθανάτων, επυρανίων, η ζωσποιών μυσηγέων, αξίως εύχαρεήσωμου τῷ Κυριῷ.

Part of the Liturgies of St. Mark,

St. Chrysoftom and St. Bafil.

So also in Lit. Bas.

† Note, Though in both these Liturgies this be now put immediately after the Priest's Thanksgiving, yet undoubtedly a has been before it, as the Deacon's Bidding to it, as it is in Lit. Clem.

The ancient Liturgy of the Church of Jerusalem.

Descen fays, Sir, bless us. Priest. The Lord shall bless us, and make us worthy with pure Hands to take the live Coal, and put it into the Mouths of the

Faithful, for the Purification and Renovation of their Souls and Bodies, now and ever. Then, O tafte and fee how gracious the Lord is, who is broken and not divided, is given to the Faithful and not confumed, for the Remission of Sins, and Life everlasting now and ever, World without end. Deacon. Let us fing in the Peace of Christ.

#### The Singers.

O taste and see how gracious the Lord is.

The Priest says this Prayer before the Communion. O Lord our God, the heavenly Bread, the Life of the World, I have sinned against Heaven, and before thee, and am not worthy to partake of thy immaculate Mysteries. But as thou art a merciful God, make me worthy by thy Grace to partake without Condemnation of thy holy Body and precious Blood, for the Remission of my Sins, and for Life everlasting. Then be communicates the Clergy. And when the Deacons take the Patens and Chalices to communicate the People, the Deacon who takes the first Paten, says, Sir, bless us. The Priest answers, Glory be to God who has sanctified, and does sanctify us all. The Deacon says, Be thou exalted above the Heavens, O God, and thy Glory above all the Earth, thy Kingdom endureth throughout all Ages. And when the Deacon is going to place it upon the Side-Table, the Priest says, Blessed be the Name of the Lord our God, for ever. Deacon. Draw near in the Fear of God, with Faith and Love. Peop. Blessed be he that cometh in the Name of the Lord. And again when he taketh the Paten from the Side-Table, he says, Sir, bless us. Priest. O God, save thy People, and bless thine Inheritance. The Priest says again, Glory be to our God, who has sanctified us all. And when he places the Cup upon the boly Table, the Priest says, Blessed be the Name of the Lord for ever and ever.

The Deacons and Peop. Asy, Fill our Month with thy Praise, and our Lips with Joy, that we may sing of thy Glory and Honour all the Day long. And again

We give Thanks to thee, O Christ, our God, that thou hast vouchsafed to make us Partakers of thy Body and Blood, for the Remission of Sins, and for Life everlasting. And we pray unto thee that thou wouldst keep us unblameable, as thou art good and a Lover of Men.

† The Prayer of Incense,

We give Thanks to thee, O God, the Saviour of the World, for all the good Things thou hast bestowed upon us, and for the Reception of thy holy and immaculate Mysteries; [and we offer to Thee this Incense] beseeching thee to keep us under the Shadow of thy Wings, and vouchsafe us, even to our last Breath to partake of thy holy Mysteries, for the Sanc-

cause of it's Agreement with that which is in Lit. Syr. and has been plainly taken from it.

‡ Deacon.

Let us give Thanks to our God, that he hath vouchfafed to make us Partakers of the Body and Blood of Christ for the Remission of Sins, and for Life everlasting. And let us pray unto him that he would keep us unblameable, as he is good and a Lover of Men.

Then after you have communicated of the Body of Christ, draw near to the Cup of his Blood,

faying Amen.

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that drinks, say, Amen. And let the thirty-third Psalm be said while all the rest are receiving. And when all both Men and Women have received, let the Deacons take what remains and carry it into the Vestry. And when the Singer has done, let the Deacon say,

Part of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrysoftom and St. Basil.

Then waiting for the Prayer, give Thanks to God, who hath wouchfafed you such Mysteries,

#### Deacon.

Having received the precious Body, and the precious Blood of Christ, let us give Thanks to him who hath vouchfafed us to partake of his holy Mysteries: And let us beseech him, that it may be to us, not for Condemnation, but for Salvation, for the Benefit of our Souls and Bodies, for our Preservation in

† Lit. Chrys. Deac.—Having received the divine, holy, immaculate, immortal, heavenly, and life-giving Mysteries, let us worthily give Thanks to the Lord.

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χιιν τῶν ἀγιασμάτων συ, εἰς ἀγιασμὸν ψυχῶν κỳ συμάτων, εἰς βασιλιίας ἐξανῶν κληξονομίαν ὅνι σὰ εἰ ὁ ἀγιασμὸς ἡμῶν ὁ Θεὸς, κỳ σοὶ τὴν δύξαν, κỳ τὴν εὐχαξιςίαν ἀναπίμπομιν, τῷ જાલીફો, κὰ τῷ ὑιῷ, κὰ τῷ ἀγίψ κυτύμαλι.

Et incipit Diaconus in Vestibulo,

Δόξα σοι, δόξα σοι, δόξα σοι, Χριελ βασιλιΰ, μοτογινός λόβε τὰ απάβρός, ότι παθηξίωσας ἡμᾶς τὸς αμαβωλώς κ) ἀιαξίως δώλως συ το ἀπολαύστι γινίσθαι τῶν ἀχράντων συ μυς ηρίων, εἰς ἄφεσιο ἀμαβιῶι κ) εἰς ζωὶν αἰώνιου. δόξα σοι.

Et cam Vestibulum transierit Diaconus incipit hunc in modum dicere,

"Ετι મુ દેવા મુ હેલે જ્વારિલ છે દાંદુર્વન વધે પાર્વિક હેદાવિધાર જેવાલ જુંદાવીલા વૃદ્ધા ને માલિક મુને કરે લેદિલ વધારા લાઇ મું દાંદુ લેવન વધારા કરે કરે તે કરા લેદલ વધારા લાઇ મુને કરે તે કરા લેદલ વધારા લાઇ મુને કરા તે કરા લેદલ લેવન વધારા કરે તે કરા લેદલ લેદલ લેદલ વધારા કરે તે કરા લેદલ લેદલ લેદલ સ્ટેડિક સ્ટેડિક

#### Sacerd.

† Lit. Syr. Gratias agimus tibi, Deus, & przecipue laudamus te ob immensum & inestabilem erga homines amorem tuum. O Domine, quos admittere dignatus es ad participationem mense tuze cœlestis, ne damnes ob susceptionem mysteriorum tuorum sanctorum & immaculatorum. Verum, O bone, custodi nos in justitia & sanctitate, ut digni essecti communicatione Spiritus tui sancti, partem, fortem & harreditatem consequamur cum sanctis illis omnibus, qui ex hoc mundo tibi placuerunt: per gratiam, &c. Pop. Amen. We give Thanks to thee, O God, and chiesty praise thee for thy great and inexpressible Love to Men.

#### Sacerd.

Ό Θεὸς, ὁ διὰ πολλίω κὰ ἄφα]ον φιλανθρωπίαν συ παὶ αδας τῆ ἀδενεία τῶν 
δέλων σε εὐχαρι; ἔμθν σοι ότι καὶ ηξίωσας ἡμᾶς μεὶ αχεῖν ταύτης τὰ ἐπερανίε 
τραπέζης μὴ καὶ ακρίνης ἡμᾶς τὰς ἀμαρτωλὰς ἐπὶ τῆ μεὶ αλήψ τὰ ἀχράνὶ νο 
μυς πρίων, ἀλλὰ φύλὰξον ἡμᾶς, ἀ Γαθὲ, ἐν 
ἀ Γιασμῷ τὰ ἀγία σε πνεύμαὶ Θ, ἴνα ἄ Γιοι 
βνόμθνοι, εὐρωμθν μέρ κὰ κὶ αἰῶνός σοι εὐαρες ησάντων τὰ ἀγίων τὰ ἀπὰ αἰῶνός σοι εὐαρες ησάντων, διὰ τὰ οἰκὶ ρμῶν τὰ μονο βνᾶς σα 
κὶς, Κυρίε ἡ κὰ θεᾶ κὰ σωὶ ῆρ Θ ἡμῶν Ἰησῦ 
Χρις εκ, μεθ εὐλο Γητὸς εἰ, σωὶ τῷ ἀγίω 
σε πνεύμαὶ, νωῦ κὰ ἀκὶ εἰς τὰς αἰῶνας τὰ 
αἰώνων.

Pop. 'Aplu'.

<sup>a</sup> I have inferted this from Lit. Syr. See also Lit. Mar. Chryf. and Baf. and Lit. Clem.

bast veuchsasie, from Lis. Clem. See also Lis. Chrys.

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λακίω દેવના લેલ્લ, નેડ્ડ હૈંΦરના લેμαફી છો, લેડ ζωίω τε μέλλον Φ αιώνος.— Part of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrysoftom and St. Bafil.

Sacerd.

Diamola d Otos d war oregitoe, -- o T μετ' εύθύτη @· eπ ικαλυμένων σε έπή-20 - 80 x al 158μέν σοι, ότι καληξίωσας ήμες μελαλα-Gar T aylar or musnejw, à waeigs ήμεν, είς πλη29Φοciar T xulas is rooμένων, είς Φυλακίω ने धंग्डिसंबद, संद बैंप्डσελημμελημά-TWY OTL TO OVOLA TE Xees ou inixixy ται εφ' ήμᾶς, κ σοι *ซอองพ*มผย่นเปล. 'O χωείσας ήμας & 7

Lit. Mar. Sacerd. Euxuessu. δέασολα Κύριε, ο Θεός ήμῶν, ἐπὶ τῆ μελαλήψει τ αγίων, αχράντων, αθανάτων, κ έπυρανίων συ μυς ηρίων, ών έδωκας ήμεν έπε εὐερ[εσία, κὰ άΓιασμῶ, κὰ σωληρία τ ψυχῶν κ τ σωμάτων ήμων, κ δεόμεθα κ σαρακαλθμέν σε Φιλάνθρωπε, αλαθέ, Κύρλε, χάρισαι ήμιν τ κοινωνίαν τε άγιε σώμαδος में गरें गार्धाप्र बांधिबी कि गरें 40 ० र्रीवरेंड एवं पेरहें [add, Apridai] eis wisu anaraigumou, eis αγάπω ανυπόκερβον, είς ωλησμονω ઉતorsbeias, eis वेम जीवन थि देशवर्गिष्ठ, संद क्यार.ποίησιν τ લીολών σε, લંદ εφίδιον ζωής αίωνίν, εἰς ἀπολογίαν εὐπιοσδεκου τ ἐπὶ τῦ Фоберя Bipalo कर Xers कर, के है, हो μεθ ક, σοι ή δόζα κ το κράτω, σω το व्यवश्वभूष्यं से वे विभिन्ने में ζωοποιρ σε πνεύμελι.

Lit. Chrys. Εὐχαι ενθμέν σοι δέσσολα Φιλάνθρωπε, εὐεργίτα τ΄ ψυχῶν ἡμῶν, ἔτι καληξίωσας ἡμᾶς τ΄ ἐπθεσιίων συ, κὰ ἀθα-

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tification of our Souls and Bodies, and for an Inheritance in the Kingdom of Heaven, for thou, O God, art our Sanctification, and to Thee we return Glory and Thankfgiving, Father, Son and Holy Ghost.

And the Deacon,

And the Deacon,

Glory be to Thee, Glory be to Thee, Glory be to Thee, O Christ our King, the only begotten Logos of the Father, that thou hast vouchsafed us Sinners, thy unworthy Servants, to enjoy thy immaculate Mysteries, for the Remission of Sins, and for Life everlasting. Glory be to Thee.

Let us again and again, and for ever, pray to the Lord in Peace. Let us pray that the Reception of his holy Mysteries, may be to us, for the averting of every evil Thing, for a Viaticum to eternal Life, for the Communion and Gift of the holy Spirit. The Priest prays, Commemorating our most holy, undefiled, superlatively glorious, and blessed Lady, the Mother of God, and Ever-virgin Mary, and all the Saints who have pleased thee from the Beginning of the World; let us commend ourselves, and one another, and our whole Life to Christ our God. Peop. To thee, O Lord.

#### Priest.

+ O God, who of thy great and inexpressible Love to Man, dost condescend to the Weakness of thy Servants, and hast vouchsafed to make us Partakers of this heavenly Table: Let not the receiving of thy unspotted Mysteries be to the Condemnation of us Sinners, but keep us, good God, in the Sanctification of thy holy Spirit, that being made holy, we may obtain a Part and Inheritance with all thy Saints, who have pleased thee from the Beginning of the World, in the Light of thy Countenance; through the Mercies of thy only-begotten Son, our Lord, and God, and Saviour Jesus Christ, with whom and thy most holy, and good and life-giving Spirit, thou art bleffed, for thy most precious

# O Lord, who hast wouchsafed to admit us to be Partakers of thy heavenly Table, let not the receiving of thy holy and unspotted Mysteries be to our Condemnation, but keep us, good God, in Righteousness and Holiness, that being made worthy of the Communication of thy holy Spirit, we may obtain a Part, Lot, and Inheritance, with all those Saints who have pleased thee from the Beginning of this World; through the Grace, &c. Peop. Amen.

#### Priest.

O God, who of thy great and inexpressible Love to Man, dost condefcend to the Weakness of thy Servants; we give Thanks to thee" b that thou hast vouchsafed" to make us Partakers of this heavenly Table: Let not the receiving of thy unspotted Mysteries be to the Condemnation of us Sinners. but keep us, good God, in the Sanctification of thy holy Spirit, that being made holy, we may obtain a Part and Inheritance with all thy Saints, who have pleased thee from the Beginning of the World; through the Mercies of thy only-begotten Son, our Lord, and God, and Saviour Jesus Christ, with whom, and thy holy Spirit, thou art bleffed, now and for ever, World without end.

Peop. Amen.

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Part of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrysosom and St. Basil.

Godliness, for the Remission of Sins, and for the Life of the World to come.—

Priest.

O Lord God Almighty — who hearest those who call upon thee with Uprightness—we give Thanks to thee, that thou hast vouchsafed to make us Partakers of thy holy Mysteries, which thou hast bestowed upon us, for the full Assurance of those Things which we rightly know, for our Preservation in Godliness, and for the Remission of our Sins; for the Name of thy Christ is called upon us, and we are joined unto Thee. Thou that hast separated

Lit. Mar. Priest. We give Thanks to thee, O Lord our God, that thou hast made us Partakers of thy holy, unspotted, immortal, and heavenly Mysteries, which thou hast bestowed upon us for the Benefit, Sanctification, and Salvation of our Souls and Bodies; and we pray and befeech thee, O Lord, who art good, and a Lover of Men, to grant that the Communion of the holy Body and precious Blood of thy only begotten Son [add, may be] to us, for Faith that shall not be ashamed, for Love without Diffimulation, for the Fulness of Piety, for the averting of whatever is contrary to us, for the keeping of thy Commandments, for a Viaticum to eternal Life, and for an acceptable Defence at the dreadful Tribunal of thy Christ; through whom, and with whom, to Thee be Glory and Power, together with thy most holy, and good, and life-giving Spirit.

Lit. Chryf. We give Thanks to thee, O Lord, then Lover of Men, the Benefactor of our Souls, that—thou haft vouchfafed us thy heavenly and im-

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गिर्धिहेंबरबा गरे चर्वामाधान को धाविश्वस्थानोह रिन्हार्व जय, गर्व चर्बाहोद, को गर्व गेथि, को गर्व बेग्रंथ चार्गधानिक, प्रध्या मेंदे वंदी संद मश्रेद व्यक्षिप्रसद में व्यक्षिप्रधार.

Pop. 'Aμω'.

Sacerd. Ligin warn. Pop. Kal vý mnúpali ou. Diacon.

Τὰς κεφαλὰς ήμῶν τῷ Κυρρῷ κλίνωμθμ. Sacerd.

Ο Θεός ο μένας κ θαυμασός έπιδε έπὶ τὰς δέλες σε, ότι σοι τὰς ἀυχένας ἀκλίναμθι εκθειον τίω χειρά σε τ κραβαιάν κ 
πλής εὐλονιών, κ εὐλονησον τ λαόν σε.

Diacon.

Τας κεφαλας ήμων τω Κυείω κλίνωρου. Sacerd.

'O Θεός ὁ μέσες κ θαυμας ὸς ἔπεδε ἐπε τὰς δάλας σα, ὅτι σεὶ τὰς ἀυχένας ἐπλίναμθι: ἔκθαιον τίω χᾶρά σα τίω πραθαιάν κ αλήρη εὐλο ιῶν, κὰ εὐλό ໂησον τ λαίς σα.

The Clementine Liturgy.

Part of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrysostom, and St. Basil.

\* \* \* \* \* \* doe6@v xo.vavías, evacov ήμες με τεν καθασιαμέναν σ:ι,

इन्ट्रिट्रेंग नेमबेंद्र दें। रमें बेरेनिसंब रमें रहें बेर्राष्ट σνεύμα [ επιφοιτήση, τα αίνο έμθρα αποκάλυψον, τὰ λάποδα προσανεπλήρωσον, τα είνωσμένα πράτιωον τες λερες αμώμες διαφύλαξον όν τη λαθράα σε τες βασιλας διαθήρησον όν εκρίωνη, τες άρχονθας όν δικαιοσιώη, τες αίρας οι εύκρασία, τες καςπές οι εύφοεία, τ κόσμον οι παναλκα σεργοία τα εθνη τα σολεμικά σερά !νου τα σεπλανημένα επίτρεψου τ λαόν ση αλίασοι. 192 ζη απαθβειία διαβήθησου. τές οι γάμω διαφύλαξον οι σείς τές οι αίνκα ένδιμαμωσον τα νήπια άδριμον τές γεο]ελάς βεβαίωσον της Ο κα ηχήση σείδεύσον, κ τ μυήσεως άξίκς ανάδαξον κ क्ववंग्रवद नेमवेंद्र दंत्राज्यावंश्वीद संद रथि रे शंहवνῶν βασιλέιαν, ἐν Χειςῷ Ἰητὰ τῷ Κυείῳ मिला मार् है जा किंदूब, माम्मे से जहिंबह, से જાણું લેગું મુજાઇ મહીં, લંદ જારે લાં લેંગલ દ.

νάτων μυσηρίων ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ημών τ ο ο ον, σήρες ον ήμας ον τῷ Φός ο σε —, Φρέρησον ήμων τὰ διαδήμαλα, — ότι σὸ ἐκ ο ἀδιασμος ήμων, κὸ σοὶ τ δός αν ἀναπεμπομεν, τῷ αὰλός αὰλός, κὸ τῷ ὑις, κὸ τῷ ἀγίν ανεύμαλι, νωῦ κὸ ἀκὶ, κὸ κὸς αἰῶνας τ αἰώνων. Ρορ. Άμω.

Lit. Baf. Εὐχαερς εμέν σα, Κύερε δ Θιος ήμῶν, ἐπὶ τῆ μελαλή μά τ ἀγίων, ἀχράντων, αθανάτων, κ επερατίων σε μυσηείων, α εδωκας τμιν επ' ευερ εσία κ αίιασμώ, κ ιάσο τ ψυχών κ τ σαμάτων ήμων αὐτὸς δέατολα τ ἀπάιτων, δὸς γρέως ήμιν την κοινωνίαν τε αγίε σώμαθος κ αίμαθος मधे Xees रह, संद्र कांद्राण संप्रतीयां श्राणीक, संद αγάπω ανυπόκριζον, είς πλησμονω σοζίας, είς ἴασιν ψυχης κ σώμαδος, είς άποδος-જ્ઞીયો જાલાગિક ભાગી દેશ, શાંદ્ર જારદાજા દાંત્ર મેં ભાગλών σε, είς ἀπολογίαν εὐπρόσδεκ]ον των έπλ τε φοβερε βήμαλος τε Χρισε συ ο αγιασμός ήμων, κે σοι τω δόξαν αναπέμπομεν, τῷ παθελ, κે τῷ ὑιῷ, κે τῷ ἀγίο कार्श्यायी, मार्थे में बंदी, में बंद महेद व्यंकेंग्यद में વ્યાંબાગ અજ.

Diacon. Tબ્રે ભાબે કોટે નર્જ સ્ટ્રાન્ડરે ત્યારે સ્ત્રાંગ્લીક, સે ક્યેત્રેજ્સન્ટર.

Sacerd.
'Ο Θεὸς ὁ παίοκεάτως—- ὁ Φῶς οἰ-

Lit. Mar. Sacerd. — Δέσσολα—ἐξαπός κλον τ ἀ όραλόν σε δεξιαν, τ πλήρη εὐλοΓιῶν, κ πάντας ἡμᾶς εὐλό Γησον, οἰκλείρησον, Δένωσον τῆ θεικῆ σε δυμάμει, κ πεείελε ἀΦ ἡμῶν τω κακοηθῆ κὶ ἀμαρλάδα
σαρκικῆς ἐπιθυμίας ἐρ ασίαν καλαύ Γασον
τες νοητες ἡμῶν ὁΦθαλμες τ περικαμένης
ζοφερᾶς ἀνομίας, στώ αψον ἡμᾶς τῷ σαμ-

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and magnificent Name is bleffed and glorified, Father, Son, and Holy Ghost, now and for ever, World without end.

Peop. Amen.

Priest. Peace be with you all. Peop. And with thy Spirit.

Deacon.

Let us bow down our Heads to the Lord.

Priest.

O God, great and wonderful, look upon thy Servants, who bow down their Necks unto thee; stretch forth thy powerful Hand, full of Blessings, and Deacon.

Let us bow down our Heads to the Lord.

Priest.

O God, great and wonderful, look upon thy Servants, who bow down their Necks unto thee; stretch forth thy powerful Hand, full of Bleffings.

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Part of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrysofton and St. Bafil.

\* \* \* \* \* us from the Communion of the Ungodly, unite us

with those that are sanctified unto Thee, establish us in the Truth by the Descent of thy holy Spirit, reveal to us what Things we are ignorant of, supply what we are deficient in; and strengthen us in what we know. Preserve the Priests unblameable in thy Service: keep the Kings in Peace, and the Rulers in Righteousness; the Air in good Temperature, the Fruits of the Earth in Plenty, and the whole World by thy all-powerful Providence. Pacify the Nations that delight in War; convert those that are in Error; fanctify thy People; preserve those that are in Virginity; keep those that are married in Fidelity; strengthen those who live in Chastity; bring the Infants to adult Age; confirm the newly initiated; instruct the Catechumens, and make them worthy of Initiation, and gather us all into thy Kingdom of Heaven, in Christ Jesus our Lord, with whom, to Thee be Glory, Honour, and Adoration, and to the Holy Ghost, World without end. Amen.

Deacon.

Bow down to God through his Christ, and receive the Benediction.

Priest.

O God Almighty, — who dwelleft in Light

mortal Mysteries; direct our way aright, strengthen us in thy Fear—, preserve our Life, make our Steps secure,—for thou art our Sanctification, and to Thee we return Glory, Father, Son, and Holy Ghost, now and ever, World without end. Peop. Amen.

Lit. Bas. We give Thanks to Thee, O Lord our God, for that thou hast made us Partakers of thy holy, unspotted, immortal, and heavenly Mysteries, which thou hast bestowed upon us, for the Benefit, Sanctification, and Healing of our Souls and Bodies. Do thou, O Lord of all, grant that the Communion of the holy Body and Blood of thy Christ may be to us for Faith that shall not be ashamed, for Love without Dissimulation, for the Fulness of Wisdom, for the Healing of our Souls and Bodies, for the averting of whatever is contrary to us, for the keeping of thy Commandments, for an acceptable Defence at the dreadful Tribunal of thy Christ-for thou art our Sanctification, and to Thee we return Glory, Father, Son, and Holy Ghost, now and ever, World without end.

Lit. Mar. Priest.—O Lord,—send forth thy invisible right Hand, sull of Blessings, and bless us all. Have Mercy upon us, strengthen us by thy divine Power, and take away from us every evil and finful Work of slessly Lust. Inlighten the Eyes of our Minds against the Darkness of Sin that surrounds us: And unite us to the most blessed Assem-

διαφύλαξον τω κληρονομίαν σε, "να αει κ δια καντός δοξάζωμην σε τ μόνον ζῶντα κ αληθινόν θεον ήμω τη αγίαν κ όμο ότιον τριάδα, καθίτα, κ υίδο, κ το άδιον κυτύμα, τῦν κὶ ἀιὶ, κὶ εἰς τὸς αἰῶνας τῶν αἰώνω. Εκκλαπατίο, σοὶ γαρ κερίπει κὶ ἐποφιίλεται ἡ καιρά καθτων ἡμῶν δοξολογία, τιμή, κ κερσκιώνσις κὶ εὐχαριςία τῷ Παθρί, κ τῷ Τιῷ, κὶ τῷ ἀγίω Πνεύμαθι, νῶν κὰ ἀκί. Ρορ. 'Αμωύ.

Diacon.

Er eiging Reiss Dandauer. Et rurius dicit, Er eigheig Reiss woogen Danda.

The ancient Liturgy of the Church of Jerusalem.

διαφύλαξον τω κληρονομίαν σε, ίνα αξεί κ) δια παντός δοξάζωμβρ σε τ μόνον ζωνία κ) αληθινόν θεόν σοι γας πρέπει δόξα," τιμή, προσκιώνσις κ) εύχαρκεία τῷ Παίρλ, κ) τῷ 'Υιῷ, κ) τῷ ἀγίῳ Πνεύμαλι, νωῦ κὶ ἀκίε Ρορ. 'Αμω΄.

Diacon.

'Er eiglein mogetede.

So it is in Lit. Clem. Chrys. and Bas.
See Lit. Clem. and Mar. as also Conft. Apost. l. viii.
c. 6. c. 7. c. 8. c. 9. cited in the next Page.

The Clementine Liturgy.

κών ἀπρόσιζου,—εὐμθρης γρόμθρος ἐπάκυσόν με διὰ τὸ όνο-

μά ση, η εὐλό (ησω τές σοι κεκλειότας τὸς ἐκωίων αὐχένας, η δος αὐίοῖς τὰ αἰτήμαθα τῶν καρδιῶν αὐίῶν τὰ ἐπὶ συμφέρον]ι, η μηδένα ἀυτῶν ἀπό δλη ον ποιήσης ἐκ τ βαστιλάας ση ἀλλὰ ἀγίασον ἀυτὸς, φρέρησον, σκέπασον, ἀν Ιλαβη, ἐρῦσαι τῆ ἀλλοὶς ον, τὰς οἰσος ἐχθρη τὸς οἴκης ἀὐίῶν φύλαζον, τὰς οἰσόδης ἀὐίῶν η τὰς ἐξόδης φρήρησον ὅτι σὸι δόξα, αἶν , μι Γαλοπρίπαα, σέβας, προσκιώνσες, η τῷ σῷ παιδὶ Ἰηση τῷ Χριςῷ ση, τῷ Κυρίῳ ἡμῶν, η Θιῷ, κὰ Κυρίῳ ἡμῶν, η Θιῷ, κὰ Βασιλά, κὰ τῷ ἀγίῳ Πνεύμαὶ, νιῦ κὰ αὰ κὰ κὰ κὰ τὰς τὰς σιῶνας τὰ αἰώνας. ᾿Αμίω.

Diac. \* 'Απολύεωθε ငံ εἰριώη.

\* Conft. Apoft. in dismissing the Penitents, Απολόισθε οἱ is μιθαιοία, Depart ye Penitents.

Καθέχεθε ταύτας παραδόσεις αστίλες, κ) απροσκόπες έαυτες διαφυλάζαθε τ κοιτωνίας εαυθές μη αποξέηξηθε, μη Δβά

μολυσμον αμαβίας, τ΄ iseων τέτων κ συνυμαθικών έαυτες αποτερήσηθε μυς η είων. ὁ δε Θεὸς τ΄ લે είω ης αδιάσαι ύμας ὁλοθελείς, κ ἐλέκληρον ύμων τὸ σωμα, κ ἡ ψυχη, κ τὸ συνευμα ἐν τῆ σταρεσία Κυρίε ἡμων Ἰησε Χριτέ τηρηθείη બ ἡ δόξα, τιμη, κ κράτος, σωυ Παθρί, [κ Ἰ-ῖ-ῖ] κ ἀγίω Πνεύμαθι, νωῦ, κ ἀκὶ, κ ἀς τες αἰωνας τ αἰωναν. Αμίω.

Part of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrysoftom and St. Bafil.

μακαρίτω το ευαρετήσαν σοι συλλέγο ετι δια σε κ στω σοι το ποθελ, κ το παεκγίω πιεύμα , πας ύμι Θ- πρέπη, τιμη, κράτος, προσκιώνσις τε κ ευχαριτία, νω κ ακ, κ κ τες αιανας τ αιώνων.

Diac. Πορεύε Δε cu eigling.

Lit. Chrys. & Bas. O εὐλοδῶν τὰς εὐλογ Εντάς σε Κύρκε, κζ άδιάζων τες έπὶ σοὶ σεποιθότας, σωσον τ. λαόν σε, κ ευλόρησον τ κληρονομίαν σε το αλήρωμα τ έκκλητίας σε φύλαζοι, άγιατοι τες αίαπωι-TAG મેં ર્યોત્રફર્સસલા મહે બેંમક ઉદ્ય જો લોગ કેલ લે!τιδόξασον τη θεική σε διμάμει, κ μη έγκα αλίπης ήμας της έλπίζον ας έπε σέ εξιώην τῷ κόσμφ σε δώρησαι, ταῖς ἐκκλησίαις σε, τοις ίερευσι, τοις βασιλευσιν ήμων, रणे रहवरणे, भे कवारो रणे रेवके ए४, वैरा कवेंटब δόσις αίαθη, κ क्वा δώρημα τέλαιν ανωθέν ές:, καθαβαϊνον όκ σε τε ακαθρός των Φώτων એ σοι 🕆 δόξαν, κ εύχαριςίαν, κ πεοσκιώησιν αναπέμποιου, τῷ Παζελ, κὸ Tọ Tiệ, vì Tệ dyin Hrevpali, vu vì dei, vì લંદ τ છેદ લો હોંગ લદ τે લો હોંગ લખ. Pop. 'Aμίω'.

Diac. Er eighein a poix Duply.

\* Conft. Apost. l. viii. c. 6. in dismissing the Cate-chumens, Προύλθε οι Καθηχώμενοι is είχνη. Depart ye Catechumens in peace. Ib. c. 7. in dismissing the Energumens, Προύλθε οι Ένεργώμενοι Depart ye Energumens. Ib. c. 8. in dismissing the Competentes, Προύλθε οι φυθιζόμενοι Depart ye Candidates for Baptism. Note, In these two Lit. of Chrys. and Bas. this is put before the Blessing, most preposterously, notwithstanding of the trisling Reason given for it in Note Goar. p. 154.

And therefore I have placed it as it certainly has been

at first, and as it is in the Lit. Ja. Clem. and Mar.

[ 100 ]

The present Liturgy of St. James.

bless thy People. Preserve thine Inheritance, that we may continually glorify thee, for ever, the only living and true God; the holy and consubstantial Trinity, Father, Son, and Holy Ghost, now and ever, World without end. The Exclamation, For to thee, O Father, belongs, and is due from us all, Doxology, Honour, Adoration, and Thanksgiving, and to thy Son, and Holy Spirit, now and ever. Peop. Amen.

Deacon.

Let us fing in the Peace of Christ. And again, Let us Depart in the Peace of Christ. The ancient Liturgy of the Church of Jerusalem.

and bless thy People.' Preserve thine Inheritance, that we may continually glorify thee, for ever, the only living and true God; for to thee, O Father, belongs a Glory," Honour, Adoration and Thanksgiving, and to thy Son, and holy Spirit, now and ever. Peop. Amen.

Deacon.

b Depart in Peace.

The Clementine Liturgy.

Part of the Liturgies of St. Mark, St. Chrysoftom and St. Basil.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* inaccessible, — be favourable and hear me for thy

Name's Sake, and bless those who have bowed down their Necks unto Thee; grant them the Requests of their Hearts that are expedient for them, and fuffer none of them to be rejected from thy Kingdom, but fanctify them, keep, protect, and affift them, and deliver them from the Adversary, and from every Enemy; guard their Houses, and defend their coming in and their going For to Thee belongs Glory, Praise, Majesty, Worship, and Adoration, and to thy Son Jesus, thy Christ, our Lord, and God, and King, and to the holy Ghost, now and ever, World without end. Amen.

Deac. \* Depart in Peace.

Hold fast these Traditions uncorrupted, and keep yourselves without Offence. Do not cut off yourselves from bly of those who have pleased Thee; for through Thee, and with Thee to the Father, and to the most holy Spirit belongs all Praise, Honour, Power, Adoration, and Thanksgiving, now and ever, World without end.

Deac. Depart in Peace.

Lit. Chrys. and Bas. O Lord, who bleffest them that bless Thee, and sanctifiest them that trust in Thee; save thy People, and bless thine Inheritance. Preserve the whole Body of thy Church; fanctify those who love the Beauty of thy House, reward them with Glory by thy divine Power, and do not forfake us who hope in Thee. Give Peace to thy World, to thy Churches, to the Priests, to our Kings, to the Army, and to all thy People; for every good Donation, and every perfect Gift is from above, descending from Thee. the Father of Lights; and to Thee we return Glory, Thanksgiving, and Adoration, Father, Son, and holy Ghost. now and ever, World without end. Peop. Amen. Deac. Let us depart in Peace.

Communion; neither deprive yourselves of these holy and spiritual Mysteries by the Pollution of Sin. And the God of Peace sanctify you intire, and may your whole Man, Body, Soul, and Spirit be preserved unto the Coming of our Lord Jesus Christ. To whom be Glory, Honour, and Power, with the Father, [and the Son] and the holy Ghost, now and ever, World without end. Amen.

### The APPENDIX,

Containing the Prayers mentioned in the Preface, p. 2. and 3.

#### NUMB. L

The Petitions of the Προσφώνησις υπές τ΄ πις ω, or Bidding-Prayer for the Faithful, as collected from that Part of the Liturgy of St. James which precedes the Anaphora.

ΕΝ εἰρίωνη τε Κυρία δεηθώμος.
Υπερ τ άνωθεν εἰρίωνς, κ τ τωθηρίας τ ψυχων ήμων, τε Κυρία δεηθώμο.

Υπερ τ εἰρωνης τὰ σύμπαν] Φ κόσμα, κὰ ἐτώσεως πασῶν τ ἀγίων τὰ θεὰ ἐκκλησιῶκ, τὰ Κυρία δεηθῶμθρ.

Υπες σωληςίας κζ ανλικήψεως σαντός τε Φιλοχείς κλας, τε Κυείκ δεηθώμου.

Υπερ αφέσεως τ αμαριών κε συ χωρήσεως τ ωλημιελημάτων ημών, κε τε ρυσθηναι ήμας από ωάσης θλίψεως, όργης, κινδιών κε ανά κης κε επανας άσεως έχθρων, τε Κυρίν δεηθωμέρ.

Υπερ τ καρποφορέντων η καλλιεργέντων όν ταις άγιαις τε θεε όκκλησίαις, [κ] μεμνημένων τ ωενήτων χηρών η έρφανών, ξένων η έπιδεομένων, η τ όνταλαμένων ήμιν ώς ε μνημοιεύου αυτών όν ταις ωροσευχαίς τε Κυρίκ δεηθώμεν.

Υπερ τ ον γήρα κ αδιωαμία όντων νοσέντων, καμνόντων, κ τ ύπε πνευμάτων ακαθάρτων ένοχλεμένων, τ ωθρα τε θεν ταχείας ιάσεως κ σωληρίας αυτών, τε Κυρίε δεηθώμω. Peace which is from above; and for the Salvation of our Souls.

Let us pray to the Lord for the Peace

ET us pray to the Lord in Peace.

Let us pray to the Lord for the Peace of the whole World; and for the Union of all the holy Churches of God.

Let us pray to the Lord for all the People who love Christ, that he would fave them and help them.

Let us pray to the Lord for the Remission of our Sins and the Forgiveness of our Transgressions; and that we may be delivered from all Affliction, Wrath, Danger, and Necessity, and from the Assaults of our Enemies.

Let us pray to the Lord for those who bring forth Fruit and do good Works in the holy Churches of God, [and] who are mindful of the Poor; for the Widows and Orphans, Strangers and indigent Persons, and for those who defire to be remembred in our Prayers.

Let us pray to the Lord for the Aged and Infirm; and for the Sick and Diseased, and those who are insested with unclean Spirits, that God would speedily send them Health and Deliverance.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Here should come in the Petitions for the Clergy.

 <sup>+</sup> And here for the civil Powers.

Υπερ τ દેન જ αρθενία પુ નંગુલન, તે લેક-સ્મૃંતન, પુ [τ] દેન ઉદ્દારણ ગુન્નાન હોત્યુ હાંત્ર [[સે τ દંન દેશના, મું સમ્મૃત્યાંલક, તે મહાદ હેમ લોક જ મૃષ્ઠ લેખિયા દુંભારામાં હેનામ જ સ્મૃદ્ધિ પ્રાથમિક (ભૂમાં)] τ Κυρίκ હેદમ મામિક

Υπέρ πλεόντων, όδοιπορέντων, ξενίευόντων χριςιανών, καὶ τ ὰν αἰχμαλωσίαις, καὶ ἐξορίαις, καὶ ἀν Φυλακαῖς, καὶ τοκραῖς δελείαις ὅντων ἀδελΦῶν ἡμῶν, εἰρίωικῆς ἐπανόδε ἀυτῶν, τὲ Κυρίε δεηθῶμθμ.

Υπερ ευκρασίας αξρων, ὅμβρων Αρίωνκῶν, δρόσων ἀΓαθῶν, καρπῶν εὐφορίας, κὸ ὑπερ τὰ ςοφάνα τὰ ἐν ἀὐτὰ, τὰ Κυρία δεηθῶμβρ.

Υπερ τ παρόντων κ σωνυχομένων ήμεν દેν ταύτη τη αγία ώρα, κ દેν παντι καιρῷ παθέρων τε καὶ άδελφων ήμων, αναδης, καμάτα, καὶ περθυμίας αὐτων, τὰ Κυεία δεηθωμίν.

Υπερ πάσης ψυχης χριςιανης θλισομένης κὰ καλαπονεμένης, ελέες κὰ βοηθείας θεν ἐπιδεομένης, κὰ ἐπις ερΦης τὰ πεπλανημένων, ὑΓιείας τὰ ἀδενέντων, ἀναξούσεως τὰ αἰχμαλώτων, [κὰ] ἀναπαύσεως τὰ προπεκοιμημένων παθέρων τε κὰ ἀδελΦῶν, τὰ Κυείκ δεηθῶμος.

Υπερ τε είσακε θηνει καὶ εὐπρόσδεκτον γρέος τω δέησιν ήμων ενώπιον τε θεε, κੇ τε καλαπεμφθηναι ήμιν ακέσια τα έλέη καὶ τες οἰκτιρμές αὐτε, τε Κυρίε δεηθωμμ. Let us pray to the Lord for those who are in Virginity and Chastity, for the Asceticks, and for those who live in honourable Marriage [[and for our holy Fathers and Brethren who sustain a great Conslict in Mountains, and Dens, and Caves of the Earth.]

Let us pray to the Lord for all Christians who travel by Sea, or by Land, or are in foreign Countries, and for our Brethren that are in Captivity, or Banishment, in Prisons, or in hard Slavery, that they may return in Peace.

Let us pray to the Lord for temperate Weather, moderate Showers, pleafant Dews, and Plenty of the Fruits of the Earth, and for the wbole Circle of the Year.

Let us pray to the Lord for our Fathers and Brethren who are present, and join in Prayer with us in this holy Hour, and at all Times, that their Diligence, Labour, and Alacrity may be accepted of God.

Let us pray to the Lord for every Christian Soul under Affliction or Calamity, and who stand in need of the Mercy and Help of God: For the Conversion of those that are in Error: For Health to the Sick: For Deliverance to the Captives: [and] for Rest to our Fathers and Brethren who are gone before us.

Let us pray to the Lord that our Supplications may be heard, and may be acceptable in the Sight of God; and that he would fend down upon us his rich Mercies and Compassions.

#### NUMB. II.

The Bidding-Prayer which I have conjectured to be the second of the two Prayers 24st reportant mentioned in Can. 19. Con. Land. as we have it in that Part of the Lit. of St. James which precedes the Anaphora. See it also as in Lit. Chrys. and Bas. Goar. Euch. p. 74. and p. 165.

— Thu husear mara, τιλιία, લેમાંન, લેમાંગ શ્રીપ્ય મે તેમ્લામતાની જીવા, ને મહત્ત્વા; જીવા મેકે Κυρίν આપ્રામ તો મુજબોમકી તા.

Αγ Γελον εἰριωνς, σισὰ ἐδηγὰ, Φύλακα τῶι ψυ-

Συγγιώμω η άφιση των άμαςτιών η των πλημμιλημάτων ήμων παρά το Κυρία αίτησώμεθα.

Τα καλα καί συμφέρονα τας ψυχαϊς ἡμῶν, Β΄ εἰςὑνα τῷ κόσμφ, σαςὰ τὰ Κυςία αἰτησώμιθα.

Τον υπόλοιπον χρόνον της ζωής ήμων ε ερώνη εξ υγκίφ επιλήσει, παρά το Κυρίυ είτησώμιθα.

Χειςιανα τα τέλη της ζωής ήμων ανάδυνα, ανίακαίσχυνία, η καλή απολογίαι τη έπι το φοδιεί η Φρικτό βήμαίος το Χρικό, αίτησώμεδα.

— Έαυτες છે αλλήλες—τῷ Θιῷ જ્ઞαegglώμεθα.

The same Bidding-Prayer as it is in Const. Apost. 1. viii. c. 37.

Αἰτησώμεθα જીવ Κυρίυ τα ελέη αὐτῦ και τὸς οἰκτιρμὸς.

Τον όρθου τέτου, καὶ την ημέρου κίρωνκων κὰ ἀναμάρηθου, κὰ πάνθα τὰ χρόνου τ΄ παρεπεδεμίας ημών.

Τον Αγίελον τ επὶ τ εἰριώης, [add, from c. 36. τὰ καλὰ κὰ τὰ συμφερού]α ] Χερτιανὰ τὰ τέλη ϊλεον καὶ εὐριβρῆ τὸν Θείν.

Έαυτες κ αλλήλες τῷ ζῶντι Θιῷ Δ)α τὰ μονογύες αὐτε σαραθώμεθα.

—Let us all beg of the Lord that we may pass this whole Day perfect, holy, in Peace and without Sin.

Let us beg of the Lord the Angel of Peace, a faithful Guide, a Guardian of our Souls and Bodies.

Let us beg of the Lord the Pardon and Remission of our Sins and Transgressions.

Let us beg of the Lord what Things are good and profitable to our Souls, and Peace to the World.

Let us beg of the Lord that we may accomplish the remaining Time of our Life in Health and Peace.

Let us beg a Christian End of our Life, withour Sorrow or Shame; and a good Apology at the dreadful and terrible Tribunal of Christ.

Let us commend ourselves and one another—to God.

Let us beg of the Lord his Mercies and Compassions.

Let us beg of the Lord that we may pass this Morning and this Day, and all the Time of our sojourning in Peace and without Sin.

Let us beg of the Lord the Angel of Peace; [add, from c. 36. what Things are good and profitable;] a Christian End; and that we may have God propitious and benevolent to us.

Let us commend ourselves, and one another to the living God, through his only begotten Son.

This, as it is the simplest, is therefore the ancientest Form, the former being plainly taken from it, or rather being the very same Form paraphrased, and, I think, without receiving thereby any real Improvement; for the third Petition there answers to the first here, and the fifth there, to the last Part of the second here; and the last Part of the sixth there, to the last Part of the third here.

#### NUMB. III.

A Form of the Eight Api evening, or Silent Prayer, as in the Liturgy of St. James, which is the same with that in St. Basil's, excepting the Variations marked at the Foot of the Page.

Kuens o Geos , o xlivas नेमबेंड, से बेबिγων οις των ζωίω ταύτιω, ο υποδάξας ήμεν စ်ဝါမါငှ ၏ငှ တေါ့ရည်းလေး, စံ χαρισάμθυ တြ ရိုယ် પ્રેલ્લાંમ μυτηρίων αποκάλυψη, \* καὶ" θίμεν 🕒 ήμᾶς εἰς τίω διακονίαν ταύτίο 🜣 τῆ διωάμα τε b σωαγίε σε σνεύμα] ( wikπησω · Μοποίω" - γίνεως ημώς διακόνως τῆς καινής συ διαθήκης, λαθερίες τ αχράν-Tan" σસ μυς મુદ્રાંતા, " મે," જ ફર્લ જેર્દ્દે લા મૃત્લેડ προσειγίζον]ας τῷ ἀγίω σε θυσιας ης ίω, κτ' το τεληθο τη έλένς συ ίνα <sup>ε</sup> άξιοι भाषामा के कार्य के किन्ति किन्ति के किन्ति किन्ति किन्ति किन्ति के किन्ति किन्त שומי ש טאוף דב במטדשי א ד דצ אמצ מוויסן Metron i zi dos imis Koleu, pela marios pobe zi over-केराभद्र स्वीयहर्वेद सहन्द्रश्राह्मार्था तथा प्रमेश स्थानित स्थानित स्वर् का में कार्यामक्त्रीक रेज्जंबर" भेष क्लिक विदेशीयि कि संद को बेमा में भे भेत्र हिड्डिशावर में नाहेंन जड प्रेण्डाव-જર્મભૂતભૂ, લેંદુ હેન્દ્રમિશ્ચે ક્રિયેલિંદુ ! જ્ઞાણમની સર્જે, લેંગીκαβάπεμη ον ήμεν των χάραν το " - - αναγίε" συ જ νεύμα] . " ναὶ ὁ Θεὸς" ἐπίβλειψεν ἐφ. ημας \*, κે επιδε επί τω ο λο[κήν" λαβρείαν ημών ταύτω, κ σεόσδιξαι αυτή, ώς σεοσιδίξω "AGIX TR Duga, Nue Tas Ducias " Mucius a 'Augur τας ιερυσύτας, Σαμενίλ τας είρηνικας, P Δαθίδ την μείαγιιαι, Ζαχαρίυ το θυμίαμα" ως προσεδεξω όκ ' χιιεδι" τ \* 'Αποςολων \* σε" τιω άληθινιω ταύτω λαθράαν, έτω ταρόσδεξαί κ όκ τ χαιρών ήμων τ άμαρωλών \* τα " σροκείμινα" δώρα ταυτα όμ τη χρης ότη ε σε 🔭 🔒 केंद्र γενέσθαι को σεροσφοραν ήμων εύπροσδικίου, ήγιασ-

O Lord \*God, who hast created us, and brought us into this Life; who hast shewed us the Way of Salvation, hast revealed to us thy heavenly Mysteries and" placed us in this Ministry by the Power of thy "most" holy Spirit, be pleased, O Lord, that we may be Ministers of thy new Covenant, and Dispensers of thy unspotted" Mysteries; and receive us, who are approaching thy holy Altar, according to the Multitude of thy Mercies: grant that we may be worthy to offer unto thee Gifts and Sacrifices" h for our own Sins" and for the Sins of the People; and grant us, O Lord, with all Fear and a pure Conscience, to offer unto thee this spiritual and unbloody Sacrifice," and do thou, receiving it upon thy holy and heavenly" and intellectual Altar, for a sweet fmelling 1 spiritual" Savour, send down the Grace of thy most holy Spirit upon us, even so, O God," look upon us \* and look upon this our oreasonable" Service, and receive it, as thou didst receive the Gifts of Abel, the Sacrifices of Noab, \* the priestly Ministrations of Moses and Aaron, the Peace-offerings of Samuel, P the Repentance of David, the Incense of Zacharias," as thou didst accept this true Worship from " the Hands of" thy \* Apostles, so of thy Goodness ‡ accept these Offerings \* lying before thee" from the Hands of us Sinners \* and grant that our Offering may be acceptable, being fanctified by the holy Ghoft, for the

 <sup>&#</sup>x27;Hμῶν, our'. Σè εl è, thou art be apho. Instituation ou to ayie, of thy holy Spirit. · An Kupie. est. f Γενώμεθα dξίου Trì λοδικήν ταύτην κζ αναίμακδον θυσίαν, this
h Υπὸρ τῶν ἡμεθέρων ἀμαρθημάτων, for our own Sins.
Deest. Deest. λοξοαὰμ τὰς δλοκαρπώσεις, the
Deest. Deest. Αγίων συ, thy holy. Deest. \* Të. Ayiw, boly. • Deeft. reasonable and unbloody Sacrifice. \* Deeft. Ayis, boly. whole Burnt-Offerings of Abraham. · Пеобовки, ассерт. Deek. " Deeft. I Kugu, Q Lord \* Deeft.

μίτη το στεύμαι αγίο, εἰς ἐξίλασμα τῶν ἡμιθίου σλημμαλημάτων μὲ τῶν τῷ λαῷ ἀνοημάτων, κὲ εἰς ἀνάσαυσεν τῶν
σροκικοιμημίνων ψυχῶν." ἐγα ν κὲ ἡμιξς κὶ τακτινοὶ,
κὲ ἀμαβωλοὶ, κὲ ἀνάξων δῶλοί σῶν καθαζεωθέντες
αλόλως" λείθεργῶν \* τῷ ἀγίω σε θυσίατηρίω αλάδωμθμ" τὰ μιωθον τὰ στετῶν κὲ
Φρονίμων οἰκονόμων, β κὲ εῦξωμω χάρι κὲ ἱλιος."

ἐν τῷ ἡμέρα τῷ Φοδερα τῆς ἀνταποδόσεως
σε τὸ δικκίως ν κὲ ἀίαθῦς.

Propitation of our Sins and the Sins of the People, and for Rest to the Souls of those who have gone before us" that " we thy humble, and fastal, and unworthy Servants" heing vouchsased to Minister " in Sincerity" at thy holy Altar ", " we may receive" the Reward of faithful and wife Stewards, " and may find Grace and Mercy," at that terrible Day of thy just " and good" Retribution.

The Landicean Canan appoints the Εύχη διὰ σιαπῆς, or Silent Prayer, to be before the two Prayers διὰ στροσφατήσιως, without mentioning any other Prayer to be faid by the Priest καθ' ἐαντὰν, by διαηθής, immediately before the Anaphora, as in the Appl. Conft. on the other hand the Ap. Conft. which mention this last Prayer, say nothing of the former; whence in calling this a Form of the Εὐχη διὰ σταπῆς I have supposed it to be the same Prayer intended by both, though they differ in the Time appointed for using it: But if they were really different, and so both of them used, which is not improbable, then the first must be understood of a Space allowed for the People to put up to God in secret such Petitions as respected each one's particular Circumstances, and more immediate Concerns, (for even such private Prayers were thought more prevalent when put up in the publick Assembles, than when they were alone in their Closets; see Dodwell's Furth. Profit. 3. 13.) and if so, then it does not admit of any Form \*: On this Supposition therefore this above Prayer cannot be called a Form of the Eὐχη διὰ σταπῆς in the Land. Can. but of the Priest's Prayer καθ' ἐκυτὰν in

\* See Bingham, B. xv. c. t. p. 569, 570.

#### NUMB. IV.

The Prayer intitled Evzn & cracking in that Part of the Liturgy of St. James which precedes the Anaphora, and which I suppose to have been taken from the Priest's Prayer for the Competentes.

Ευπργέτα βαστιλεῦ τ αἰώνων κὸ τ κἰμο σεως ἀπώσης δημικρορέ, σερέσθεζου \*[στοσωοῶν σοι δια τὰ Χειτὰ σε τὰ ἱακλησίου συ] ἐκάς ω ε τὸ συμφέρον ἀκπλήρωσον ἀίαις σαίντας εἰς τελειότη α, κὸ ἀξίας \*[ἀνῶς] ἀπέριασευ τ χάρλ Θο τὰ καιτουμέ σα, δ ἐπισυν-

she Apost. Const.

O thou beneficent King of Ages, the Maker of all Creatures; receive \* [thy Church which is approaching to Thee through thy Christ], fulfil what is \* profitable to every one of them; conduct them all to b Perfection; and make \* [11] worthy of the Grace of thy Sandtification, \* ga-

\* I suppose this to have been rule dunue ou runner vule superunner vi anne ou pullipule, these thy Servants who are approaching to thy holy Baptism; or perhaps r. d. o. r. r. second sive at right ou inninging, these thy Servants who come as Proselytes to thy holy Church, 28 in Orat. and faciend. Catoch. in Goar's Buch. p. 346.

In the Bidding-Prayer for the Catechumens, Conft. Apost. l. viii. e. 6. in — δη αὐτος τὰ αἰτίμαθα τῶν καρδιῶν αὐτῶν πρὸς τὸ συμφίρον, that—he will give them those Desires of their Hearts that are prositable to them.

Clem. Alex. Pad. l. 1. c. 6. 'Arayarra θίδιας του κύθιως τὸ σέδιων αὐτικά φαμων, δείως regenerated we imme-

Clem. Alex. Pad. 1. 1. c. 6. Aragrary Hills γων μίθως το τίλαιον απικάφαμαν, being regenerated we immediately received Perfection. Ib. Barthζόμανοι—πελιμόμαθα, heing baptimed—we are made perfect. Ib. Katairan δι ανολλαχώς το τέρο τύτο, χάρισμα, κ) φύτισμα, κ) τίλαιον, κ) λάθρο ; this Work is called by many Names, Grace, Illumination, Perfection, and the Lawer.

1. Αύτθς, them.

\* Παρασκιύασου αξίως γιώσθαι τῆς επισμαθαῖς σε λαμαῖς, propore them that they may become worthy of thy spiritual Gift. Conft. Apoft. l. viii. c. 8. in the Prayer for the Competentes. Goar. Euch. p. 346. 'Οδήγασο εἰς αγιασμὸν τὰ Χριτῦ σα, conduct them to the Sanctification of the Christ. Clem. Alex. p. 113. Τιλιῦται Ν τῷ λυτεῷ μόνψ, κỳ τῷ επιύμαθε τῷ καθόδο αγιάζιται, he is perfected by the Lawer alone, and fanctified by the Defects of the Spirit.

4 Conft. Apost. in the Bidding-Prayer for the Competentes, Όπως δ Κόριω—

συκαθαλίξη

thering \* [165] into thy holy Church, which thou hast purchased by the precious Blood of thy only begotten Son our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ, with whom Thou art blessed and gloristed, together with thy most holy, and good, and life-giving Spirit, now and ever, World without end.

σο Raladika αὐτὰς μελά τῶν συζυμών is τὰ ἀγία αὐτὰ Bandagía, that the Lord would—number them with those that are faved in his holy Church. And in the Prayer itself after what is set down above follows, κὶ τῆς μελά τῶν συζομίων ἐπισνοαγωγῆς, of being gathered with those that are saved.

\* 1. Αὐτὰς, them:

#### NUMB. V.

The Prayer intitled Εὐχὴ τῦ ἰλασμῶ, which we have in the End of the Liturgy of St. James, and has been the Prayer for the Penitents.

Kueze Ingo Xezer, viè Të Geë Të (av-TG., " केम्मे में काममें" के क्षांहक्षा रिक्ष केम्प्रकृतिका τε κόσμε, ο το δάνκον τοῖς δυσί χρωφκλέταις χαρισάμθυ, κ τη άμαρολώ τω विकास के बंधवारी कार्म कर्म है केरे, वे निर्ध विकास Τῷ ઋલ્લુપ્રેગીય જે દેવાલા વધાવી છે જ્યા મને લેમાંσ τ αμαβιών αὐτῶ· ἀνες, ἀΦες, συχώεησον & Seds τα σλημμελήμα & ήμων" τα દેમઇનાન, જને નેમઇનામ જને દેર જુઓનનું જને દેર αίνοία τα οι παραβάσι κ) παρακοή γενό-थिएक द के निर्देश कर कार्यमर्थ ज्या के कार्यांका वंकांद करेंद्र केर्या क्र से, सेंगः वे नक्क शिक्षक क्र केंद्र देंग्डिट्स्कार जर्स्ट्रहरू Форы नेहर, में के कंजमार करिया रहें का विश्व कर है के कि διαδόλε έπλανηθήσου, ώτε όν λόξο, ή όν τρίο, बीपः चेष्ठवे प्रकार्यकृतः चेषांकारका, वे पर्ने वेर्तेकृ क्रेयविद्यास्ताः, ° જ્જારવસ્ત્રમાં મેં જે જે જે જાતા" મીટે હૈં જ્યાર્જી જ છે છે છે. λανθρωπίαν τῷ μὸν λόγφ λυθήναι, συλχωen जिल्ला के वर्ण का मुं क्ष्म में नमें किए के की मार्थ

O Lord Jesus Christ, the Son of the living God, a the Lamb and the Shepherd" who takest away the Sin of the World, who didst graciously remit to the two Debtors what they owed thee, and to the Woman who was a Sinner didst give the Pardon of her Sins, who with the Forgiveness of the Sins of the Paralytick didst grant him also a Cure of his Disease; remit, pardon, and forgive, O God, the Sins which b [we] have committed willingly or unwillingly, with Knowledge or through Ignorance, by Transgression and Disobedience, which thy most holy Spirit knows thy Servants to have been guilty of;" and wherein so ever, as Men clothed in Flesh, and Inhabitants of this World, or by the Fraud of the Devil they have been led aftray d from thy Commands" in Word or Deed, or if they have become obnoxious to any Curfe, or to any Imprecation upon themselves, 'I pray and beseech" thee of thy ineffable Love to Man that they may be absolved by thy Word, and re-

a 1. Houn's n' apoi, the Shepherd and the Lamb, as in Goar. Euch. Deek Goar. Euch. 1. As in Goar. waca the Man ou thus, about he Servants, in the Translation these Words must come in at (\*) inflead of rue, which is therefore put in Hooks. Deek Goar. I would rather incline to think this should be in the Plural, majorandiques of Manyala, we pray and heftech. See Note following.

κο τω σω αίαθοτη α. Ναι διασοτα Κύρμε ασάκεσον της διήσεως ε με υπες των δέλων σε, κὸ απάρμος αἰς αἰνησίκακ Θο τὰ ἐπρασμένα αὐτῶν ἄπαν α΄ ε συχώς νου αὐτος τὰ κὰ κάσιο "ἀπάλλος αὐτῶς τῆς αὐανίε κολάσεως. σὰ γὰρ

leased from the Oath, and Imprecation upon themfelves, according to thy great Goodness. Even so, O Lord, hear f my" Supplication for thy Servants, and as thou dost not delight in the Remembrance of Evil, overlook all their Offence, s forgive all their Sins voluntary and involuntary" and deliver them from eternal Punishment. For

This is in the Plural in Goar, where, our.

#### NUMB. VI.

"Υμν Έωθινος, M. S. Alex. Δόξα όν ύψίςοις Θεώ, Και έπι γης είρωη, Έν ανθρώποις εύδοκία. AITEMET OF, Εύλογεμέν σε, Heorewähir ot, Δοξολογέμφ σε, Εύχαι εξμέν σοι, Διλ τω μεγάλω σε δίξαν, Kues Bariden Ensegne, Ost warne warloxegrue Kueze vie moroyeres Inog Xelsi, Kai asiov Hyeupa. Kuese à Osos, Ο άμνος τε θικ 'Ο ὑιὸς τῶ Παીρὸς, 🖰 αίρων τας άμαθίας τέ κίσμε, 'Ελέησον ήμᾶς 'Ο αίρων τας αμαθίας τἒ κόσμε Πρόσδεξαι τω δέησιν ήμῶν. ပေ အသည်မှတ်ကြေး ငှာ ရှင်းမျှင်း အရှိခြေး လ Έλέησον ήμᾶς. Ότι σὺ ἐἶ μόν؈ ἄγιΦ. Σừ ở μόν Φ ΚύελΦ, 'Invis Xersos, Eis δόξαν Θεᾶ Παλεό:. 'Aμίω'.

Προσευχή Έωθινή, Conft. Apost. Doža če vylisou Ou, Kai ini yns eighun, Έν ανθρώποις εύδοκία. 'Αινθμέν σε, διμιθμέν σι, Ευλογεμέν σε, • Δοξολογεμέν σε Προσκιωθμεν σε, δια το μιγάλο αρχιιρίως σε τοι οιλα θιοι, αγέννηλου ένα, απρόσελου μόνου. Δια τω μεγάλω σε δόξαι, Kúess Baoidsű Έπυράνη, िश्चे सर्वार्श् स्वयंगी श्रम्बी गर्दा एक Kuese & Ocos 'O कबोमेर ग्रे Xessö, Τἒ ἀμώμε ἀμνἒ, 😘 αίζα τω άμαθίαν τε κόσμε, Πρόσδεξαι τω δίησιν ήμων 🖰 καθήμθρος έπι τῶν χερυδίμ. Ότι συ μόνΟν άγιΟν. Σὺ μέν Φ ΚύερΦ 'Ιησίζς, Χελτός τῦ θαῖ φάσης γαντής φύσιως, τἔ βασιλίως ήμων.

Δι & σοι δόξα, τιμή, κ σέζας.

### [ 109 ]

લે ο દેવταλάμθυ ήμεν λέων, ότι, ότα αν λύση ε έπι τ γης, έται λελυμέια εν πες ερανοίς ότι συ લે ο Θεος ήμων, Θεος τε ελεκιν κ σώζειν κ άφιεναι αμαρτίας δυμάμβω, κ πρέπει σοι ή δόξα στω τῷ ἀνάρχω Παθελ κ τῷ ζωοποιῷ Πνεύμαθι, νωῦ κ ἀκὶ, καὶ κς τὰς αἰωνας τῶν αἰώνων. Αμω.

thou art he who hast enjoin'd us, saying, whatsoever ye shall loose on Earth shall be loosed in Heaven; thou art our God, a God who hast Power to have mercy, to save, and to forgive Sins; and to Thee, with thy unoriginate Father, and life-giving Spirit, belongs Glory, now and ever, World without end. Amen.

#### NUMB. VI.

The Morning Hymn, M. S. Alex. Glory be to God in the Highest, And on Earth Peace, Good-will toward Men. We praise thee, We bless thee, We worship thee, We glorify thee, We give Thanks to thee,

For thy great Glory,
O Lord
Heavenly King,
God the Father Almighty:
O Lord the only begotten Son
Jesus Christ,
And holy Ghost.
O Lord God,
Lamb of God,
Son of the Father,
Who takest away the Sins of the World,
Have mercy upon us;

Thou that takest away the Sins of the World,

Receive our Prayer;
Thou that fittest at the right Hand
of the Father,

Have mercy upon us.

For thou only art holy,

Thou only art the Lord,

Jefus Christ

To the Glory of God the Father.

The Morning Prayer. Const. Apost.
Glory be to God in the Highest,
And on Earth Peace,
Good-will toward Men.
We praise thee, we sing Hymns to thee,
We bless thee,
We glorify thee,
We worship thee by the great High-Priest;
thee the true God, the one unbegotten, who alone

For thy great Glory,
O Lord
Heavenly King,
God the Father Almighty:

\*

art inaccessible,

•

O Lord God
The Father of Christ
The immaculate Lamb
Who takest away the Sin of the World,

\*

Receive our Prayer, Thou that sittest upon the Cherubim:

For thou only art holy,
Thou only art the Lord

Jesus, the Christ of the God of all created Nature, and our King.

By whom to thee be Glory, Honour and Worship.

### [ 110 ]

#### NUMB. VII.

I had, for my own Satisfaction, drawn out the Translation of this ancient Liturgy by itself, adding to it such Rubricks as appeared suitable, together with a few marginal Notes for illustrating some Particulars: And having shewn it to some worthy Friends, I was advised by them to insert it in the End of this Appendix, that the English Reader may have an easier and clearer View of it. And if he do not labour under great Prejudices, I am convinced he cannot fail to see how much it is preferable to any of our modern Forms.

AN

# O F F I C E

FOR THE

Sacrifice of the Holy Eucharist,

BEING THE

## ANCIENT LITURGY

OF THE

# Church of Jerusalem.

TO WHICH

PROPER RUBRICKS are added for Direction,

AND

Some few Notes at the Foot of the Page, &c.

.

.

# The ORDER for celebrating the Sacrifice of the HOLY EUCHARIST.

ONE but the \*Faithful are to be prefent at this Office. And if any of these shall fall into any Crime for which he ought to do Penance, the Pricst, having Knowledge thereof, shall prohibit him from approaching the holy Altar, until he have performed the same.

Likewise if the Priest shall perceive any Enmity or Hatred betwixt any of them, he shall not suffer them to be Partakers of the holy Eucharist, until he know them to be reconciled. And if one of the Parties so at Variance be content to forgive, from the Bottom of his Heart, all that the other hath trespassed against him, and to make amends for all that he himself hath offended; and the other will not be persuaded to a Reconciliation; the Priest in that Case ought to admit the Person thus willing to be reconciled, and not him that is obstinate. Provided that the Priest so repelling any, as is specified in this or the next precedent Paragraph, shall be obliged to give an Account of the same to the Bishop, within sourteen Days after at the farthest.

The Altar shall stand at the East end of the Church or Chapel: And at the time of celebrating the holy Eucharist shall have a fair white linen Cloth upon it.

Before the Service begin the † Deacon shall prepare so much Bread, Wine, and Water as he judgeth convenient; laying the Bread in the Paten, or in some decent Thing provided for that purpose; and putting the Wine into the Chalice, or into Flagons provided also for that Use; and the Water into some other proper Vessel: And shall place them upon the

\* Note, The Word Faithful is taken here in the primitive Sense, in opposition not only to Hearers and Unbelievers, but also to Catechumens and Penitents, and to all Hereticks and Schismaticks.

† Note, If there be no Deacon, what is in this Office ordered to be performed by him must be done by the Priest himself.

Prothesis, and cover them with a fair white linear Cloth.

¶ At the Beginning of the Eucharistick Service, the Priest standing at the Altar, and the People with their Faces towards it: [The Deacon shall bring ‡ Water to the Priest, who shall wash his Hands therein, faying,

I will wash my Hands in Innocency, and so will I compass thine Altar, O Lord.

Then] The Deacon, being turned to the People, shall fay with a loud Voice,

Let none of those who ought not to join in this Service stay.

Let none have ought against any one. Let none come in Hypocrify.

\* [Salute one another with the holy Kiss.

And let the Clergy falute the Bishop, or officiating Priest; and the Laity one another, the Men the Men, and the Women the Women.

Then the Priest being turned to the People shall fav.

The Peace of God be with you all.

Answ. And with thy Spirit.

Then the Deacon shall say,

Let us present our Offerings to the Lord with Reverence and godly Fear.

† This as it is an ancient, so is a very innocent and significant Ceremony: But where it cannot conveniently and decently be done, it may be omitted.

Note, This is not to be used but in such Churches or Chapels as are so ordered as that the Men and Women sit separate, as they ought to do. As to the Antiquity of it, there can be no question, since we find it so frequently mentioned in the Scriptures themselves.

Q Then.

Then + [shall the People kneel, and] ‡ "The Priest shall begin the Offertory, turning himself to the People, and saying one or more of these Sentences following, as he thinketh most convenient in his Discretion ||.

"In Process of Time it came to pass, that Cain brought of the Fruit of

"the Ground an Offering unto the Lord; and Abel he also brought of

" the Firstlings of his Flock, and of

" the Fat thereof: And the Lord had

" respect unto Abel and to his Offer-

" ing, but unto Cain and to his Offer-

" ing he had not respect. Gen. iv. 3,4,5. " Speak unto the Children of Israel,

"that they bring me an Offering: of

" every Man that giveth it willingly

" with his Heart, ye shall take my

" Offering. Ex. xxv. 2.

"They shall not appear before the

" Lord empty: Every Man shall give

" as he is able, according to the Bleff-

" ing of the Lord your God, which

" he hath given you. Deut. xvi. 16. "Give unto the Lord the Glory

" due unto his Name: Bring an Of-

" fering, and come into his Courts.

" Psal. xcvi. 8.

" If thou bring thy Gift to the Altar, and there remembrest that thy

† Note, That on all Lord's Days, and during all the Time between Easter and Pentecost, the Faithful are not to kneel, but to stand at Prayer, in memory of our Lord's Resurrection: See Tertul. de Coron. C. 3. Con. Nic. 1. can. 20. and Beverige's Notes upon it.

† Note, These Sentences of the Offertory, which are not in *Lit. Ja.* or any other of the ancient Liturgies (and are therefore included within these "" Marks) but are taken chiefly from the Liturgy composed for the Use of the Church of *Scotland*, and printed at *Edinb*. An. 1637. are inserted here as being very proper to stir up the People to offer willingly with a devout Heart.

Note, In Lit. 1. Edw. VI. the Sentences for the Offertory are directed to be fung by the Clerks.

" Brother hath ought against thee:
" Leave there thy Gift before the Al" tar, and go thy way, first be re" conciled to thy Brother, and then
" come and offer thy Gift. Matt. v.

' 23, 24.

"Treasures upon Earth, where Moth and Rust doth corrupt, and where Thieves do break through and steal: But lay up for yourselves Treasures in Heaven, where neither Moth nor Rust doth corrupt, and where Thieves do not break through nor steal. Matt. vi. 19, 20.

"He who foweth sparingly, shall reap sparingly: And he who soweth bountifully, shall reap bountifully. "Every Man as he purposes in his "Heart, so let him give, not grudg-"ingly, or of necessity: for God loveth

" a chearful Giver. 2 Cor. ix. 6, 7.
" Jesus sat over against the Trea-

" fury, and beheld how the People cast Money into the Treasury; and

" many that were rich cast in much:

" And there came a certain poor Wi-

dow, and she threw in two Mites,

" which make a Farthing. And he called unto him his Disciples, and

" faith unto them, Verily I say unto

vou, that this poor Widow hath cast

" more in than all they who have cast

" into the Treasury. Mark xii. 41,

" 42, 43.

"TWho goeth a Warfare at any time at his own Charges? Who planteth a Vineyard, and eateth not of the Fruit thereof? Or who feed-

" eth a Flock, and eateth not of the " Milk of the Flock? I Cor. ix. 7. " If we have fown unto you spiri-" tual Things, is it a great matter if " we shall reap your carnal Things? " 1 Cor. ix. 11. " Do ye not know, that they who

" minister about holy Things, live of " the Things of the Temple? And " they who wait at the Altar, are " Partakers with the Altar? Even so " hath the Lord ordained, that they " who preach the Gospel, should live " of the Gospel, 1 Cor. ix. 13, 14. " Let him that is taught in the "Word, communicate unto him that " teacheth in all good Things. Be not " deceived, God is not mocked; for " whatfover a Man foweth, that shall

" he also reap. Gal. vi. 6, 7. " ¶ Charge them that are rich in " this World that they be not high-" minded, nor trust in uncertain " Riches, but in the living God, who " giveth us richly all Things to enjoy: "That they do good, that they be " rich in good Works, ready to distri-" bute, willing to communicate, lay-" ing up in store for themselves a good " Foundation against the time to come, " that they may lay hold on eternal " Life. 1 Tim. vi. 17, 18, 19. "God is not unrighteous, to forget

" ye have shewed toward his Name, " in that ye have ministred to the " Saints, and do minister. Heb. vi. 1-0. "Whilst these Sentences are reading" the Deacon, or (if there be no Deacon) any other fit Person appointed for that Purpose, shall receive the free-will

" your Work and Labour of Love, which

Offerings of the People, in a decent Basin provided for that purpose. And that no one may neglect to come to the holy Eucharist, by reason of having but little to give, the Person who collects the Offerings shall cover the Basin with a fair white linen Cloth, so that neither he himself, nor any other may see or know what any particular Person offers. And when all have offered, he shall reverently bring the said Basin with the Oblations therein, and deliver it to the Priest, who shall humbly present and place it upon the Altar, " faying, Blessed be thou, O

" Lord God, for ever and ever. Thine,

"O Lord, is the Greatness, and the " Power, and the Glory, and the Ma-

" jesty; for all that is in the Heaven " and in the Earth is thine: All things

" come of Thee; and of thine own do

" we give unto Thee."

Then shall the Deacon go to the Prothesis, and having mixed the Wine and Water, he shall bring the Bread and mixed Wine to the Priest, who shall reverently place them upon the Altar.

Then the Priest having first prayed secretly for a short Space, shall turn to the People, and signing himself with the Sign \* of the Cross upon the Forehead, shall say,

## + The Grace of our Lord Jesus Christ, and the Love of God, and the

\* They must be great Strangers to Antiquity who do not know that the Sign of the Cross was used by the primitive Christians from the apostolical Age downward, not only in the facred Mysteries of Rcligion, but even in the ordinary Occurrences of Life. See Tertul. de Coron. c. 3. ad Uxor. 1. 2. c. 5. de Resur. Carn. c. 8. S. Cyprian. Ep. 73. S. Cyril. Catech. 4. §. 10. Catech. 13. §. 18. S. Basil. de Sp. Sanct. c. 27. Chrysoft. Hom. 55. in Matth. Lactan. de Mort. Persec. c. 10. &c. And no serious and judicious Christian, who founds his Belief on rational Evidence, can disregard, far less oppose the venerable Usages univerfally received in the first and purest Ages immediately fucceeding the Apostles, and which the Catholick Church could not then have been so agreed in, had they not been undoubtedly derived from apostolical Tradition.

+ In Lit. Ja. it is The Love of the Father, the Grace of the Son, and the Communion of the Holy Ghost be with you all.

 $Q^2$ 

Communion

Communion of the Holy Ghost be with you all.

And with thy Spirit.

Lift up your Hearts.

Peop. We lift them up unto the Lord. Pr. Let us give Thanks unto the Lord. Prop. It is meet and right so to do. Then the Priest shall turn to the Altar, and say,

It is very meet, right, and our bounden Duty to praise Thee, to bless Thee, to worship Thee, to glorify Thee, to give Thanks unto Thee, the Maker of all Creatures visible and invisible, the Treasure of ‡ all" good Things; the Fountain of Life and Immortality; the God and Governor of the Universe: To whom the Heaven and the Heaven of Heavens sing Praise, with all their Hosts: The Sun and Moon, and the whole Choir of Stars: The Earth and Sea, and all Things that are in them: The Angels, Archangels, Dominions, Principalities, Thrones, Authorities, and tremendous Powers: The many-eyed Cherubim, and the Seraphim with fix Wings, who with twain cover their Faces, and with twain their Feet, and with twain they fly, crying one to another with never-ceasing Voices, and uninterrupted Shouts of Praise, and saying,

Here the People shall join with the Priest, and say, Holy, Holy, Holy, Lord of \* Sabaoth, Heaven and Earth are full of thy Glory.

Hosanna in the Highest: Blessed be he that cometh in the Name of the Lord; Hosanna in the Highest.

In Lit. Ja. eternal. . i. e. Hofts, or Armies.

Then the Priest shall say,

Holy art thou, O eternal King, and the Giver of all Holiness: Holy is thine only-begotten Son, our Lord Jesus Christ, by whom thou madest the Worlds: Holy also is thy holy Spirit, who fearcheth all Things, even the Depths of Thee, O God. Holy art Thou, who rulest over all, almighty and good God, terrible, yet full of Compassion: But especially indulgent to the Workmanship of thy own Hands; for thou didst make Man, formed out of the Earth, after thy own Image, and graciously gavest him the Enjoyment of Paradise: And when he had lost his Happiness by transgressing thy Commandment, thou of thy Goodness didst not despise nor abandon him; but didst discipline him as a merciful Father, and train him up by the Pedagogy of the Law and the prophets: And last of all thou didst send thine own only-begotten Son, our Lord Jesus Christ, into the World, that by his Coming he might renew thy Image in us: Who descended from Heaven, and was incarnate by the Holy Ghost of the Virgin Mary, conversed with Mankind, and directed his whole Dispensation to our Salvation. And when the Hour was come, that he who had no Sin, was to suffer a voluntary and lifegiving Death upon the Cross for us. Sinners, in the same Night that he was betrayed, or rather offered up himfelf for the Life and Salvation of the World, taking Bread in-\* Here the to his holy and immaculate Priest is to take the Paten into Hands, looking up to Hea- his Hands.

ven and presenting it to Thee his God and Father, he gave Thanks, sanctified,

And here and brake it, and gave to break the it to his Disciples, saying Bread.

And here Take, eat, THIS IS MY to lay his Hands upon all BO+DY which is broken the Bread. and given for you: For the Remission of Sins.

In like manner after Supper he took 4 Here he is the 4 Cup, and having \* to take the mixed it of Wine and Wa-Chalice into his Hands. ter he gave Thanks, sanctified, and bleffed it, and gave it to his Disciples, saying, Drink ye all of this, • And here THIS IS MY BLO + OD Hands upon e. of the New Testament, to lay his very Vessel in which is shed and given for which there is any Wine to be you and for many, for the confecrated. Remission of Sins. Do this in Remembrance of me.

Wherefore in Commemoration of his life-giving Paffion, falutary Cross, Death, Burial, and Resurrection from the Dead on the third Day, his Ascenfion in into Heaven, and Sitting at the right Hand of Thee his God and Father, and ± looking for" his fecond glorious and terrible Advent, when he shall come again with Glory to judge the Quick and the Dead, and shall render to every one according to his Works, we Sinners offer to Thee, O Lord, this tremendous and unbloody Sacrifice:

Beseeching Thee, that thou wouldst not deal with us after our Sins, nor reward us after our Iniquities; but according to thy Clemency and ineffable Love to Mankind overlooking and blotting out the Hand-writing that is against us thy Servants, wouldst grant us thy heavenly and eternal good Things; for thy People and thine Inheritance make their Supplications unto Thee: Have Mercy upon us, O Lord God, Almighty Father, have Mercy upon us according to thy great Mercy, and fend down thy holy Spirit upon us, and upon these Gifts which are here fet before Thee, that by his Descent upon them, he may make this \* Bread the holy BO+DY Prieft shall lay of thy Christ, and this Cup on all the the precious BLO+OD of thy Christ; that they upon the Chamay be to all who partake of them, for the Sanctifi- which there is cation of Soul and Body,

And here lice, and every Veffel in

his Hands up-

for bringing forth the Fruit of good Works, for Remission of Sins, and for Life everlasting.

We offer to Thee, O Lord, for the holy Catholick and Apostolick Church throughout the whole World; do thou now also plentifully furnish her with the rich Gifts of thy holy spirit.

Remember, O Lord, the holy Bishops in the same, [especially thy Servant N. our Bishop] \* endow them. with Wisdom, and fill them with the holy Ghost" + that they may" rightly divide the Word of thy Truth.

<sup>\*</sup> The Testimonies of the Mixture of Water and Wine in the Eucharist are so many, and so early, as plainly prove it to be an apostolical Practice and Tradition, and consequently derived from Christ himfelf. See Just. M. Apol. 1. p. 125, 128, 131. Iren. 1. iv. c. 57. l. v. c. 2. Clem. Alex. Ped. l. ii. c. z. Cyprian. Ép. 63. Con. Carth. 3. can. 24. Con. Aurel. 4. can. 4. Lit. Clem. Mar. Bas. &c.

<sup>1</sup> This is added from Lit. Mar.

<sup>\*</sup> This is added from Lit. Clem.

<sup>†</sup> In Lit. Ja. who.

\* Remember, O I ord, according to the Multitude of thy Mercies and Compassions, me thy unworthy and unprofitable Servant, and all the Presbyters and Deacons who compass thy holy Altar, grant to those an unblameable Presbyterate, and preserve these unspotted in their Ministry, and purchase for them good Degrees.

+ Remember, O Lord, all Kings and Princes whom thou hast appointed to reign upon Earth, and especially thy Servant our King, and all in Authority; establish their Kingdoms in Peace, and incline their Hearts to be favourable to thy Church, that in their Tranquillity we may lead a quiet and peaceable Life in all Godliness and Honesty.

Remember, O Lord, this City [or, this Diocese], and every City and Country, with all the Faithful that dwell in them; preserve them in Peace and Sasety.

Remember, O Lord, our Christian Brethren that travel by Sea or by Land, or are in foreign Countries; that are in Chains or Imprisonment; that are in Captivity or Banishment ‡ or in hard Slavery.

Remember, O Lord, those that are fick or diseased, [especially—] and such as are insested with unclean Spirits; and make haste to heal and deliver them.

Remember, O Lord, every Christian Soul under Affliction, or Calamity, and who stand in need of thy divine Mercy and Help.

Remember also the Conversion of those that are in Error.

- \*[Remember, O Lord, the Catechumens, and perfect them in the Faith.]
- \* [Remember, O Lord, our Brethren who are in the State of Penance, accept their Repentance, and forgive both them and us whatever Offences we have committed against Thee.]

Remember, O Lord, those who + minister to us for thy holy Name's Sake.

Remember all, O Lord, for good: Have Mercy upon all, O Lord; be reconciled to us all: Settle the Flocks of thy People in Peace: Remove all Scandals: Make Wars to cease: Put a stop to the Violence of Heresies: † Heal the Schisms of the Churches: And grant us thy Peace and Love, O God, our Saviour, and the Hope of all the Ends of the Earth.

Remember, O Lord, to grant us temperate Weather, moderate Showers, pleasant Dews, and Plenty of the Fruits of the Earth; and to bless the whole Circle of the Year with thy Goodness: For the Eyes of all hope in Thee, and thou givest them Food in due Season; thou openest thy Hand and fillest every living Creature with thy gracious Bounty.

<sup>\*</sup> This Petition which in Lit. Ja. comes in afterwards, is inferted in this Place, that the Prayers for the Clergy may all come together as in Lit. Clem.

<sup>†</sup> The Petition, which is wanting in Lit. Ja. is here supplied from the other Liturgies.

<sup>‡</sup> In Lit. Ja. is added here, in the Mines, under Torture.

<sup>\*</sup> These two Petitions are added from Lit. Clem. and are only to be said when there are any Cate-chumens, or Penitents.

<sup>†</sup> In Lit. Ja. is added here, Labour and.

<sup>†</sup> This is added from Lit. Bas.

Remember, O Lord, all who bring forth Fruit and do good Works in thy holy Churches, and who are mindful of the Poor: The Widows, Orphans, Strangers, and indigent Persons; and all who desire to be remembred in our Prayers.

Vouchsafe also, O Lord, to remember those who have this Day offered these Oblations at thy holy Altar, and for whom, \* or for what Ends" every one has offered, or has in his Thoughts, [and those whose Names we have lately read before Thee.]

+ And grant that we may all find Mercy and Favour, with all thy Saints, who from the Beginning of the World have pleased Thee in their several Generations, Patriarchs, Prophets, Apostles, Martyrs, and every just Spirit made perfect in the Faith of thy Christ, [particularly N. whom we this Day commemorate.]

† Here the Priest shall pause a while, he and the People secretly recommending those departed whom each thinks proper.

And then the Priest shall go on as follows,

Remember, O Lord, the God of Spirits and of all Flesh, those whom we have remembred, and those also whom we have not remembred from righteous Abel even unto this Day:

Do thou give them || Rest in the Re-

This is added from Lit. Baf.

† Here the Petition which is inferted above p. 118.

† Of old the Deagon read the Names contained in the Diptychs; instead of which this Rubrick is inserted.

Prayers for the Dead, especially at the holy Altar, is so very early a Practice of the primitive Church, that undoubtedly it must have been derived from apostolical Tradition. See Tertul. de Coran. c. 3.

gion of the Living, in the Bosoms of our holy Fathers Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob, whence Sorrow, Grief, and Lamentation are banished away, where the Light of thy Countenance visits, and shines continually; + And vouchsafe to bring them to thy heavenly Kingdom." And dispose the End of our Lives, O. Lord, in Peace, that they may be Christian, well pleasing to Thee, and free from Sin; gathering us with thine Elect: Through thy only begotten Son, our Lord, and God, and Saviour Jesus Christ, for he alone appeared without Sin upon the Earth; through whom, and with whom, Thou art bleffed and glorified, together with thy Holy Spirit, now and ever, World without end.

And all the People shall fay with a loud Voice.

Amen.

Then shall the Priest turn to the People, and say, Peace be with you all.

de Monog. c. 10. de Exhort. Cast. c. 11. Cypr. Ep. P. 12, 39. Orig. l. 9. in Rom. xii. Arnob. l. 4. p. 152. Cyril. Myst. Catech. 5. 6. 6. &c. and all the ancient Liturgies. It is founded on that plain Scripture-Doctrine of an intermediate State betwixt Death and the Resurrection; and that the Righteons are not to receive their Crown of Reward (2 Tim. iv. 8.) nor to enter into the Joy of their Lord in the Kingdom of Heaven, till the Resurrection and Judgment (Matth. 2xv. 19, 20-31-34.) And that though they are to he judged according to their Works, yet there is Mercy to be found of the Lord in that Day, (2 Tim. i. 18.) else if God should enter into strict Judgment with his Servants, no Man could be justified in his Sight. This Prayer here is not to be so understood: as if none of those here commemorated were as yet in Rest in the Region of the Living; but as an Acknowledgment that their present Happiness is the free Gift of God, not due to their Nature or their Merit; to congratulate the fame; and to wish the Increase of it; and the final Consummation of their Blis at the last Day.

† These Words, which it is probable have been casually omitted in Lie. Ja. are here added from Lie. Mar.

Answ. And with thy Spirit. Then shall the Deacon say,

Let us again and again pray to the Lord.

Let us pray for the Gifts which are offered to the Lord God; that the Lord our God, receiving them upon his heavenly Altar for a sweet-smelling Sayour, would send down upon us the divine Grace, and the Gift of his holy Spirit.

Answ. Lord have Mercy \*.

Deac. Let us pray for the Tranquillity of the whole World: And for the Peace of the holy Churches of God.

Answ. Lord have Mercy.

+ Deac. Let us pray for the whole Episcopate, for all the Presbyters and Deacons in Christ, and for the whole Body of the Church; that the Lord would keep and preserve them all.

Answ. Lord have Mercy.

† Deac. Let us pray for Kings and all in Authority; that our Affairs may be in Peace.

Answ. Lord have Mercy.

Deac. Let us pray for those who have this Day offered these Gifts, and for whom, ‡ or for what Ends" every one has offered, or has in his Thoughts, and for all the People that stand about the Altar; for the Remission of our Sins, and the Propitiation of our Souls.

Answ. Lord have Mercy.

Deac. Let us pray for every Soul that is in Affliction or Calamity, and

\* Note, The Deacon is to pause a little after every Response, to allow the People time for short Ejaculations,

† These two Petitions are added from Lit. Clem.

† This is added from Lit. Bas. as above, p. 119.

1. 2.

stands in need of the Mercy and Help of God: For the Conversion of those that are in Error: For Health to the Sick: For Deliverance to the Captives: And for \* Rest to our Fathers and Brethren who have gone before us.

Answ Lord have Mercy.

Deac. Let us all earnestly say, Lord have Mercy.

Answ. Lord have Mercy. Then shall the Priest say,

Vouchsafe us, O Lord, thou Lover of Men, with Freedom, without Condemnation, and with a pure Conscience, to call upon Thee, the holy God who art in the Heavens, as our Father, and say,

Here the People shall join with the Priest.

Our Father who art in Heaven, hallowed be thy Name. Thy Kingdom come. Thy Will be done on Earth, as it is in Heaven. Give us this Day our daily Bread. And forgive us our Trespasses, as we forgive them that trespass against us. And lead us not into Temptation: But deliver us from evil. Amen.

Then shall the Priest turn to the People, and say, Peace be with you all.

Answ. And with thy Spirit.

Deacon.

Let us bow down our Heads unto the Lord.

Answ. To Thee, O Lord.

Then the Priest turning to the Altar, shall say,

We thy Servants, O Lord, bow

down our Necks to Thee, before thy

\* Rev. vi. 9, 10, 11. Ifa. xxvi. 20. Clem. Rom. Ep. 1. c. 50. 4 Efdr. iv. 35, 36. Heb. iv. Barnab. Ep. c. 15. Iren. l. v. c. 30. p. 450. col. 2. and c. 33. p. 454. col. 1. 2 Theff. 1. 7.

holy

holy Altar, in Expectation of thy rich Mercies: Send down upon us, O Lord, thine abundant Grace and Benediction; and fanctify our Souls and Bodies, that we may be made worthy to be Communicants and Partakers of thy holy Mysteries, for the Remission of our Sins, and for Life everlasting: For to Thee, our God, belongs Adoration and Glory, and to thy only begotten Son, and Holy Spirit, now and for ever. Amen.

Then the Priest turning to the People, shall say, Grace be with you all.

Answ. And with thy Spirit.

Let us attend in the Fear of God.

Holy Things for holy Persons.

People.

There is one holy, one Lord Jesus Christ, to the Glory of God the Father, to whom be Glory for ever.

Then shall the Priest receive the Encharist in both Kinds himself: And then proceed to deliver the same in like manner to other Priests and Deacons, if any be present, in order, into their Hands.

And when he receiveth, or delivereth the Sacrament of the Body, he shall say,

The Body of Christ.

And the Person receiving shall say,

Amen.

And when he receiveth, or delivereth the Cup, he shall say,

The Blood of Christ.

And the Person receiving shall say,

Amen.

After all the Clergy have communicated, the officiating Prieft, or according to his Direction, any, or all of the Priefts, or Deacons there prefent, shall administer the Eucharist in both Kinds to the People, in order, into their Hands, according to the Form above prescribed. Whilst the Faithful are communicating, Pfalm xxxiv. and cxlv. may be sung.

When all have communicated, what remaineth of the confecrated Elements shall be reverently placed upon the Altar, and covered with a fair linen Cloth.

Then the Deacon, being turned to the People, shall fay,

Let us give Thanks to God that he hath vouchsafed to make us Partakers of the Body and Blood of Christ, for Remission of Sins, and for Life everlasting. And let us pray to him that he would keep us unblameable, as he is good and a Lover of Men.

Then the Priest, standing before the Altar, shall

O God, who of thy great and inexpressible Love to Man, dost condescend to the Weakness of thy Servants; We give Thanks to Thee, that thou hast vouchsafed to make us Partakers of this heavenly Table: Let not the receiving of thy unspotted Mysteries be to the Condemnation of us Sinners: but keep us, good God, in the Sanctification of thy holy Spirit; that being made holy, we may obtain a Part and Inheritance with all thy Saints, who have pleased Thee from the Beginning of the World; through the Mercies of thy only begotten Son, our Lord, and God, and Saviour Jesus Christ, with whom, and thy holy Spirit, Thou art bleffed, now and for ever, World without end. Amen.

Then the Deacon, being turned to the People, shall say,

Let us bow down our Heads to the

Then the Priest shall say the following Benediction, the People bowing their Heads.

O God, great and wonderful, look upon thy Servants, who bow down R their

See Cyril. Myft. Catecb. v. §. 18, 19, comp. with Lit. Clem.

their Necks unto Thee: Stretch forth thy powerful Hand, full of Bleffings, and bless thy People. Preserve thine Inheritance, that we may continually glorify Thee, for ever, the only living and true God: For to Thee, O Father, belongs Glory, Honour, Adoration, and Thanksgiving; and to thy Son; and holy Spirit, now and ever.

And all the People shall answer,

Amen.

Then, after a Paule, the Deacon shall say to the People,

## Depart in Peace.

The holy Eucharist shall be celebrated on every Sunday, and on every other Festival at least for which a proper Epistle and Gospel are appointed: And every Priest shall then either administer or receive the same, except he be hindred by some urgent and reasonable Cause; or cannot get two Persons to communicate with him: For there shall be no Celebration of the Eucharist, except two Persons at least communicate with the Priest.

And to the end that all the Faithful may constantly frequent it, every Priest shall diligently inform the People of the Nature and Importance of this holy Mystery; and inculcate upon them the great Advantage and Necessity of frequent Communion. He shall

also exhort them not to negled coming often to God's Altar, because they have but little to give at the Offertory; for he shall instruct them, that provided they frequent the Christian Sacrifice, their Offering will be accepted by God, though it be never so little, if it be given according to their Abilities, with a chearful and devout Heart.

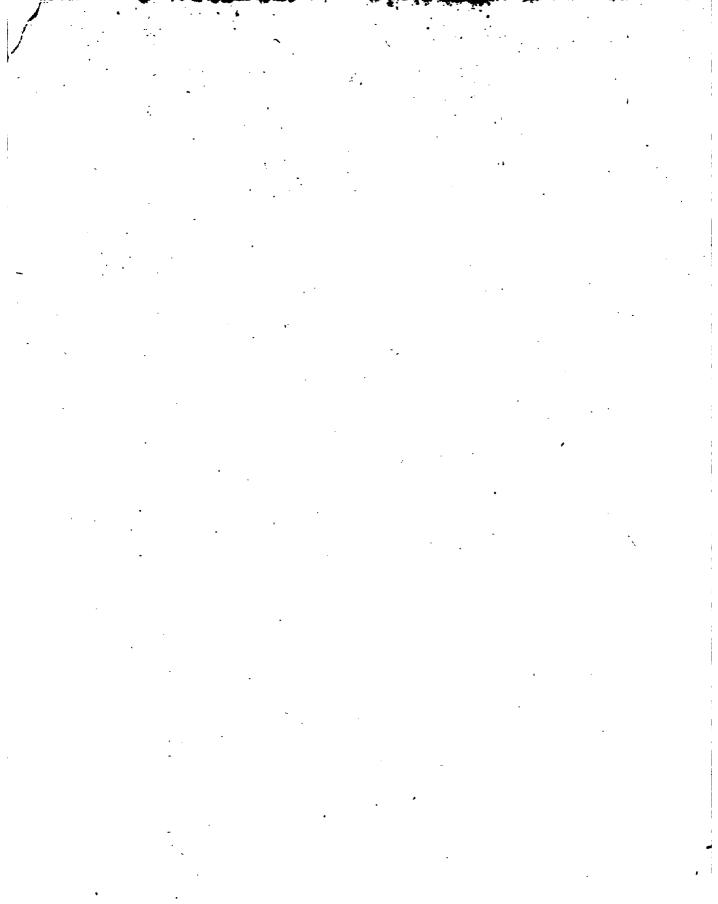
The Priest shall always consecrate more than is necessary for the Communicants; and he shall carefully reserve so much of the consecrated Elements as shall serve for the Use of the Sick, or other Persons who for any urgent Cause cannot come to the publick Service.

And if, after that, any of the confecrated Elements remain, the officiating Priess, with other Priess and Deacons, if any be present, and with such other of the Communicants as he shall call unto him, shall reverently receive them. Always observing that some of the confecrated Elements be constantly referved in the Vestry, or some other convenient Place in the Church, under a safe Lock; in case of any sudden Emergency, wherein they may be wanted. But he shall take Care that they never be too long kept, but renewed from Time to Time.

The Money given at the Offertory, being the freewill Offerings of the People to God, and folemally devoted to him: the Priest shall take so much out of it as will destray the Charge of the Bread and Wine: And the remainder he shall keep, or part of it, or dispose of it, or part of it, to pious or charitable Uses, according to the Direction of the Bishop.

## FINIS.





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